

1. Abstract

**Certification Passive House Designer - Passivhaus / Certificate Extension
On the basis of a project Passiv House example**

Passivhaus Documentation



Figure 1 : Building appearance

Building 285 boulevard Rémi Belleau in Saint Raphaël, ID : 7361

Consultant	Mme. Boulot	https://www.solares-bauen.fr/
Design office	Solares Bauen	https://www.solares-bauen.fr/
Architect	Jean-Pascal Clément architecte	https://www.jparchi.com/
Builder	AEI Promotion immobilière	https://aeipromotion.com/

Within this collective residential building, one can discover a well-balanced distribution of 11 housing units across four levels (R+3). The project management is entrusted to AEI Promotion, while the architectural design is the work of Jean Pascal Clément, thus marking the creation of a substantial structure.

This building has been developed with a compact approach while making ample use of natural light through windows oriented to the South, East, and West.

Year of construction	2021	Space heating	10.8 kWh/(m ² .yr)
U-value external wall	0.152 W/(m ² K)		
U-value floor	0.168 W/(m ² K)	Primary Energy Renewable (PER)	46 kWh Ep-R/(m ² SRE.yr)
U-value roof	0.150 W/(m ² K)	Generation of renewable energy	0 kWh EF/(m ² SOL.yr)
U-value window	1.66 W/(m ² K)	Non-renewable Primary Energy (PE)	86 kWhEP/(m ² TFA.yr)
Heat recovery	83%	Pressure test n50	0.4
Special features	Exterior insulation		

SUMMARY

1. Abstract	1
1. Facade photos	4
2. Interior photos	4
3. Sections plans	5
4. Plans	6
5. Construction details of the foundations	9
6. Construction details of external walls	10
7. Roof construction	11
8. Windows and windows installations	12
9. Airtightness of the building envelope	15
10. Design of the ventilation system	16
11. Air handling unit (AHU)	18
12. Domestic Hot Water (DHW)	19
13. Heating and cooling system	20
14. Brief descriptions of the PHPP results (verification sheet)	21
15. Cost of the building	21
16. Building's cost	21

1. Facade photos



Figure 1 : North-East facades



Figure 2 : South-West facades

2. Interior photos

To illustrate the project, a photo of one of the main living spaces is presented :



Figure 3 : Kitchen

3. Sections plans

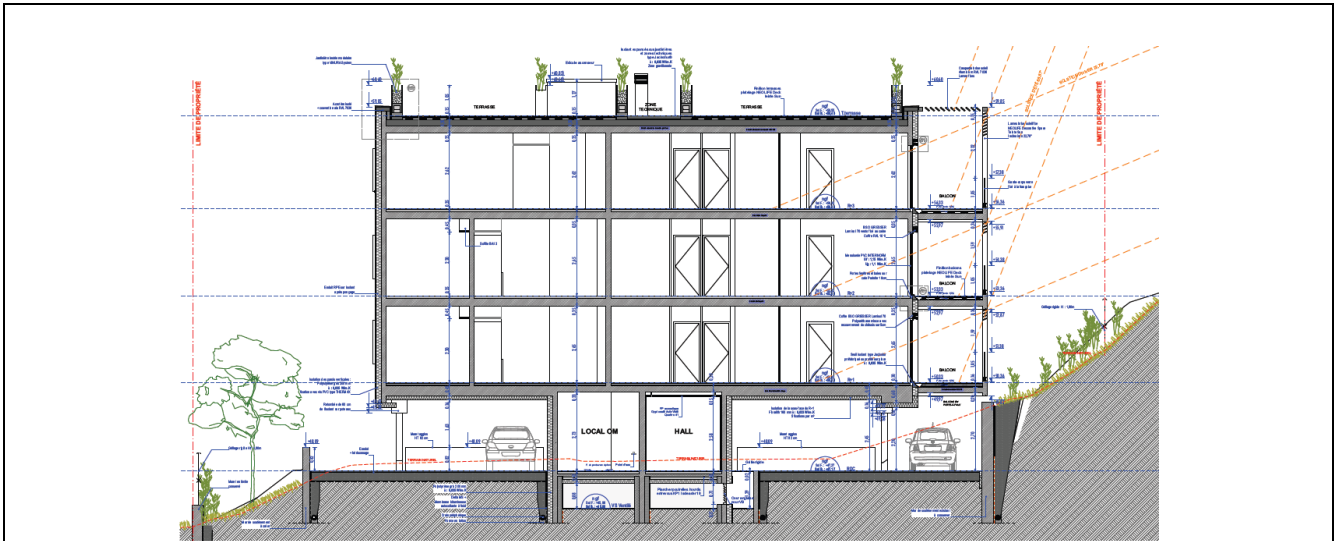


Figure 3 : AA Section

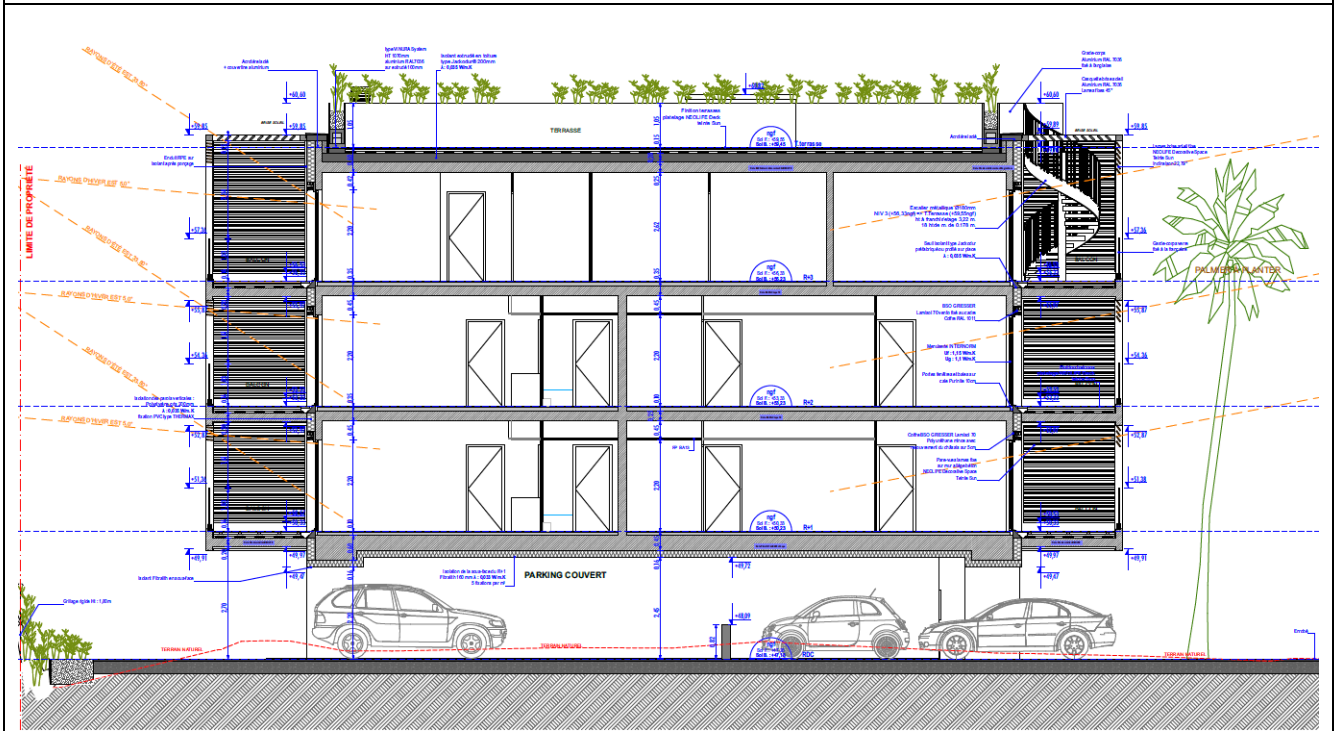


Figure 4 : BB Section

In the sections above, it can be observed that the external insulation limits the presence of thermal bridges.

4. Plans

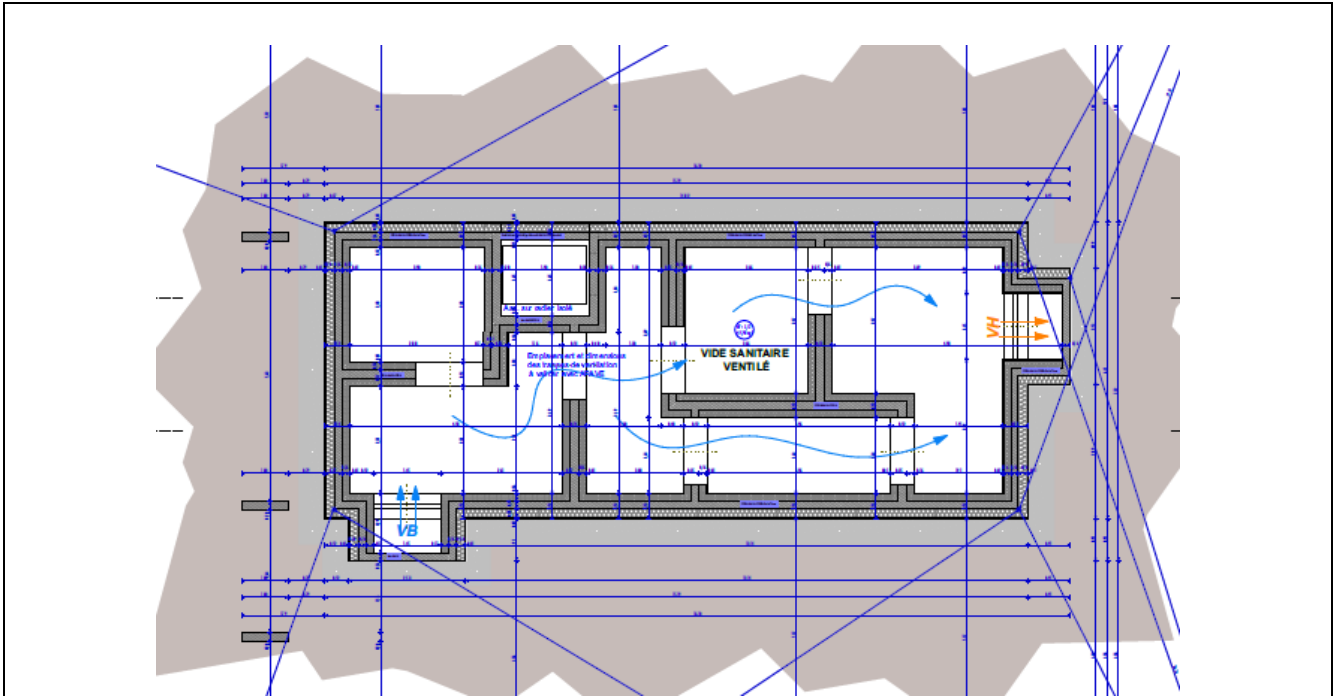


Figure 5 : Crawl space plan

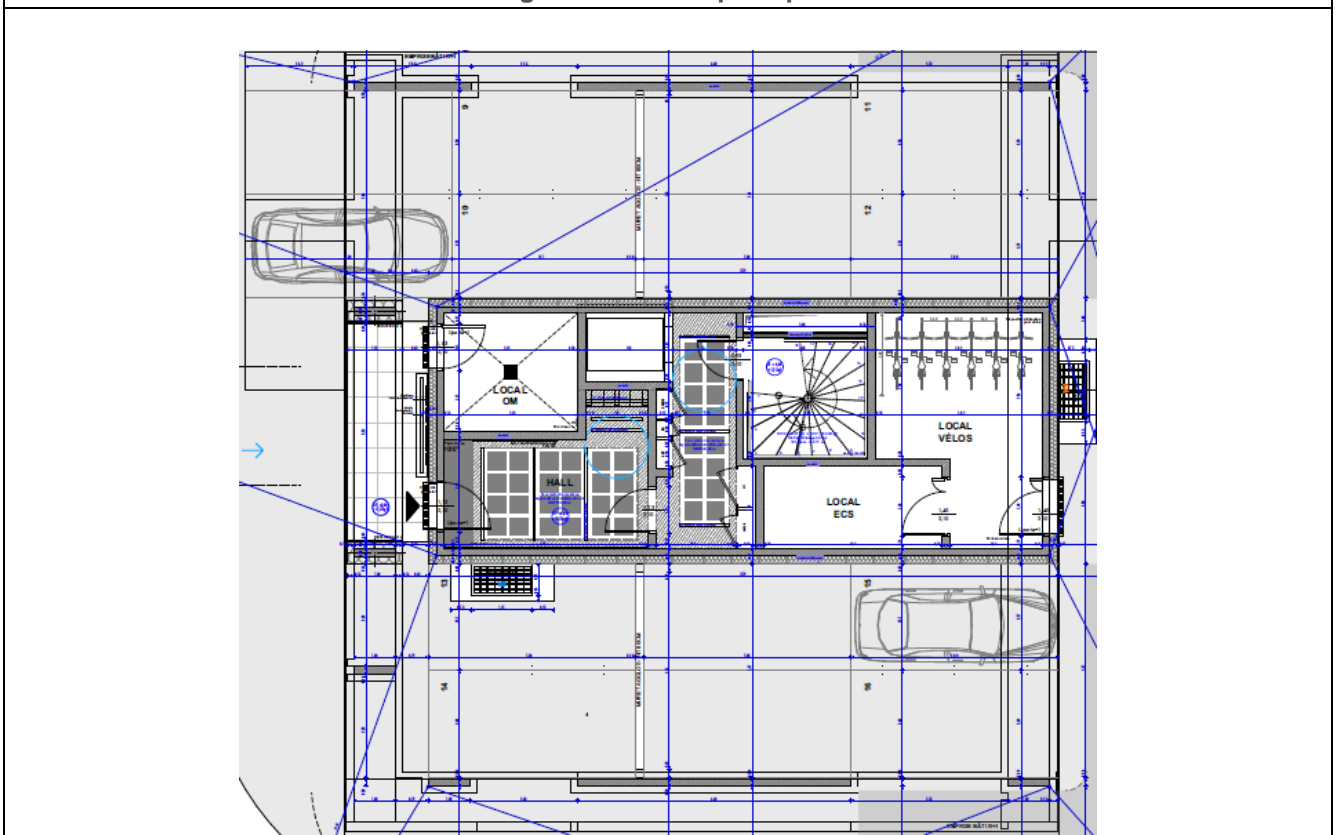


Figure 6 : Ground floor plan

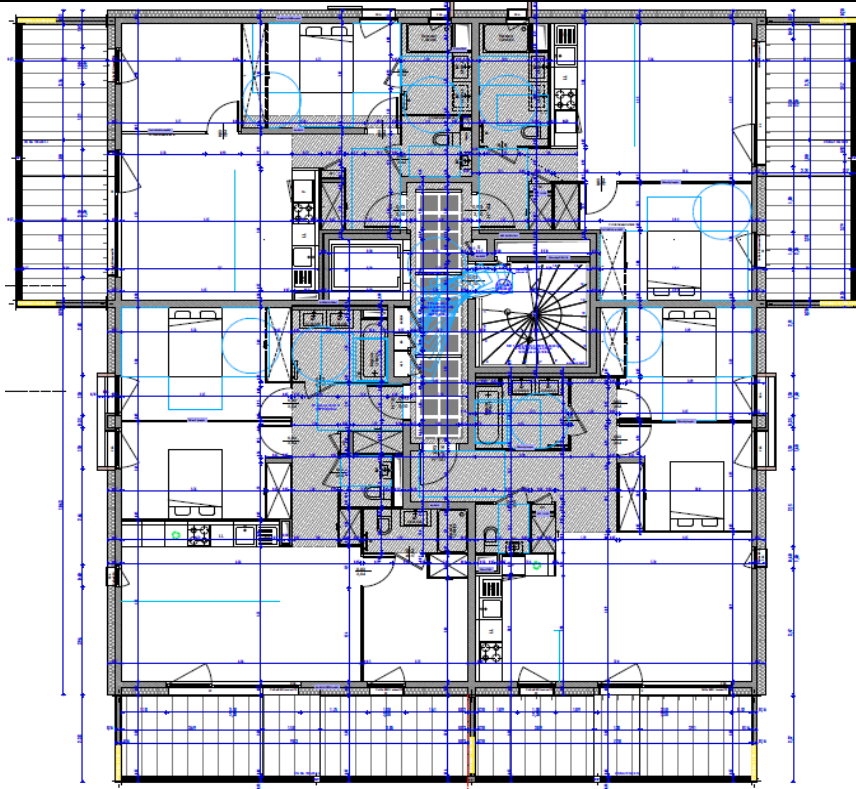


Figure 7 : 1st floor plan

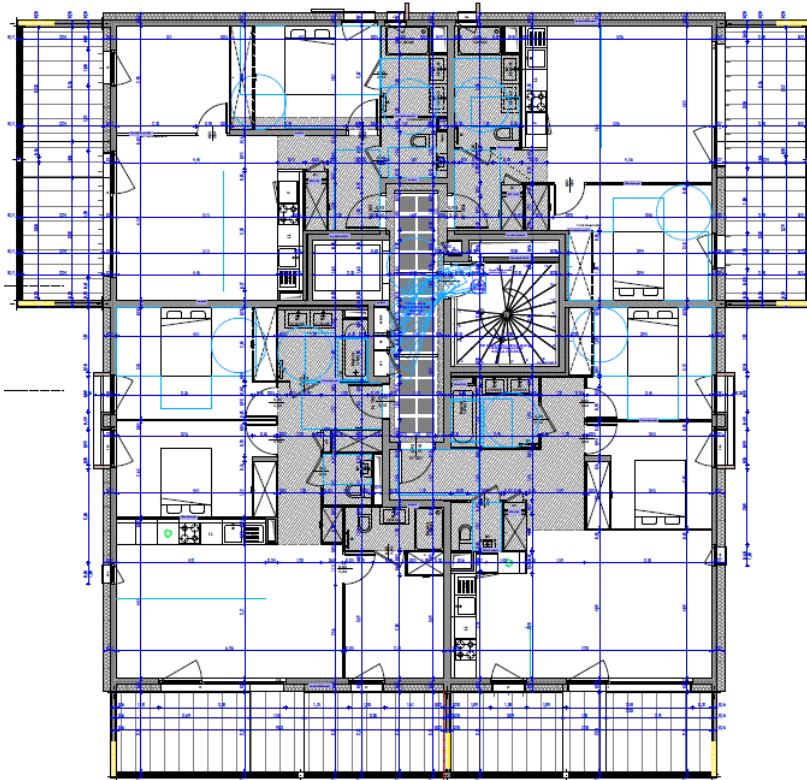


Figure 8 : 2nd floor plan

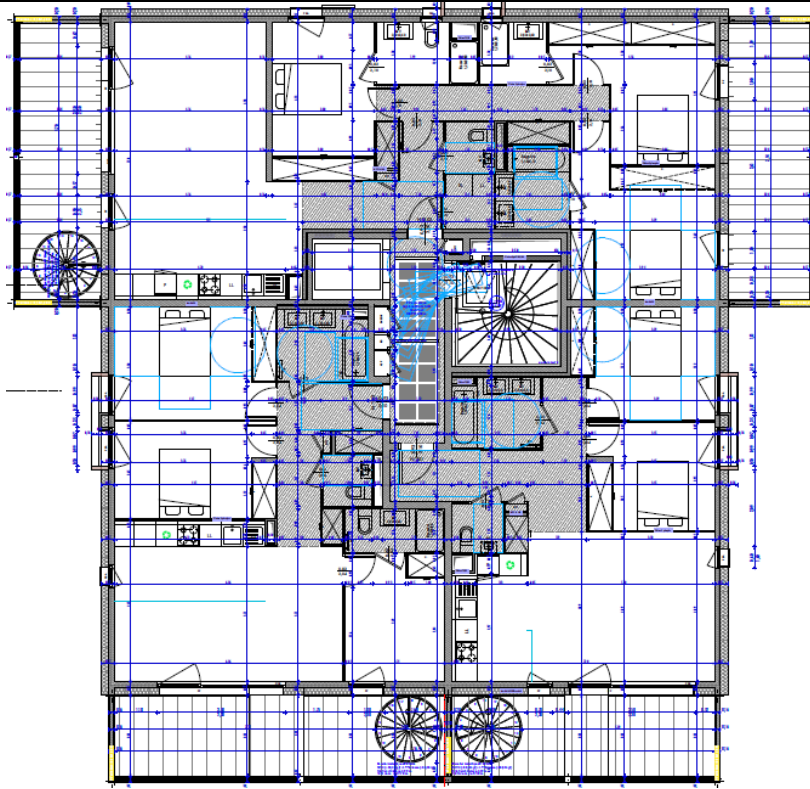


Figure 9 : 3rd floor plan

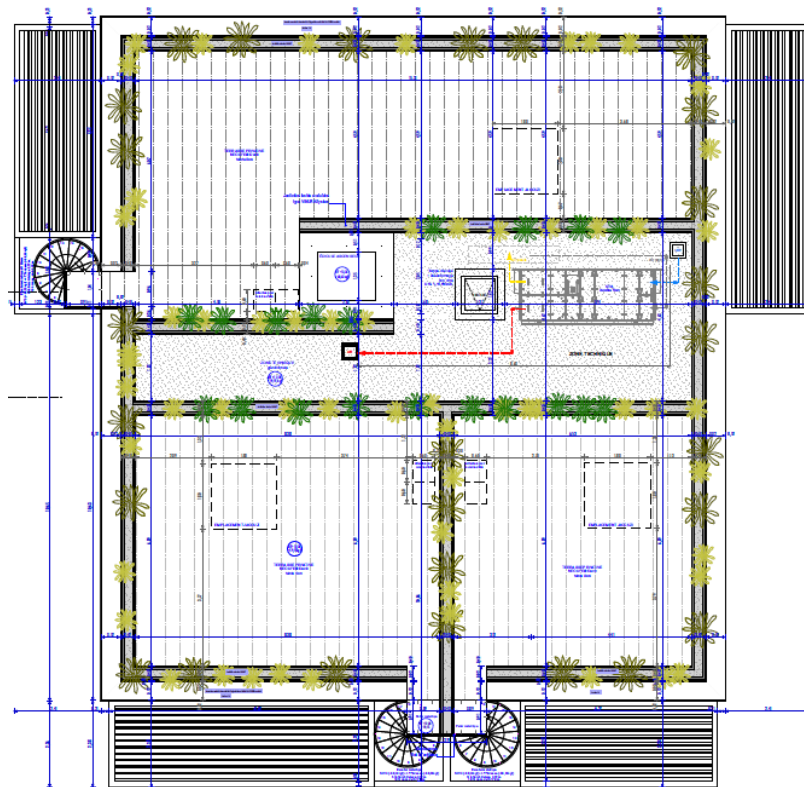
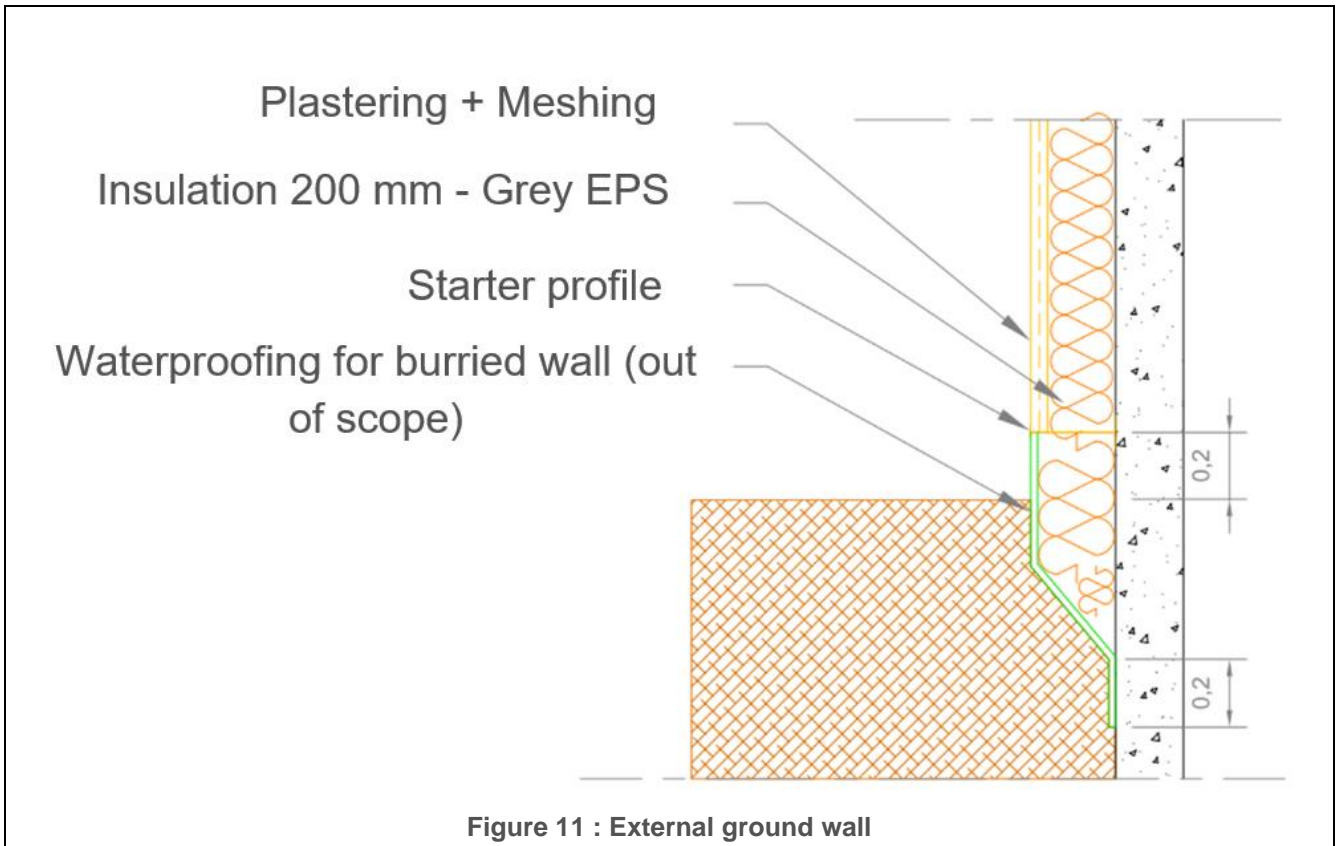


Figure 10 : Roof plan

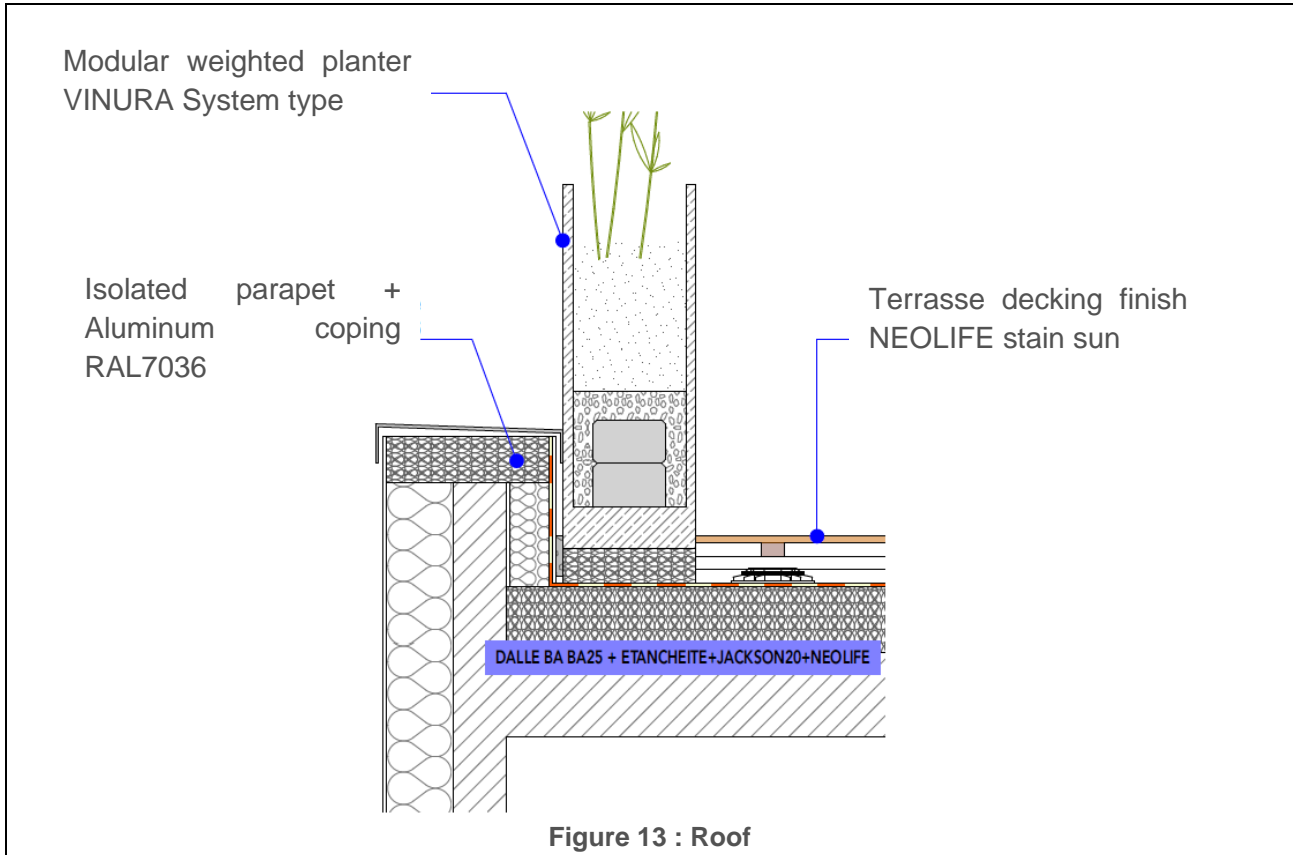
5. Construction details of the foundations



The exterior ground wall is insulated from the outside with 200 mm of TH35 polystyrene insulation. On the sketch above, one can observe buried insulation, ensuring better insulation performance.

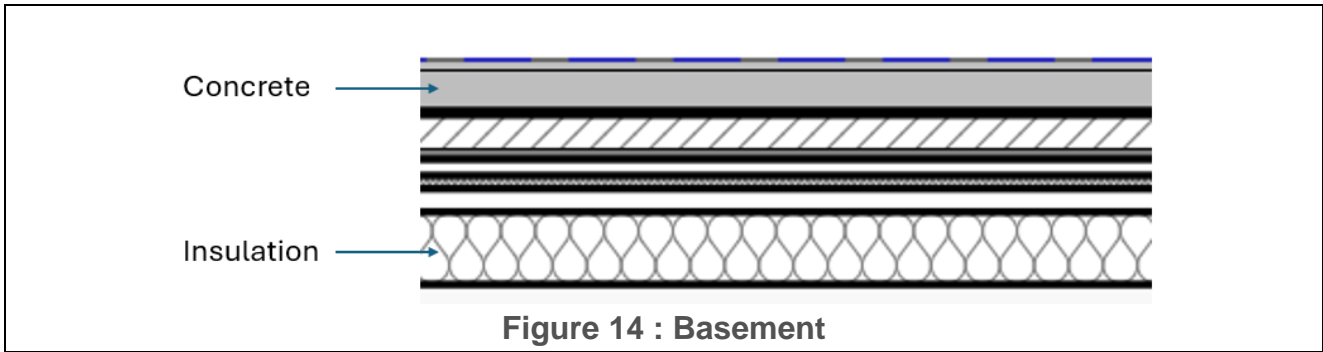
N° de la paroi		04ud				Plancher bas		Isolation intérieure?	
Orientation des parois:		3-sous-so		Résistance superficielle [m²K/W]		intérieure R _{s,i} :		0,13	
Adjacent à		2-sol				extérieure R _{s,e} :		0,00	
Section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Section 2 (optionnelle)	λ [W/(mK)]	Section 3 (optionnelle)	λ [W/(mK)]	Epaisseur [mm]			
Béton	2,200					200			
Isolant	0,035					200			
Pourcentage de surface de la section 1		Pourcentage de surface de la section 2		Pourcentage de surface de la section 3		Total			
100%						40,0 cm			
Majoration de la valeur U				Valeur U :		0,168 W/(m²K)			

7. Roof and basement construction



The roof is insulated from the outside with 14 cm of TH22 polyurethane (PU) foam.

Nr. de la paroi		02ud			Toiture		Isolation intérieure?	
Orientation des parois		1-toit		Résistance superficielle [m ² K/W]				
Adjacent à		1-air extéri		intérieure R _{si} : 0,13				
				extérieure R _{se} : 0,04				
Section 1	l [w/(mK)]	Section 2 (optionnelle)	l [w/(mK)]	Section 3 (optionnelle)	l [w/(mK)]	Epaisseur [mm]		
Béton	2,200					250		
PU	0,022					140		
Pourcentage de surface de la section 1		Pourcentage de surface de la section 2		Pourcentage de surface de la section 3		Total		
100%						39,0	cm	
Majoration de la valeur U				Valeur U :		0,150	w/(m ² K)	



The plan of the section above is not up to date.

N° de la paroi		04ud				Plancher bas		Isolation intérieure?	
Orientation des parois		3-sous-sol		Résistance superficielle [m²KW]		intérieure R _{si} :		0,13	
Adjacent à		2-sol		extérieure R _{se} :		0,00			
Section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Section 2 (optionnelle)	λ [W/(mK)]	Section 3 (optionnelle)	λ [W/(mK)]	Epaisseur [mm]			
Béton	2,200					200			
Isolant	0,031					200			
Pourcentage de surface de la section 1		Pourcentage de surface de la section 2		Pourcentage de surface de la section 3		Total			
100%						40,0 cm			
Majoration de la valeur U				Valeur U :		0,150 W/(m²K)			

8. Windows and windows installations

Three types of carpentry are implemented in this project:

- Skylights
- Windows
- Glass doors

For economic reasons, all carpentry features triple glazing, carefully selected to optimize the balance between thermal losses and solar gains.



Figure 14 : Window photo



Figure 15 : Glass door photo

Vitrages		Vitrages	
Valeur de départ recommandée pour l'optimisation : vitrage conseillé double vitrage protection hivernale (Veuillez respecter les critères de confort !)			
ID	Description	Facteur solaire (valeur g)	Valeur U _g
			W/(m ² K)
01ud	DV baie vitrée	0,64	1,15
02ud	lanterneau	0,57	4,29
03ud	Porte pleine	0,00	5,88
04ud	DV vitrage feuilleté	0,59	1,15
05ud	DV salle de bain	0,62	1,15
06ud	DV chambres	0,65	1,15
07ud	DV porte vitrée RDC	0,49	1,02

Châssis					
ID	Description	Valeur U _f			
		gauche	droit	bas	haut
		W/(m ² K)	W/(m ² K)	W/(m ² K)	W/(m ² K)
01ud	PVC	1,50	1,50	1,50	1,50
02ud	Porte pleine	5,88	5,88	5,88	5,88
03ud	porte fenetre	1,50	1,50	1,50	1,50
04ud	Lanterneau désenfumage	4,29	4,29	4,29	4,29
05ud	porte vitrée rdc	2,60	2,60	2,60	2,60

9. Airtightness of the building envelope

The good airtightness of this project was achieved by implementing a concrete construction, ensuring airtightness throughout all exterior walls.



Figure 16 : Concrete construction

The airtightness test has been realised by Ubat Controle, the 07/02/2023. The result is below :

Résultat de la perméabilité à l'air du bâtiment

$$n_{50} = 0,37 \text{ h}^{-1}$$

Intervalle : $\pm 10,88 \%$ [0,33, 0,41]

10. Design of the ventilation system

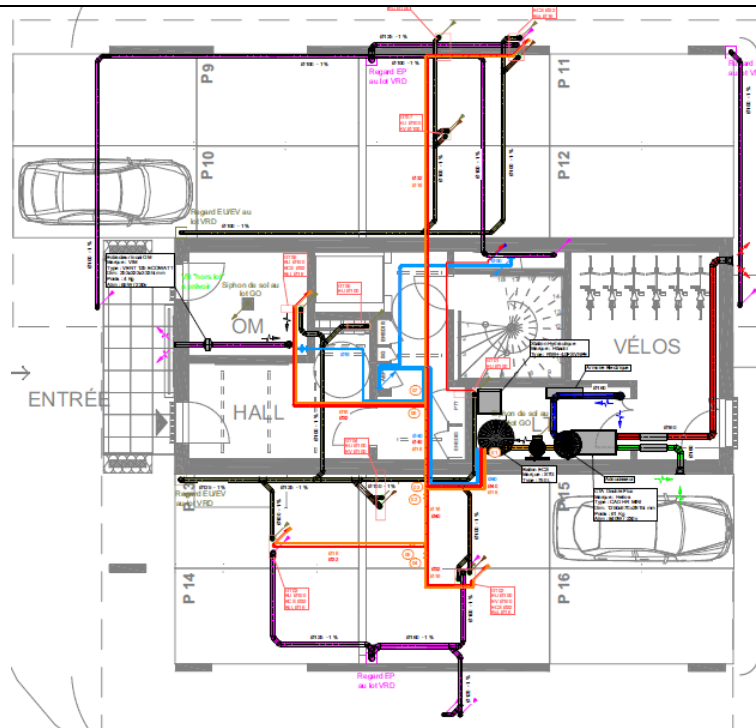


Figure 17 : Ventilation plan at ground level

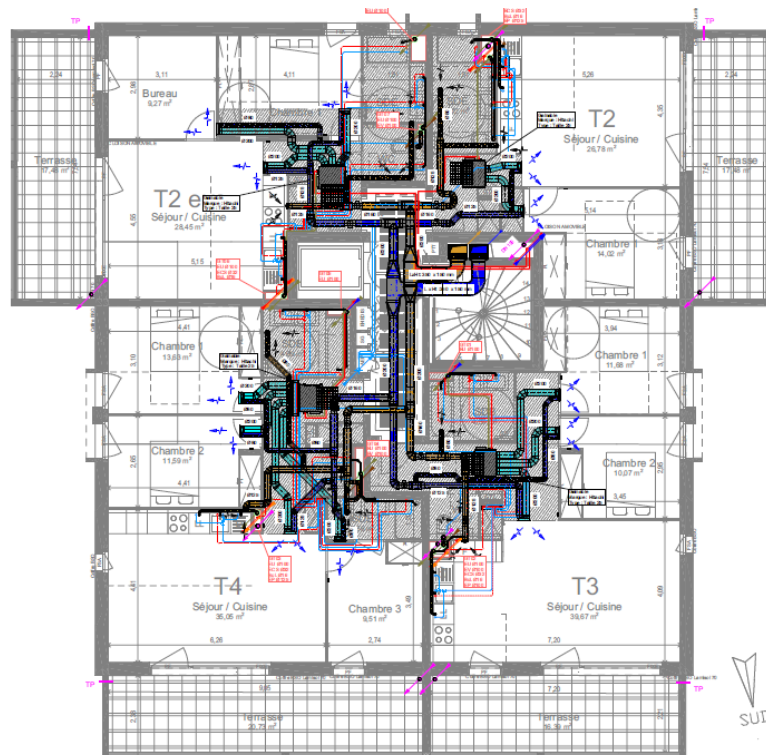


Figure 18 : Ventilation plan at level 1 and 2

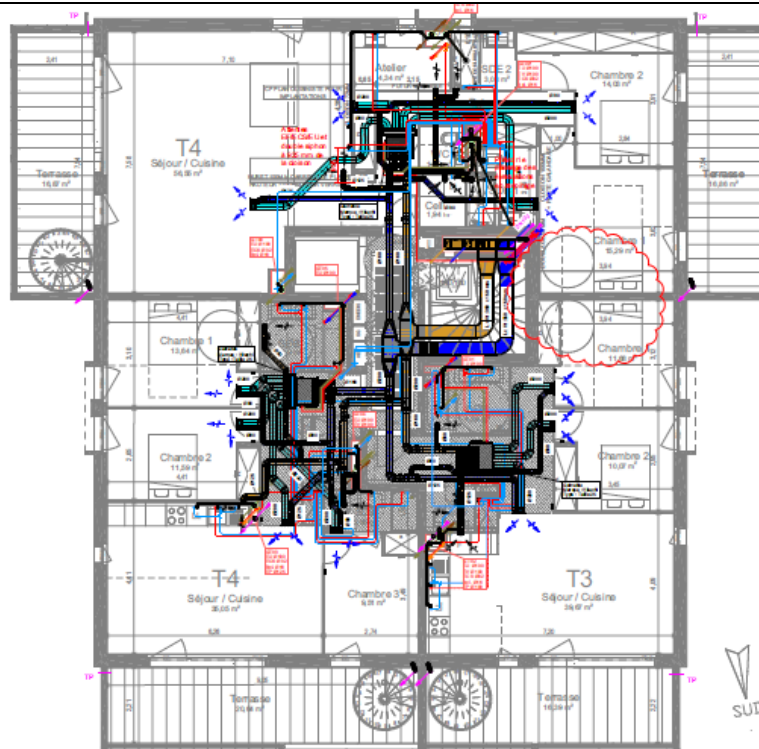


Figure 19 : Ventilation plan at level 3

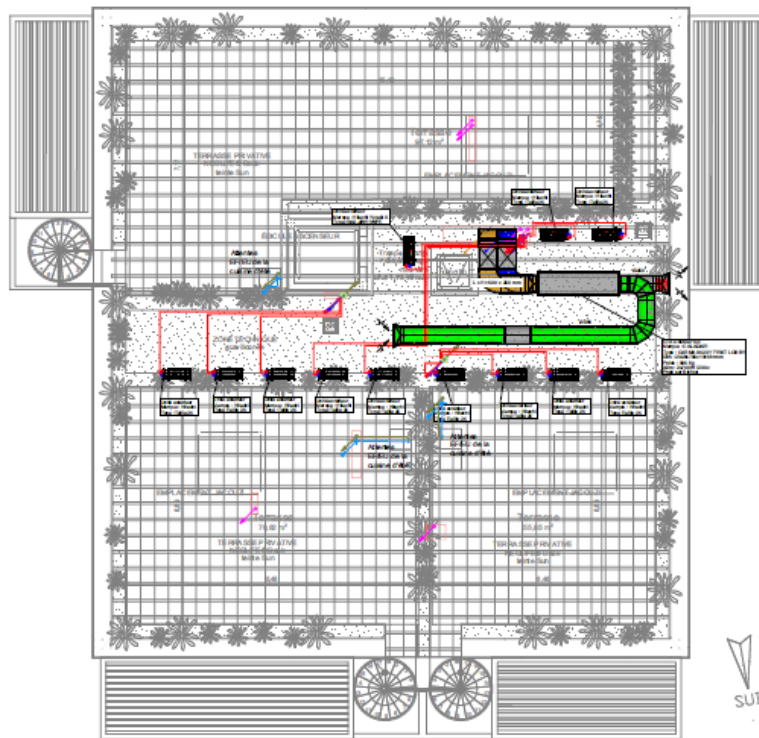


Figure 20 : Ventilation plan of the roof

An air handling unit (AHU), located on the roof, provides ventilation for the entire building.

11. Air handling unit (AHU)

The building ventilation is achieved through a double-flow unit installed on the roof. It is the 9023 Y FIRST LOBBY model from Carma, which ensures excellent performance in this regard. The heat recovery efficiency is 83%, and the energy consumption is optimal, at 0.42 Wh/m³.



Figure 21 : AHU

12. Domestic Hot Water (DHW)

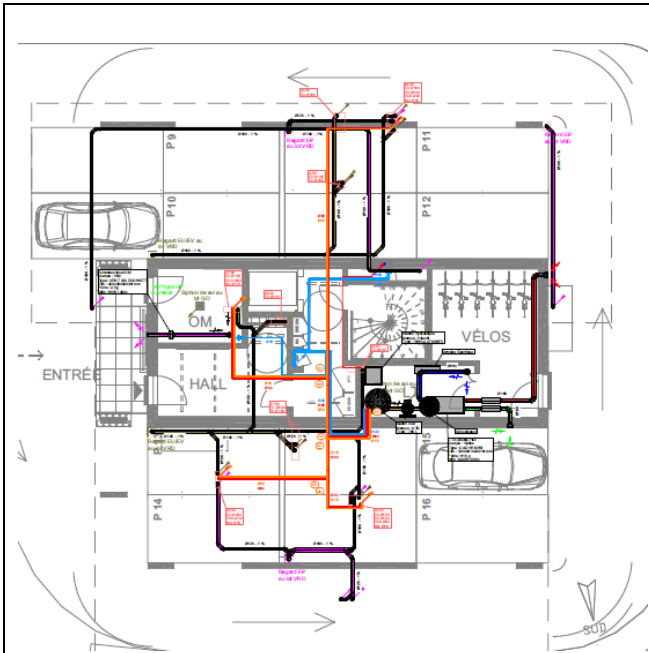


Figure 22 : Plan DHW RDC

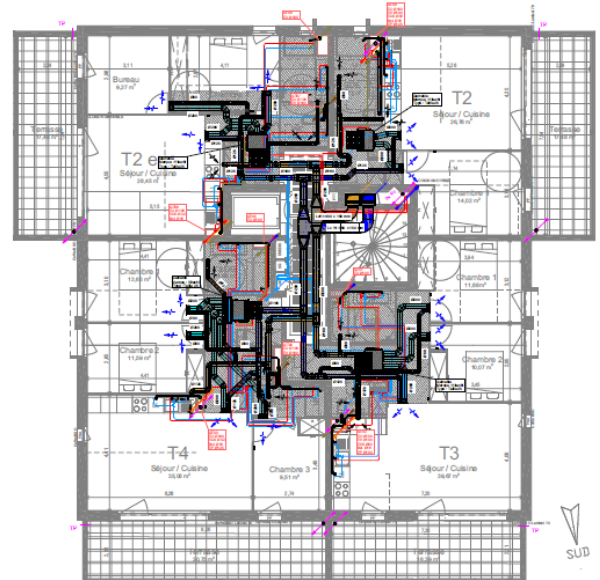


Figure 23 : Plan DHW R+1

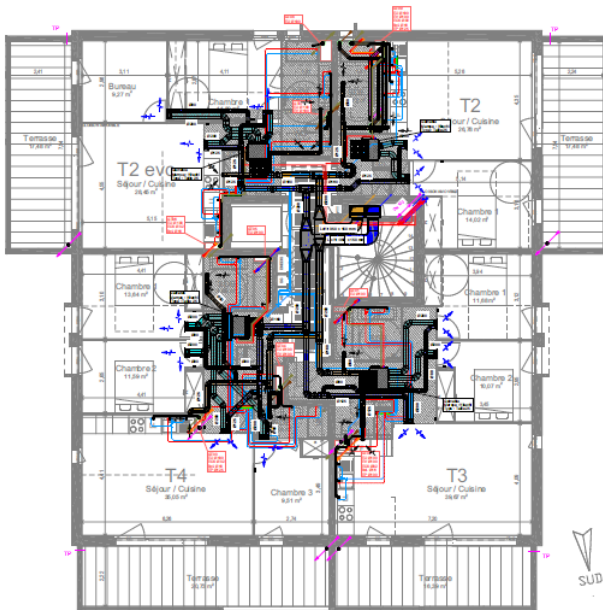


Figure 24 : Plan DHW R+2

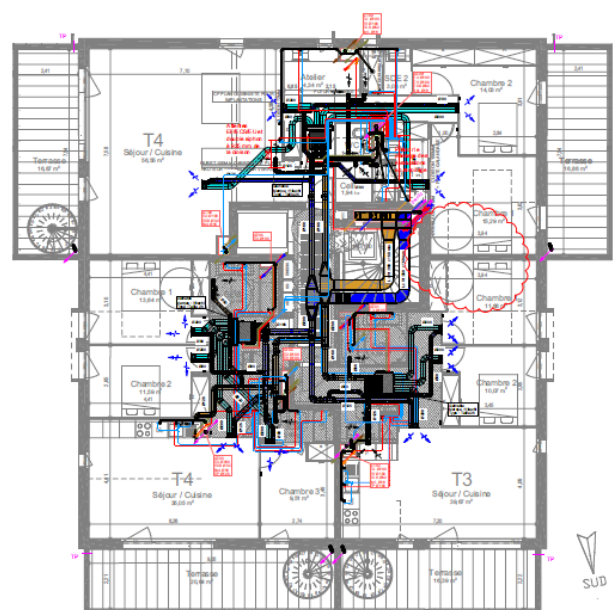


Figure 25 : Plan DHW R+3

The DHW production is ensured by a heat pump. A well-insulated and minimally rationalized loop is observed on the plan to supply all the housing units with DHW.


13. Heating and cooling system



Figure 26 : Heating pump

The installed heating and cooling system is economical and is feasible due to the low energy demand of the building. It is made possible by the presence of a Hitachi heat pumps.

14. Brief descriptions of the PHPP results (verification sheet)

Bâtiment Passif - Vérification			
	Projet:	Réalisation de lgts passifs	
	Adresse:	205 boulevard Rémi Belleau	
Code postal / localité:	Saint Ra		
Région:	Provence-Alpes-CFR-France		
Type de bâtiment:	Immeuble de logements		
Données climatiques:	FR0011a-Nice		
Zone climatique:	5: Climat tempéré	Altitude:	48 m
Maître(s) de l'ouvrage:	AEI Promotion Immobilière		
Adresse:			
Code postal / localité:			
Région:			
Bureau d'études fluides:	Protherm Consult - Lucas Tironi		
Adresse:			
Code postal / localité:			
Région:			
Bureau d'études thermiques:	Solares Bauen		
Adresse:			
Code postal / localité:			
Région:			
Certification:	Propassif		
Adresse:			
Code postal / localité:			
Région:			
Année de construction:	2021	Température intérieure hiver [°C]	20,0
Nombre de logements:	11	Apports internes Chauffage [W/m²]	2,8
Nombre d'occupants:	20,9	Capacité thermique surfacique [Wh/K par m² SRE]	204
		Température intérieure été [°C]	25,0
		Apports internes Clim. [W/m²]	2,8
		Climatisation	s

Caractéristiques du bâtiment rapportées à la Surface de Référence Énergétique							
Chauffer	Surface de Référence Énergétique m²	Besoin de chauffage kWh/(m².a)	Puissance de chauffe W/m²	Critères alternati		Conforme??	
				15	-		
	808,3	10,8	9	-	10	oui	
Refroidir	roidissement + déshumidification kWh/(m².a)	11	6	19	19	oui	
		Puissance de refroidissement W/m²	-	-	11	-	
		Fréquence de surchauffe (> 25°C) %	-	-	-	-	-
		Fréquence d'humidité excessive (> 12 g/kg) %	0	-	10	-	oui
Étanchéité à l'air	Test d'infiltrométrie n ₅₀ 1/h	0,4	-	0,6	-	oui	
Protection contre l'humidité	facteur de température le plus faible f _{R,si-1,25-w,K/W} -	-	-	0,55	-	-	
Confort thermique	ous les critères sont respectés? -	-	-	oui	-	oui	
	valeur U W/(m².K)	-	-	-	-	-	
	valeur U W/(m².K)	-	-	1,30	-	-	
	valeur U W/(m².K)	-	-	1,40	-	-	
	valeur U W/(m².K)	-	-	-	-	-	
Energie primaire non-renouvelable	Consommation d'EP kWh/(m².a)	86	-	-	-	-	
Energie primaire renouvelable (EP-R)	Consommation d'EP-R kWh/(m².a)	41	-	60	-	-	
	Production d'énergie renouvelable (par rapport à kWh/(m².a) l'emprise au sol de la zone bâtie)	-	-	-	-	oui	

15. Cost of the building

Confidential data

16. Building's cost

Confidential data