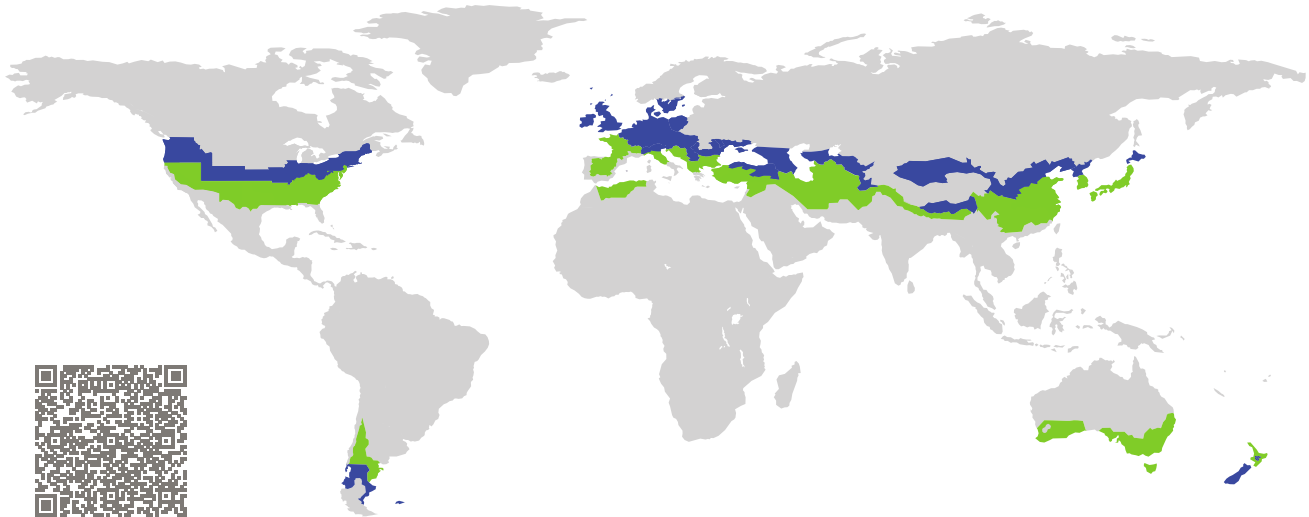


CERTIFICATE

Certified Passive House Component

Component-ID 1545wi03 valid until 31st December 2020

Passive House Institute
Dr. Wolfgang Feist
64283 Darmstadt
Germany

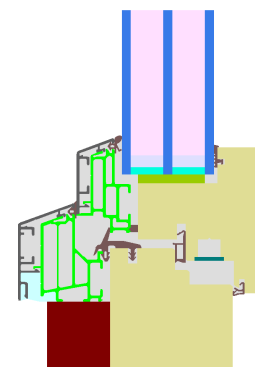


Category: **Window Frame**
Manufacturer: **Heilongjiang Huaheshan Window Industry Co., Ltd, Harbin Heilongjiang, China**
Product name: **M120P**

This certificate was awarded based on the following criteria for the cool, temperate climate zone

Comfort $U_W = 0.80 \leq 0.80 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$
 $U_{W,\text{installed}} \leq 0.85 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$
with $U_g = 0.70 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$

Hygiene $f_{Rsi=0.25} \geq 0.70$



Passive House
efficiency class

phE

phD

phC

phB

phA

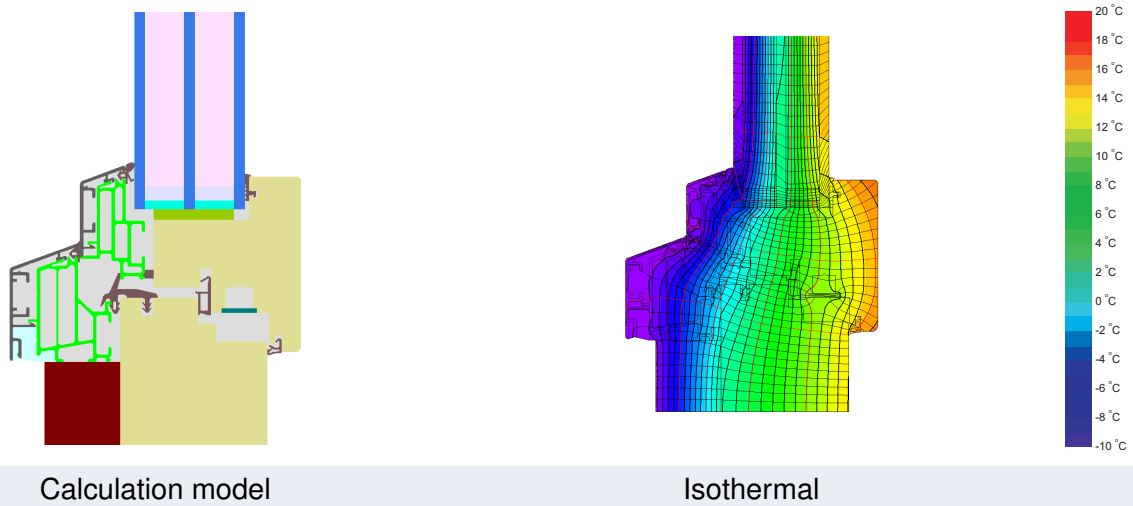
www.passivehouse.com

cool, temperate climate



**CERTIFIED
COMPONENT**

Passive House Institute



Calculation model Isothermal

Description

Timber frame with insulation (high density EPS 0.048 W/(mK)) and external shell made of PVC and aluminium; Pane thickness: 51 mm (5/18/5/18/5), rebate depth: 20 mm. Spacer: SWISSPACER Ultimate with butyl as secondary seal.

Explanation





The window U-values were calculated for the test window size of 1.23 m × 1.48 m with $U_g = 0.70 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$. If a higher quality glazing is used, the window U-values will improve as follows:

Glazing	$U_g =$	0.70	0.64	0.58	0.54	W/(m ² K)
		↓	↓	↓	↓	
Window	$U_W =$	0.80	0.76	0.72	0.69	W/(m ² K)

Transparent building components are classified into efficiency classes depending on the heat losses through the opaque part. The frame U-Values, frame widths, thermal bridges at the glazing edge, and the glazing edge lengths are included in these heat losses. A more detailed report of the calculations performed in the context of certification is available from the manufacturer.

The Passive House Institute has defined international component criteria for seven climate zones. In principle, components which have been certified for climate zones with higher requirements may also be used in climates with less stringent requirements. In a particular climate zone it may make sense to use a component of a higher thermal quality which has been certified for a climate zone with more stringent requirements.

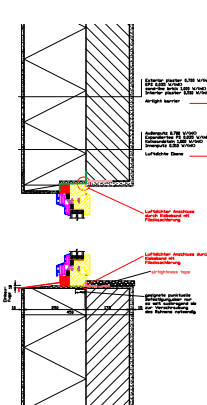
Further information relating to certification can be found on www.passivehouse.com and passipedia.org.

Frame values			Frame width b_f mm	U -value frame U_f W/(m ² K)	Ψ -panel edge Ψ_g W/(m K)	Temp. Factor $f_{Rsi=0.25}$ [-]
Top	(to)		129	0.81	0.024	0.77
Side	(s)		129	0.81	0.024	0.77
Bottom	(bo)		129	0.81	0.024	0.77
Transom 1 casement	(t1)		166	0.78	0.024	0.75
			Spacer: SWISSPACER ULIMATE		Secondary seal: Butyl	

Validated installations

Exterior insulation and finishing system

$U_{Wall} = 0.13 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$



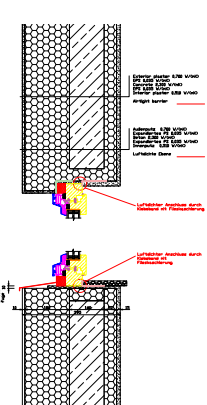
$\Psi_{install}$ W/(m K)

Top	0.005
Side	0.005
Bottom	0.012

$U_{W,installed} = 0.82 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$

Insulated formwork blocks

$U_{Wall} = 0.15 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$



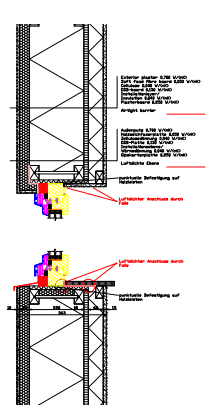
$\Psi_{install}$ W/(m K)

Top	0.005
Side	0.005
Bottom	0.013

$U_{W,installed} = 0.82 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$

Timber frame

$U_{Wall} = 0.13 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$



$\Psi_{install}$ W/(m K)

Top	0.011
Side	0.011
Bottom	0.014

$U_{W,installed} = 0.83 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$

