

Certificate

Certified Passive House Component

for cool, temperate climates; valid until 31.12.2016

Passive House Institute
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Category: **Curtain wall**
 Manufacturer: **SCHÜCO International KG**
33609 Bielefeld, GERMANY
 Product name: **FWS 50.SI**

This certificate was awarded based on the following criteria:

Given a U_g value of $0.70 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2\text{K})$ and an element size of 1.20 m by 2.50 m ,

$$U_{CW} = 0.80 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2\text{K}) \leq 0.80 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2\text{K})$$

Taking into account the installation based thermal bridges and provided that the installation is, with regard to the thermal bridges, equal or better than shown in the data sheet, the window meets the following criterion.

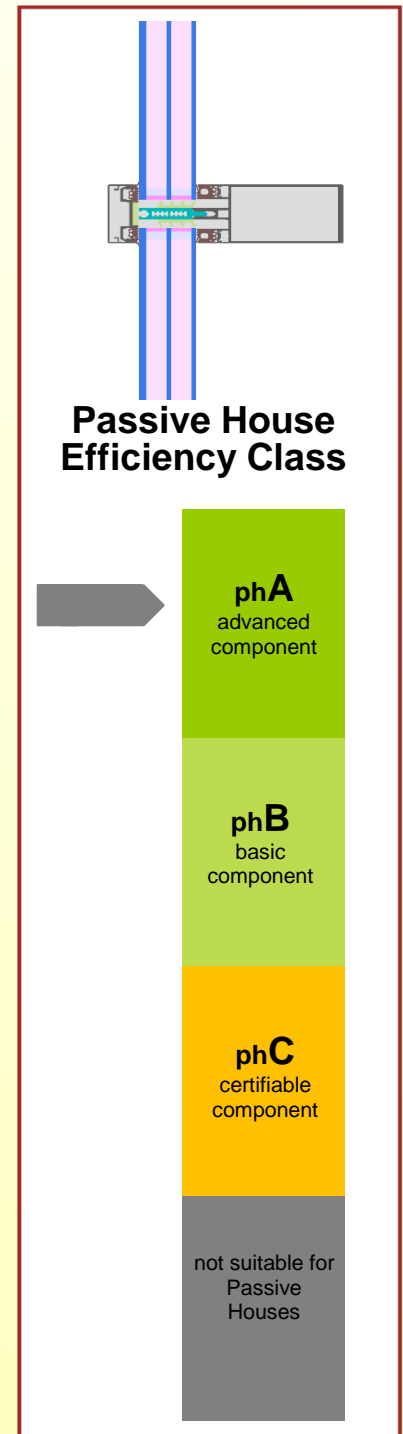
$$U_{CW, \text{installed}} \leq 0.85 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2\text{K})$$

Thermal data

	$U_{m/t}$ -value [W/(m ² K)]	Width [mm]	Ψ_g [W/(mK)]	$f_{Rsi=0.25}$ [-]
Spacer			SWISSP. Ultimate*	
Mullion	0.88	50	0.034	0.79
Transom	0.88	50	0.035	
Thermal glass carrier bridge χ_{GT} [W/K]:				0.014

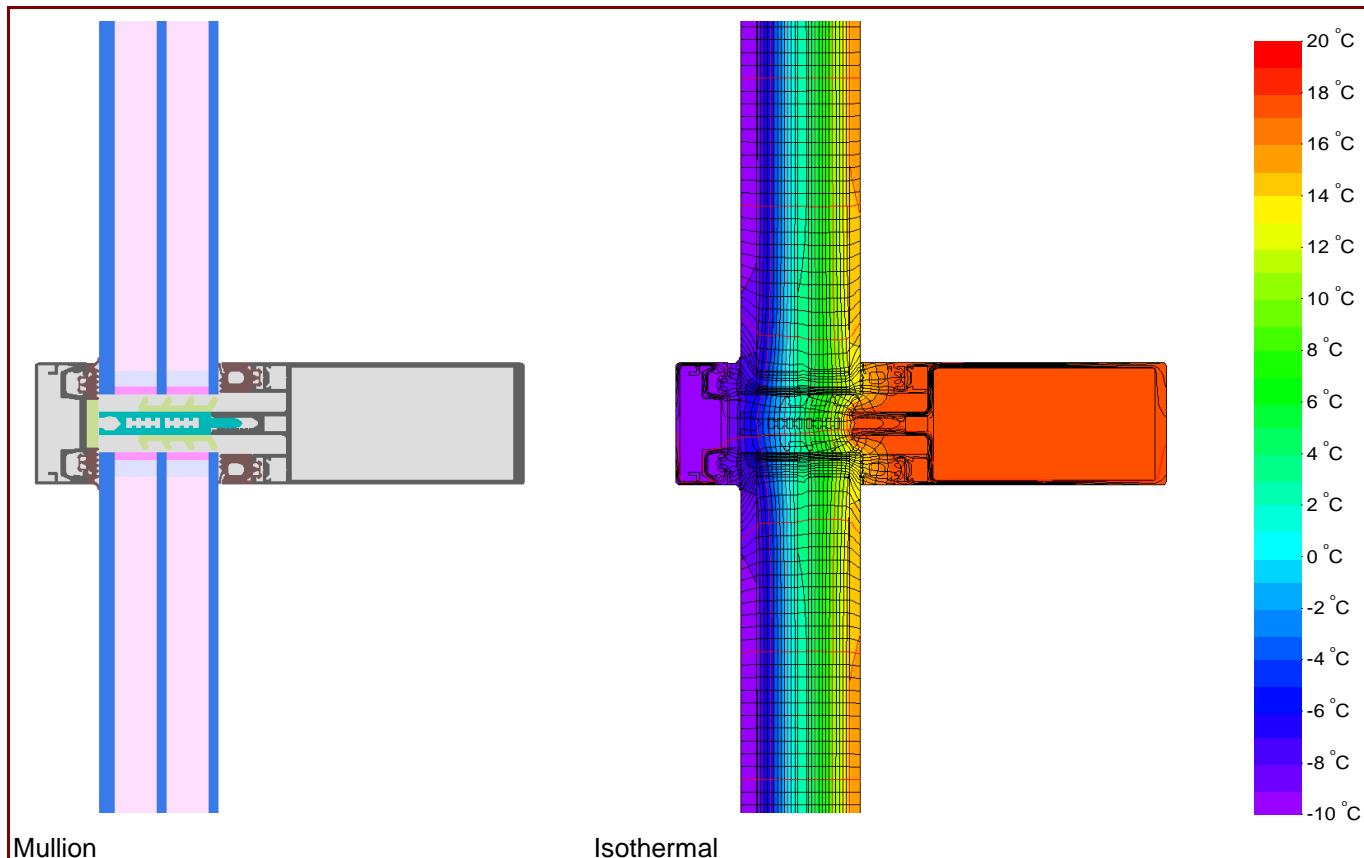
*Spacers of lower thermal quality, especially those made of aluminium, lead to significantly higher thermal losses and lower temperature factors.

For further information, please see the data sheet



Data Sheet SCHÜCO International KG, FWS 50.SI

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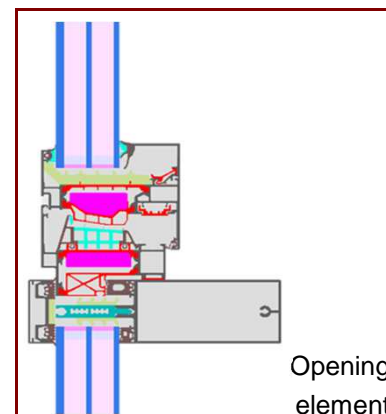
Description

Aluminum curtain wall, insulated by PE-foam (0,038 W/(mK)) and PET-foam (0,035 W/(mK)). Reduction of the radiation losses by low emissivity tape.
 Pane thickness: 46 mm (6/16/4/16/4), rebate depth: 13 mm, spacer: SWISSPACER Ultimate.

Thermal data for the window frame

	U_f -value [W/(m ² K)]	Width [mm]	Ψ_g [W/(mK)]	$f_{Rsi=0.25}$ [-]
Spacer	SWISSP. Ultimate*			
Mullion (m) ¹	0.88	50	0.034	0.79
Transom (t) ¹	0.88	50	0.035	
Opening elemnt	1.20	156	0.031	0.78
Thermal glas carrier bridge χ_{GT} [W/K] ²				0.014

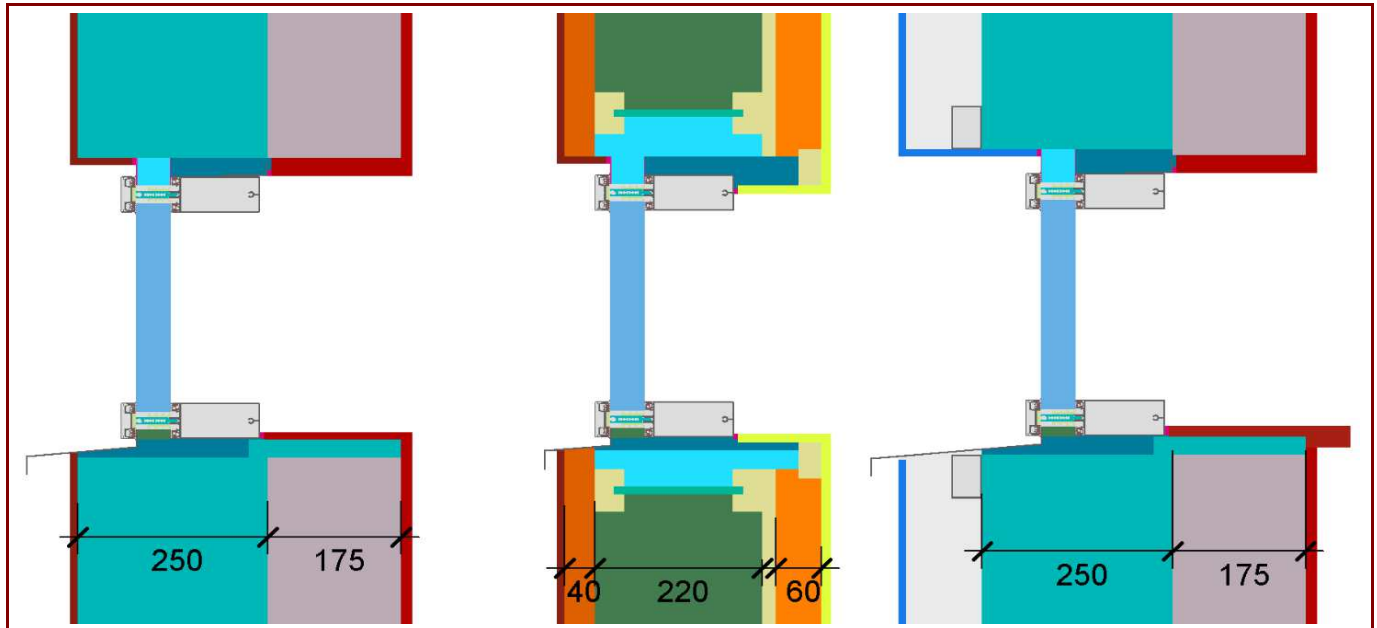
1: Includes $\Delta U = 0.17$ W/(m²K), determined by 3d-thermal flux sim. (PHI)
 2: Determined by 3d-thermal flux sim. (PHI)



* Spacers of lower thermal quality lead to higher thermal losses and lower glass edge temperatures.

Data Sheet SCHÜCO International KG, FWS 50.SI

Installation



Installation based thermal bridge $\Psi_{\text{instal.}}$ in Passive House suitable walls

		EIFS	Timber construction wall	Ventilated facade
Position				
Bottom	[W/(mK)]	0.037	0.042	0.037
Side/Top	[W/(mK)]	0.034	0.038	0.035
$U_{\text{CW,installed}}$	[W/(m ² K)]	0.85	0.85	0.85

Explanatory notes

The element U-values were calculated based on a 1.20 m by 2.50 m window $U_g = 0.70 \text{ W/(m}^2\text{K)}$.
If better glazing is used, the U-values decrease as follows:

U Glazing	U_g [W/(m²K)]	0.66	0.60	0.57
U Curtain wall	U_{CW} [W/(m²K)]	0.76	0.70	0.67

Depending on the thermal losses through opaque elements, transparent components are categorised according to efficiency classes. These thermal losses include the losses through the frame, the frame width, the thermal bridge at the glass edge as well as the length of the glass edge. Certificates for arctic regions are too valid vor cold, certificates for cold regions are too valid for cool, temperate zones.

Please ask the manufacturer for a detailed report containing all calculations and results.
For further information, please visit www.passivehouse.com or www.passipedia.org.