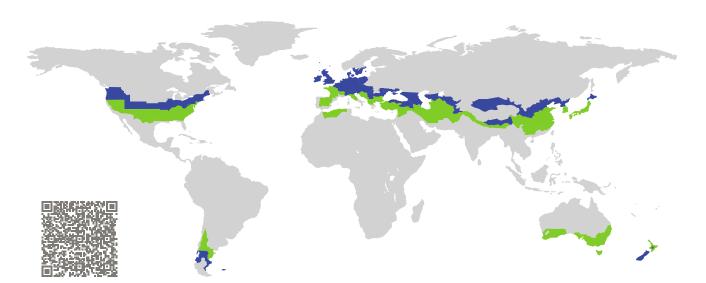
# CERTIFICATE

Certified Passive House Component Component-ID 2127vs03 valid until 31st December 2025 Passive House Institute Dr. Wolfgang Feist 64283 Darmstadt Germany



| Category:     | Air handling unit with heat recovery |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|
| Manufacturer: | Vero Duco NV<br>Belgium              |
| Product name: | DucoBox Energy Comfort Plus D450     |

Specification:Airflow rate < 600 m³/h</th>Heat exchanger:Recuperative

# This certificate was awarded based on the product meeting the following main criteria

|                         | outdoor air temperature of −10 °C        |        |                        |
|-------------------------|--|--------|------------------------|
| Comfort                 | Supply air temperature $\geq$ 16.5 °C at |        |                        |
| Leakage                 |  | <      | 3%                     |
| Specific electric power | $P_{\rm el,spec}$                        | $\leq$ | 0.45 Wh/m <sup>3</sup> |
| Heat recovery rate      | $\eta_{\text{HR}}$                       | $\geq$ | 75%                    |

| Airflow range                          |  |
|--|--|
| 129–360 m <sup>3</sup> /h              |  |
| Heat recovery rate                     |  |
| $\eta_{HR} = 82\%$                     |  |
| Specific electric power                |  |
| $P_{\rm el,spec} = 0.25  {\rm Wh/m^3}$ |  |



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#### Passive House comfort criterion

During the test with outside air temperature at -10 ℃, the supply air temperature was kept at 16.9 ℃.

#### Efficiency criterion (heat recovery rate)

The effective heat recovery rate is measured at a test facility using balanced mass flows of the outdoor and exhaust air. The boundary conditions for the measurement are documented in the testing procedure.

$$\eta_{\text{HR}} = \frac{(\theta_{ETA} - \theta_{EHA}) + \frac{P_{el}}{\dot{m} \cdot c_{p}}}{(\theta_{ETA} - \theta_{ODA})}$$

With

 $\eta_{HR}$  Heat recovery rate in %

 $\theta_{ETA}$  Extract air temperature in °C

 $\theta_{EHA}$  Exhaust air temperature in  $^{\circ}$ C

 $\theta_{ODA}$  Outdoor air temperature in °C

Pel Electric power in W

*m* Mass flow in kg/h

 $c_p$  Specific heat capacity in W h/(kg K)

Heat recovery rate

 $\eta_{HR} = 82\%$ 

# Efficiency criterion (electric power)

The overall electrical power consumption of the device is measured at the test facility at an external pressure of 100 Pa (50 Pa, respectively, for the intake and outlet). This includes the general electrical power consumption for operation and control but not for frost protection.

Specific electric power  
$$P_{\rm el,spec} = 0.25 \, \rm Wh/m^3$$

# **Efficiency ratio**

The efficiency ratio provides information about the overall energy performance of the respective ventilation unit. It specifies the achieved reduction in ventilation heat losses by using a ventilation unit with heat recovery rather than without.

Efficiency ratio  $\epsilon_{\rm L} = 0.65$ 

### Leakage

The leakage airflow must not exceed 3% of the average airflow of the unit's operating range.

| Internal leakage | External leakage |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1.90%            | 1.80 %           |

#### Settings and airflow balance

It must be possible to adjust the balance of airflows at the unit itself (either between the exhaust and the outdoor airflows or between the supply and the extract airflows, if the unit is respectively placed inside or outside of the insulated thermal envelope of the building).

- This unit is certified for airflow rates of 129–360 m<sup>3</sup>/h.
- Balancing the airflow rates of the unit is possible.
- The user should have at least all the following setting options:
  - $\checkmark$  Switching the system on and off.
  - ✓ Synchronized adjustment of the supply and extract airflows to basic ventilation (70–80%), standard ventilation (100%) and increased ventilation (130%) with a clear indication of the current setting.
- The device has a standby power consumption of 3.50 W. The target value of 1 W was exceeded. The device should be equipped with an additional external switch so that it can be disconnected from the mains, if required.
- After a power failure, the device will automatically resume operation.

#### Acoustical testing

The required limit for the sound power level of the device is  $35 \, dB(A)$  in order to limit the sound pressure level in the installation room. The sound level target value of less than  $25 \, dB(A)$  in living spaces and less than  $30 \, dB(A)$  in functional spaces must be ensured by installing commercial silencers. The following sound power levels are met at an airflow rate of  $360 \, m^3/h$ :

| Device     | Duct    |            |             |             |
|------------|---------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| Device     | Outdoor | Supply air | Extract air | Exhaust air |
| 48.7 dB(A) | -       | 68.7 dB(A) | 52.7 dB(A)  | -           |

- The unit does not fulfil the requirements for the sound power level. The unit must therefore be installed acoustically separated from living areas.
- One example of suitable silencers for supply and extract air ducts is mentioned in the detailed test report or can be obtained from the manufacturer. It is recommended to identify suitable silencers for each individual project.

#### Indoor air quality

This unit is to be equipped with the following filter qualities:

| Outdoor air filter | Extract air filter |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| ISO ePM1 50%       | ISO Coarse 60%     |

On the outdoor air side, the filter efficiency of ISO ePM1 50% (F7 according to EN 779) or better is recommended. For the extract air side, a filter efficiency of at least ISO Coarse 60% (G4 according to EN 779) is recommended. If not in standard configuration, the recommended filter is available as an accessory part.

### **Frost protection**

Appropriate measures should be taken to prevent the heat exchanger and optional downstream hydraulic heater coil from getting damaged by frost during extreme winter temperatures ( $-15 \,$ °C). It must be ensured that the unit's ventilation performance is not affected during frost protection cycles.

- Frost protection of the heat exchanger:
  - ✓ The frost protection strategy set out by the manufacturer is to detect the outside air temperature being drawn into the unit and then below a trigger temperature, control an inline pre-heater proportionally to ensure that a minimum fresh air temperature into the unit is maintained. The frost protection is provided by an external mounted heater supplied with the unit. The external heater installed within the unit was 1425W heating coil located on the unit, prior to the fresh air fan intake. The heater is controlled proportionally by the unit controller.
- Frost protection of downstream hydraulic heater coils:
  - ✓ In order to protect a downstream hydraulic supply air heater, the unit will be shut down when extract fan stops working. In this case the display will show an error.