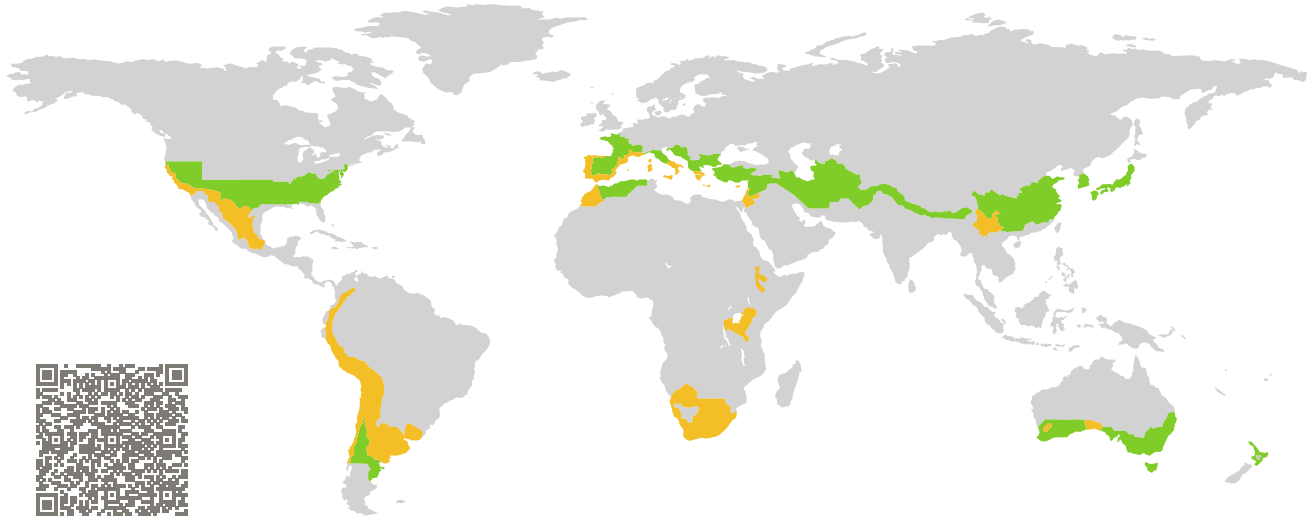


# CERTIFICATE

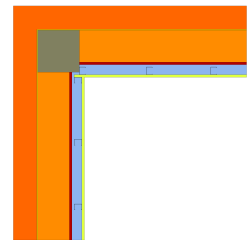
Certified Passive House Component

Component-ID 2287cs04 valid until 31st December 2025

Passive House Institute  
Dr. Wolfgang Feist  
64283 Darmstadt  
Germany



Category: **Construction system**  
Manufacturer: **Consorcio Termoarcilla,  
Madrid, Madrid,  
Spain**  
Product name: **Termoarcilla® Ventilated Rainscreen  
Wall**



## Hygiene criterion

The minimum temperature factor of the interior surfaces is

$$f_{Rsi=0.25\text{ m}^2\text{ K/W}} \geq 0.65$$

## Comfort criterion

The U-value of the installed windows is

$$U_{wi} \leq 1.05\text{ W}/(\text{m}^2\text{ K})$$

## Efficiency criteria

Heat transfer coefficient of building envelope:

$$U * f_{PHI} \leq 0.25\text{ W}/(\text{m}^2\text{ K})$$

Temperature factor of opaque junctions:

$$f_{Rsi=0.25\text{ m}^2\text{ K/W}} \geq 0.82$$

Thermal bridge-free design for key connection details:

$$\Psi \leq 0.01\text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$

An airtightness concept for all components and connection details was provided.

It was confirmed that the structure will dry out within 12 months and there is no risk of moisture-related damage.

warm, temperate climate



**CERTIFIED  
COMPONENT**

Passive House Institute

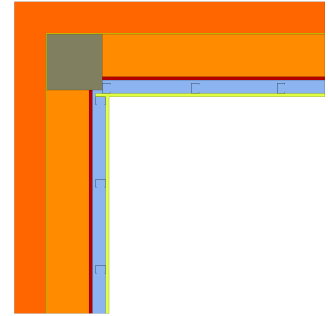
## Consorcio Termoarcilla

C/ Orense 10, 2ª planta, ofic. 13-14, 28020 Madrid, Madrid, Spain

☎ +34 917709480 | ✉ termoarcilla@termoarcilla.com | 🌐 <http://www.termoarcilla.com> |

### Opaque building envelope

The system consists of a Termoarcilla® blocks wall with a 15 mm thick interior gypsum plaster, a ventilated facade system with 140 mm thick thermal insulation, and a gypsum board on the interior side with a 60 mm thick service cavity between the finish board and the wall. The Termoarcilla® wall is formed by placing the blocks with horizontal mortar joints. The ventilated facade includes mineral wool insulation panels (0.040 W/m·K) mechanically fixed to the blocks using the FLH R ventilated facade anchoring system from Fisher, which is Passive House certified. The interior wall finish is built with a galvanized steel structure on which the gypsum board is screwed. The system has been assessed according to the Passive House Institute's criteria for opaque construction systems and has been validated as suitable for Passive House projects in the warm-temperate and warm climate zones.



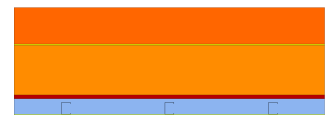
### Windows

For the purposes of certification, a standard passive house window ( $U_w = 1.00 \text{ W/m}^2\cdot\text{K}$  with  $U_g = 0.90 \text{ W/m}^2\cdot\text{K}$ ) was used. The overall U-value of the installed window of standard size (1.23 m wide by 1.48 m tall) should be no more than  $0.05 \text{ W/m}^2\cdot\text{K}$  greater than the  $U_w$  to ensure occupant comfort. This criterion is met with a window installation solution aligned with the exterior thermal insulation. This construction solution is solved with a wooden support profile on the window sill and metal L-profile anchors on the jambs and lintel.







### Airtightness concept





The system's airtightness is achieved as follows: the interior gypsum plaster layer serves as the airtight layer of the envelope. For junctions with windows and doors, special airtightness tapes are used on the interior face, maintaining continuity with the gypsum plaster. All junctions with other construction elements use special tapes or airtight paint solutions to ensure the airtightness line of the facade remains consistent in the interior gypsum plaster.



## Summary of values



| Opaque assemblies |   | U-value<br>W/(m <sup>2</sup> K) | Thickness<br>mm |
|-------------------|---|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Exterior wall     | (EW1)  | 0.23                            | 425             |
| Flat roof         | (FR1)  | 0.17                            | 500             |
| Floor slab        | (FS1)  | 0.33                            | 440             |
| Pitched roof      | (RO1)  | 0.20                            | 439             |



Frame cuts with "dummy wood window warm-temperate" from "dummy window manufacturer" (0004)


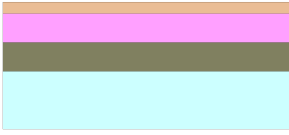
| Frame values |   | Frame width<br>$b_f$<br>mm | $U$ -value frame<br>$U_f$<br>W/(m <sup>2</sup> K) | $\Psi$ -glazing edge<br>$\Psi_g$<br>W/(m K) | Temp. Factor<br>$f_{RSI=0.25}$<br>[-] |
|--------------|---|----------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| Bottom       | (OB1)  | 125                        | 0.92  | 0.038                                       | 0.70                                  |
| Top          | (OH1)  | 125                        | 0.92  | 0.038                                       | 0.70                                  |
| Lateral      | (OJ1)  | 125                        | 0.92  | 0.038                                       | 0.70                                  |
| Threshold    | (OT1)  | 125                        | 0.92  | 0.038                                       | 0.70                                  |
|              |   | Spacer: PHI phB-Spacer     |   | Secondary seal: Polysulfide                 |                                       |



| Junctions   |   | U1   | U2   | U3   | $\Psi$ -value<br>$\Psi$<br>W/(m K) | Temp. factor<br>$f_{Rsi=0.25}$<br>[-] |
|---|---|------|------|------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Ceiling integration<br>into exterior wall<br>(EW1_EW1_CE_1)         |    | 0.23 | 0.23 |      | 0.014                              | 0.935                                 |
| Exterior corner<br>exterior wall<br>(EW1_EW1_ec_1)                  |    | 0.23 | 0.23 |      | -0.064                             | 0.834                                 |
| Interior corner<br>exterior wall<br>(EW1_EW1_ic_1)                  |    | 0.23 | 0.23 |      | 0.028                              | 0.943                                 |
| Internal wall integration<br>into exterior wall<br>(EW1_EW1_IW_1)   |    | 0.23 | 0.23 |      | 0.000                              | 0.942                                 |
| Roof parapet<br>flat roof<br>(EW1_FR1_rp_1)                         |    | 0.23 | 0.17 |      | 0.008                              | 0.836                                 |
| Window bottom<br>operable window in exterior<br>wall<br>(EW1_OB1_1) |    | 0.23 | 0.92 |      | 0.030                              | 0.783                                 |
| Window head<br>operable window in exterior<br>wall<br>(EW1_OH1_1)   |    | 0.23 | 0.92 |      | 0.008                              | 0.801                                 |
| Window jamb<br>operable window in exterior<br>wall<br>(EW1_OJ1_1)   |  | 0.23 | 0.92 |      | 0.003                              | 0.797                                 |
| Roof eave<br>pitched roof<br>(EW1_RO1_ea_1)                         |  | 0.23 | 0.20 |      | -0.014                             | 0.876                                 |
| Roof verge<br>pitched roof<br>(EW1_RO1_ve_1)                        |  | 0.23 | 0.20 |      | -0.026                             | 0.855                                 |
| Threshold<br>to floor slab<br>(FS1_EW1_OT1_1)                       |  | 0.33 | 0.23 | 0.92 | -0.009                             | 0.685                                 |
| Exterior wall plinth<br>on floor slab<br>(FS1_EW1_2)                |  | 0.33 | 0.23 |      | -0.025                             | 0.801                                 |

## Opaque Assemblies

|   | Material  | Lambda W/(m K) | Thickness (mm) |
|---|---|----------------|----------------|
|  <p><b>Exterior wall</b> (EW1)</p>  | mineral wool 040  | 0.040          | 140            |
|   | cement mortar/plaster, sand                                       | 1.000          | 5              |
|   | EQ_EW1 Thermoclay blocks 19 cm + mortar                           | 0.325          | 190            |
|   | gypsum plaster (interior plaster)                                 | 0.570          | 15             |
|   | EQ_EW1 Air layer, unvented, horz, thickness 60 m<br>+ steel studs | 0.361          | 60             |
|   | gypsum board 900 kg/m <sup>3</sup>                                | 0.250          | 15             |
|   | Total thickness: 425 mm   |                |                |
|   | Rsi: 0.13 m <sup>2</sup> K/W                                      |                |                |
|   | Rse: 0.13 m <sup>2</sup> K/W                                      |                |                |
|   | U-value: 0.23 W/(m <sup>2</sup> K)                                |                |                |

|   | Material                                       | Lambda W/(m K) | Thickness (mm) |
|---|--|----------------|----------------|
|  <p><b>Flat roof</b> (FR1)</p>  | XPS 037  | 0.037          | 200            |
|   | Clay slab filler block (300 mm; RT 0,32 m2K/W) | 0.938          | 300            |
|   | Total thickness: 500 mm                        |                |                |
|   | Rsi: 0.10 m <sup>2</sup> K/W                   |                |                |
|   | U-value: 0.17 W/(m <sup>2</sup> K)             |                |                |

|  | Material                           | Lambda W/(m K) | Thickness (mm) |
|--|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
|  <p><b>Floor slab</b> (FS1)</p>  | cement screet                      | 1.400          | 40             |
|  | XPS 037                            | 0.037          | 100            |
|  | concrete (1 % steel)               | 2.300          | 100            |
|  | EQ_ventilated crawl space          | 2.300          | 200            |
|  | Total thickness: 440 mm            |                |                |
|  | U-value: 0.33 W/(m <sup>2</sup> K) |                |                |

|  | Material   | Lambda W/(m K) | Thickness (mm) |
|--|--|----------------|----------------|
|  <p><b>Pitched roof</b> (RO1)</p>  | softwood, OSB – perpendicular to grain direction | 0.130          | 19             |
|  | Onduline PIR 027                                 | 0.027          | 120            |
|  | Clay slab filler block (300 mm; RT 0,32 m2K/W)   | 0.938          | 300            |
|  | Total thickness: 439 mm                          |                |                |
|  | U-value: 0.20 W/(m <sup>2</sup> K)               |                |                |

Frame cuts with "dummy wood window warm-temperate" from "dummy window manufacturer" (0004)



Bottom

$$b_f = 125 \text{ mm}$$
$$U_f = 0.92 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$
$$\Psi_g = 0.038 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$
$$f_{Rsi} = 0.70$$



Top

$$b_f = 125 \text{ mm}$$
$$U_f = 0.92 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$
$$\Psi_g = 0.038 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$
$$f_{Rsi} = 0.70$$



Lateral

$$b_f = 125 \text{ mm}$$
$$U_f = 0.92 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$
$$\Psi_g = 0.038 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$
$$f_{Rsi} = 0.70$$



Threshold

$$b_f = 125 \text{ mm}$$
$$U_f = 0.92 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$
$$\Psi_g = 0.038 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$
$$f_{Rsi} = 0.70$$





### Ceiling integration

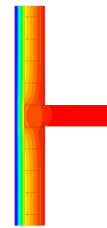
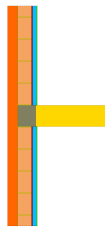
into exterior wall (EW1\_EW1\_CE\_1)

$$U_{EW1} = 0.23 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$U_{EW1} = 0.23 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$\Psi = 0.014 \text{ W/(m K)}$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.935$$



### Exterior corner

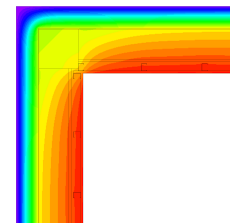
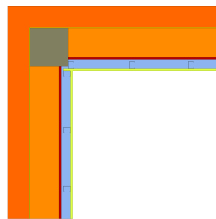
exterior wall (EW1\_EW1\_ec\_1)

$$U_{EW1} = 0.23 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$U_{EW1} = 0.23 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$\Psi = -0.064 \text{ W/(m K)}$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.834$$



### Interior corner

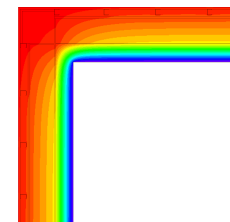
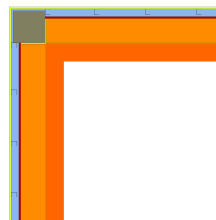
exterior wall (EW1\_EW1\_ic\_1)

$$U_{EW1} = 0.23 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$U_{EW1} = 0.23 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$\Psi = 0.028 \text{ W/(m K)}$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.943$$



### Internal wall integration

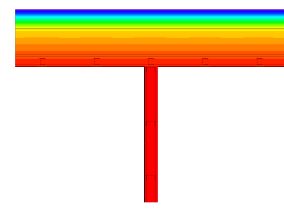
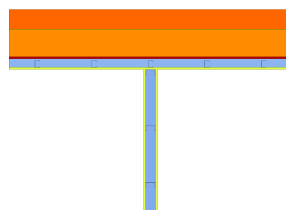
into exterior wall (EW1\_EW1\_IW\_1)

$$U_{EW1} = 0.23 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$U_{EW1} = 0.23 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$\Psi = 0.000 \text{ W/(m K)}$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.942$$



### Roof parapet

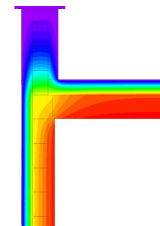
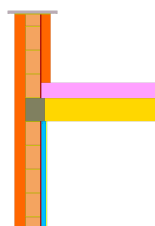
flat roof (EW1\_FR1\_rp\_1)

$$U_{EW1} = 0.23 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$U_{FR1} = 0.17 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$\Psi = 0.008 \text{ W/(m K)}$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.836$$







### Window bottom

operable window in exterior

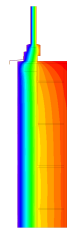
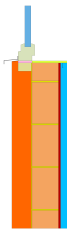
wall (EW1\_OB1\_1)

$$U_{EW1} = 0.23 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$

$$U_{OB1} = 0.92 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$

$$\Psi = 0.030 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.783$$



### Window head

operable window in exterior

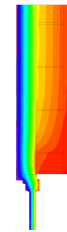
wall (EW1\_OH1\_1)

$$U_{EW1} = 0.23 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$

$$U_{OH1} = 0.92 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$

$$\Psi = 0.008 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.801$$



### Window jamb

operable window in exterior

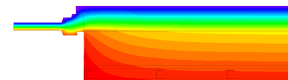
wall (EW1\_OJ1\_1)

$$U_{EW1} = 0.23 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$

$$U_{OJ1} = 0.92 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$

$$\Psi = 0.003 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.797$$



### Roof eave

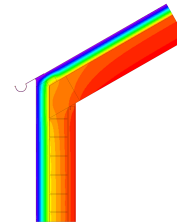
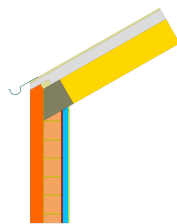
pitched roof (EW1\_RO1\_ea\_1)

$$U_{EW1} = 0.23 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$

$$U_{RO1} = 0.20 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$

$$\Psi = -0.014 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.876$$



### Roof verge

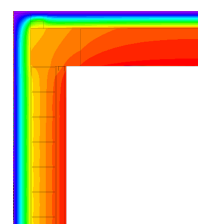
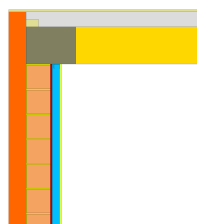
pitched roof (EW1\_RO1\_ve\_1)

$$U_{EW1} = 0.23 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$

$$U_{RO1} = 0.20 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$

$$\Psi = -0.026 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.855$$





### Threshold

to floor slab (FS1\_EW1\_OT1\_1)

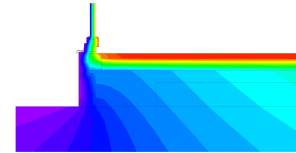
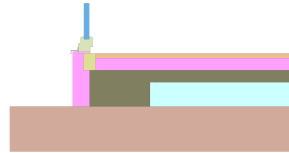
$$U_{FS1} = 0.33 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$U_{EW1} = 0.23 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$U_{OT1} = 0.92 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$\psi = -0.009 \text{ W/(m K)}$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.685$$



### Exterior wall plinth

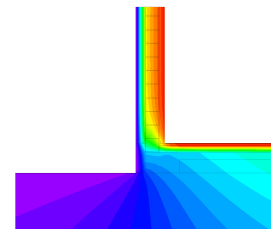
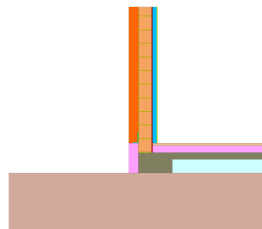
on floor slab (FS1\_EW1\_2)

$$U_{FS1} = 0.33 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$U_{EW1} = 0.23 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$\psi = -0.025 \text{ W/(m K)}$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.801$$



Disclaimer: The Passive House Institute GmbH (PHI) carries out heat transfer analyses according to the standards set out in the document "[Criteria and Algorithms for Certified Passive House Components: Opaque Construction Systems](#)" and based on information provided by the manufacturer. It is the responsibility of the project leader, e.g. the architect to ensure the appropriate assessments have been carried out for specific buildings, which may include more detailed analyses than those carried out for this certification. Use of a certified Passive House component does not guarantee that a construction project will achieve the [Passive House, EnerPHit or PHI Low Energy Building standard](#). In all cases full details are to be made available by the manufacturer on request to the engaged certified Passive House designer or certifier, who will be permitted to check these against the construction information and to perform on-site checks as part of the quality assurance process.