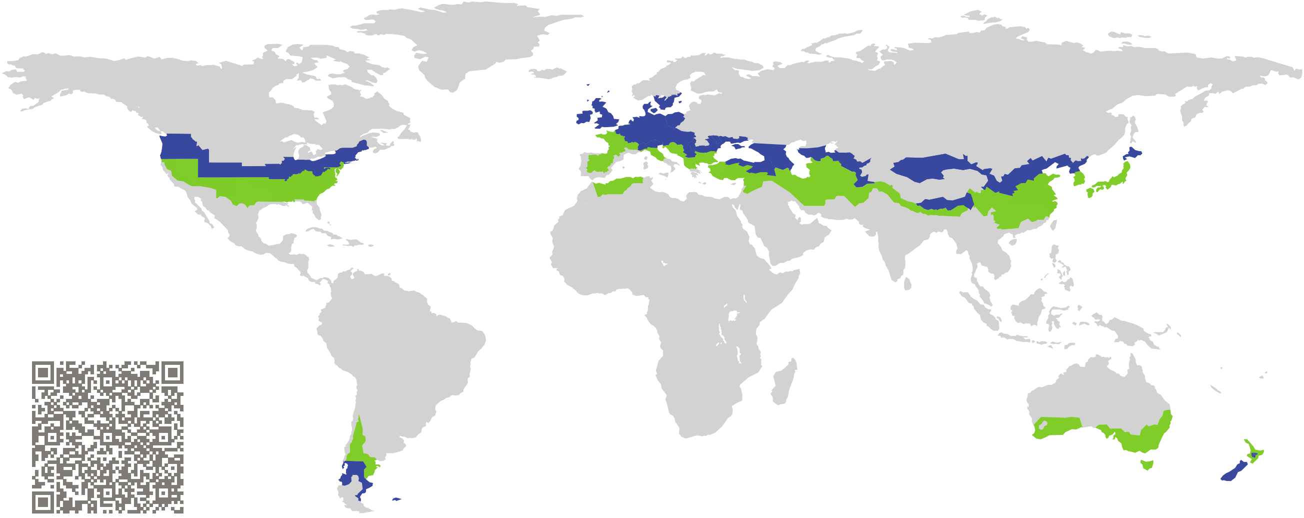
CERTIFICATE

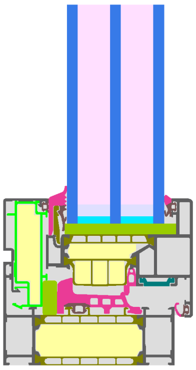
Certified Passive House Component

Component-ID 1948wi03 valid until 31st December 2025

Passive House Institute
Dr. Wolfgang Feist
64283 Darmstadt
Germany



Category:	**Window Frame**
Manufacturer:	**Xin Passive (Shandong) window and door system Co., Ltd,** **Weifang,** **China**
Product name:	**PSW 95 SI**



This certificate was awarded based on the following criteria for the cool, temperate climate zone

Comfort	$U_W = 0.79$	$\leq$	$0.80\ \mathrm{W/(m^2\,K)}$
	$U_{W,\mathrm{installed}}$	$\leq$	$0.85\ \mathrm{W/(m^2\,K)}$
	with U_g	$=$	$0.70\ \mathrm{W/(m^2\,K)}$
Hygiene	$f_{Rsi=0.25}$	$\geq$	0.70

cool, temperate climate

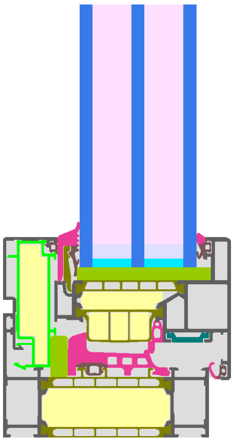
phA

CERTIFIED COMPONENT

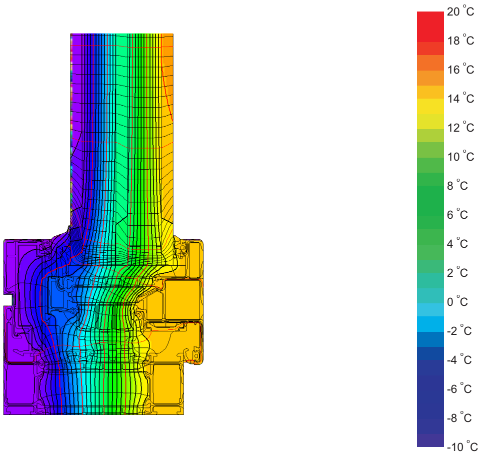
Passive House Institute

Passive House efficiency class phE phD phC phB phA

www.passivehouse.com



Calculation model



Isothermal

Description

Aluminium frame with thermal separation (Noryl GTX 8110 with 10% Glass fibre 0.18 W/(mK)) and insulation (Kooltherm 0.022 W/(mK) and PE foam 0.038 W/(mK)); Pane thickness: 54 mm (6/18/6/18/6); Rebate depth: 14 mm; Spacer: Technoform-Spacer SP16; Secondary sealing: PU

Explanation

The window U-values were calculated for the test window size of 1.23 m × 1.48 m with $U_g = 0.70\,\mathrm{W/(m^2\,K)}$. If a higher quality glazing is used, the window U-values will improve as follows:

Glazing	U_g =	0.70	0.64	0.58	0.54	$\mathrm{W/(m^2\,K)}$
		↓	↓	↓	↓	
Window	U_W =	0.79	0.75	0.70	0.67	$\mathrm{W/(m^2\,K)}$

Transparent building components are classified into efficiency classes depending on the heat losses through the opaque part. The frame U-Values, frame widths, thermal bridges at the glazing edge, and the glazing edge lengths are included in these heat losses. A more detailed report of the calculations performed in the context of certification is available from the manufacturer.

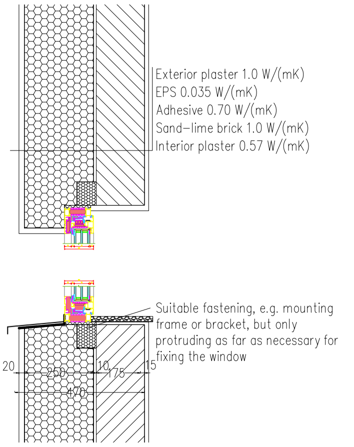
The Passive House Institute has defined international component criteria for seven climate zones. In principle, components which have been certified for climate zones with higher requirements may also be used in climates with less stringent requirements. In a particular climate zone it may make sense to use a component of a higher thermal quality which has been certified for a climate zone with more stringent requirements.

Further information relating to certification
can be found on www.passivehouse.com and passipedia.org.

Validated installations

Exterior insulation and finishing system

$U_{\text{Wall}} = 0.13\,\text{W/(m}^2\,\text{K)}$

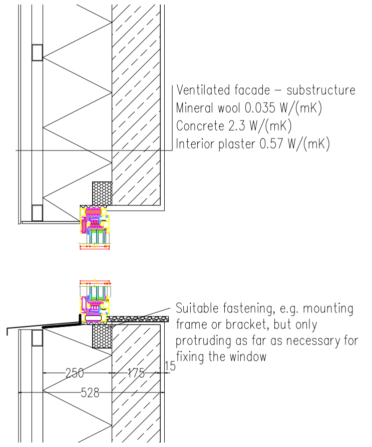


Ψ_{install}	W/(m K)
Top	0.018
Side	0.018
Bottom	0.022

$U_{W,\text{installed}} = 0.85\,\text{W/(m}^2\,\text{K)}$

Ventilated facade

$U_{\text{Wall}} = 0.13\,\text{W/(m}^2\,\text{K)}$

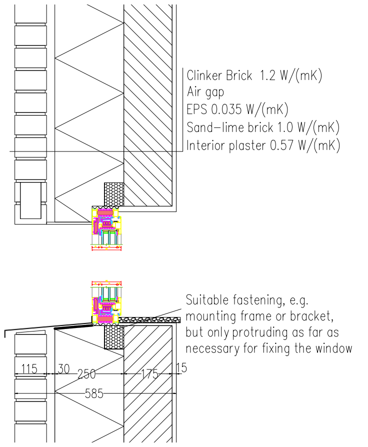


Ψ_{install}	W/(m K)
Top	0.015
Side	0.015
Bottom	0.021

$U_{W,\text{installed}} = 0.84\,\text{W/(m}^2\,\text{K)}$

Cavity wall

$U_{\text{Wall}} = 0.13\,\text{W/(m}^2\,\text{K)}$



Ψ_{install}	W/(m K)
Top	0.017
Side	0.017
Bottom	0.021

$U_{W,\text{installed}} = 0.85\,\text{W/(m}^2\,\text{K)}$

Frame values		Frame width b_f mm	U-value frame U_f W/(m² K)	Ψ-glazing edge Ψ_g W/(m K)	Temp. Factor $f_{Rsi=0.25}$ [-]
Transom 1 casement	(1T1)	115	0.77	0.026	0.78
Bottom	(OB1)	93	0.80	0.026	0.79
Top	(OH1)	93	0.80	0.026	0.79
Lateral	(OJ1)	93	0.80	0.026	0.79

Spacer: Technoform-Spacer SP16 Secondary seal: Polyurethan