Project Documentation — Two single-family terraced houses in Rafelbunyol (Valencia), Spain



1 Abstract



(Source: ra[]el arquitectura)

1.1 Data of building

Year of construction	2018		10			
Area	432.30 m²	Space heating	I U kWh/(m²h)			
U-value external wall	0.174 W/(m²K)	Space cooling	10 kWh/(m²h)			
U-value basement floor	0.393 W/(m ² K)	Primary Energy Renewable (PER)	27,24 kWh /(m²a)			
U-value roof	0.18 W/(m ² K)	Generation of renewable energy	59,91 kWh /(m²a)			
U-value window	1.14 W/(m²K)	Non-renewable Primary Energy (PE)	57,14 kWh/(m²h)			
Heat recovery	86%	Pressure test n ⁵⁰	0,354/h			
Special features		o-healthy building. Free design of toxic chemical components and electromagnetic fields. Equipped with grey water recovery stem				

1.2 Brief Description of the Project

Two single-family terraced houses designed and built according to the principles of the Passive House Institute, through a traditional construction of concrete and brick, with external thermal insulation composite systems (ETICS).

It is the first project of its kind in the region, promoted with the aim of being an energy-efficient building, technically and economically viable.

The houses also have a photovoltaic installation to produce the energy they need, as well as a water recovery system.

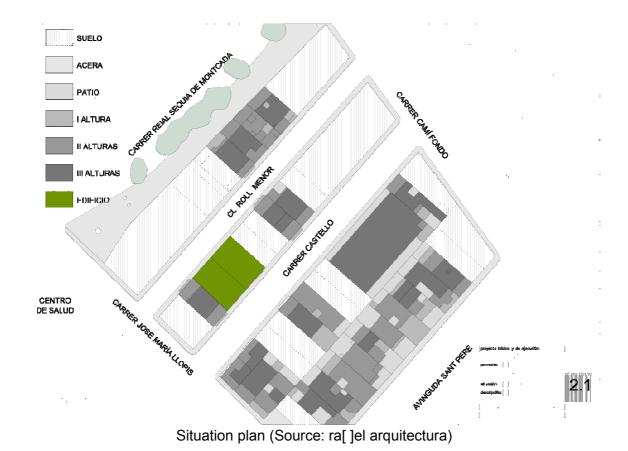
In order to also be a bio-healthy building, all construction processes have been developed to avoid toxic building materials, electromagnetic fields and to reduce the carbon footprint through a responsible design with the environment.

Starting from the typical typology of local housing and following contemporary aesthetic approaches, each dwelling is organized in an east-facing courtyard for use almost the entire year.

It is located in Rafelbunyol (Valencia)



(Source: Google Earth)



1.3 Responsible project participants

Architect/	ra[]el ARQUITECTURA RAFAEL ORTEGA ESCRIG,
Entwurfsverfasser	RAQUEL MARCOS LÓPEZ
Implementation planning/	ra[]el ARQUITECTURA RAFAEL ORTEGA ESCRIG,
Ausführungsplanung	RAQUEL MARCOS LÓPEZ
Building systems/	ra[]el ARQUITECTURA RAFAEL ORTEGA ESCRIG,
Haustechnik	RAQUEL MARCOS LÓPEZ
Structural engineering/	ra[]el ARQUITECTURA RAFAEL ORTEGA ESCRIG,
Baustatik	RAQUEL MARCOS LÓPEZ
Building physics/	ra[]el ARQUITECTURA RAFAEL ORTEGA ESCRIG,
Bauphysik	RAQUEL MARCOS LÓPEZ
Passive House project planning/ Passivhaus-Projektierung	RAFAEL ORTEGA ESCRIG
Construction management/	ra[]el ARQUITECTURA RAFAEL ORTEGA ESCRIG,
Bauleitung	RAQUEL MARCOS LÓPEZ

Certifying body/ Zertifizierungsstelle

VAND ARQUITECTURA

Certification ID/ Zertifizierungs ID ID 20388-20389_VAND_PH_20190301_ND Projekt-ID (www.passivehouse-database.org)

Author of project documentation / Verfasser der Gebäude-Dokumentation RAFAEL ORTEGA ESCRIG, | ra[]el ARQUITECTURA

Date, Signature/

Datum, Unterschrift

Madrid, 3rd of june 2019



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2 Pictures of the project

2.1 Exterior photographs



North-West view (Source: ra[]el arquitectura)



South-East view (Source: ra[]el arquitectura)



South-East view (Source: ra[]el arquitectura)



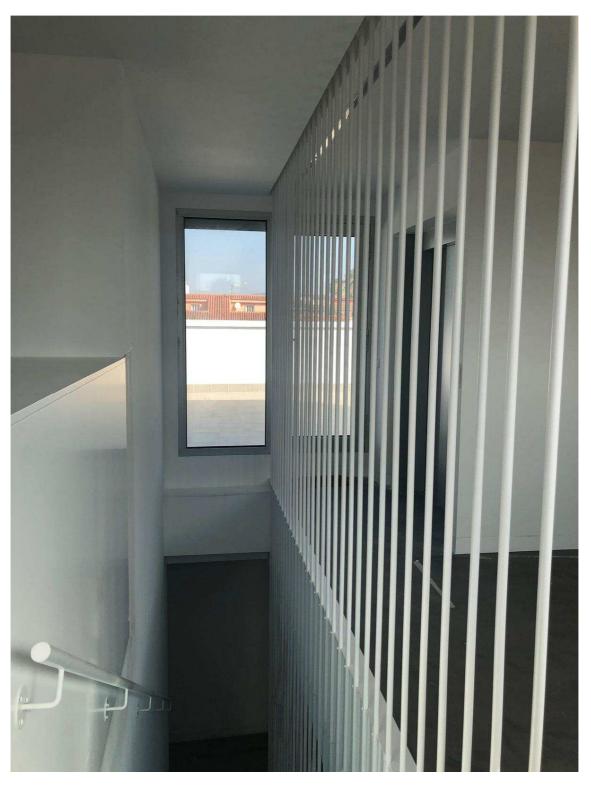
South-East view (Source: ra[]el arquitectura)

2.1 Interior photographs



(Source: ra[]el arquitectura)

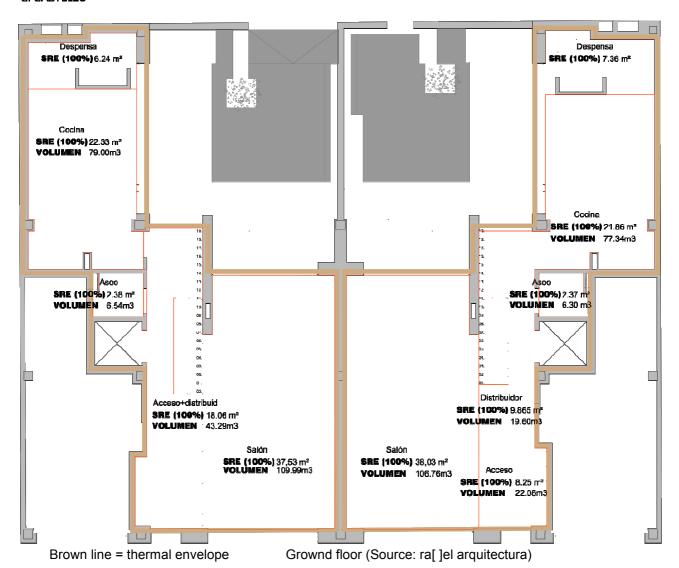


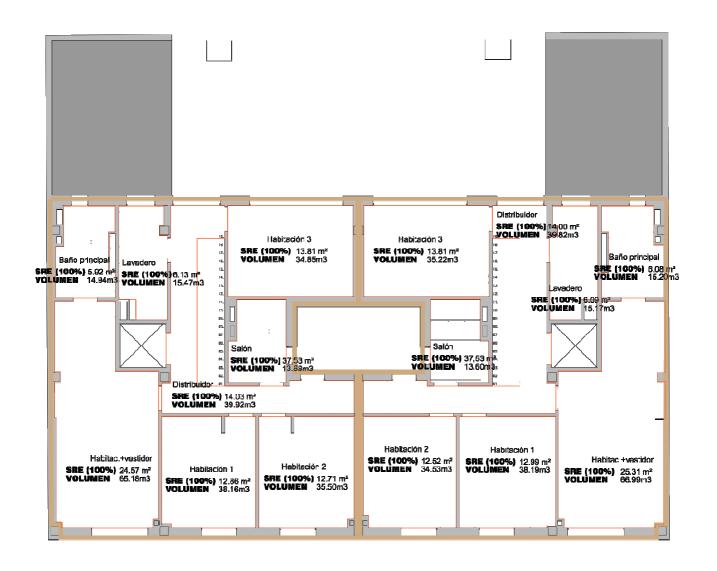


(Source: ra[]el arquitectura)

3 **Plans**

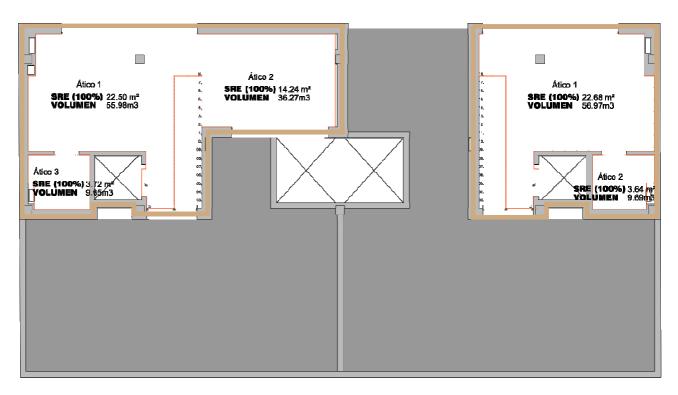
C. CASTELLÓ





Brown line = thermal envelope

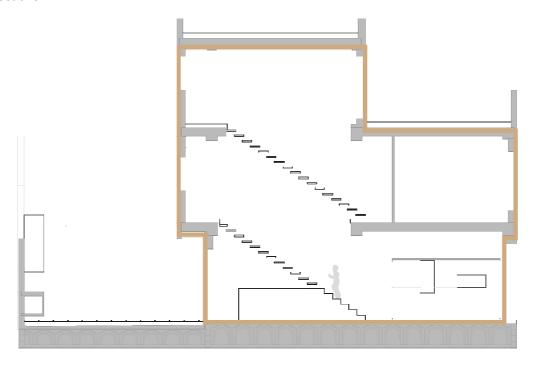
First floor (Source: ra[]el arquitectura)



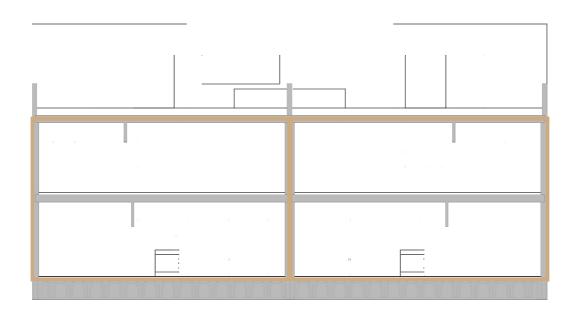
Brown line = thermal envelope

Second floor (Source: ra[]el arquitectura)

Sections:



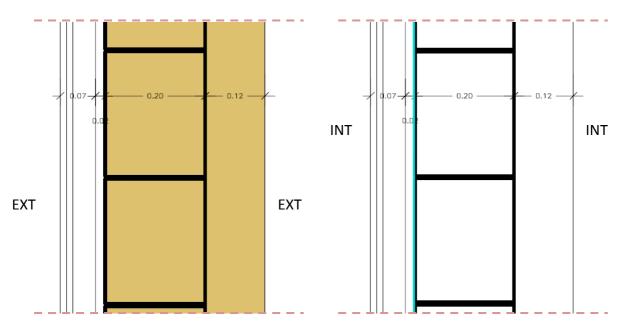
Brown line = thermal envelope



Brown line = thermal envelope

4 Technical details of the construction

4.1 Exterior walls



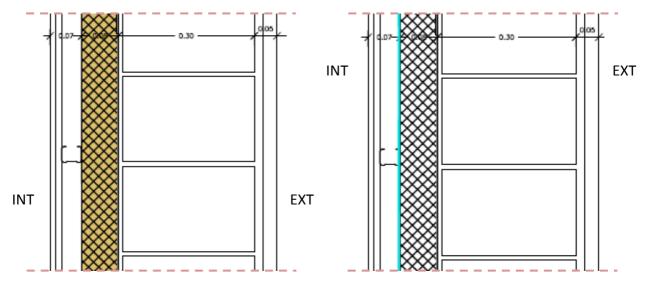
Brown line = thermal envelope

Blue line = airtight layer

[EXT] = [OUTDOOR]

Morter	10mm
Insulation Sate MW duo plus (λ=0,035)	120mm
Ytong 20	200mm
Plaster	20mm
Air chamber	46mm
Plasterboard	25mm

U-value= 0,174 W(m³k)



Brown line = thermal envelope

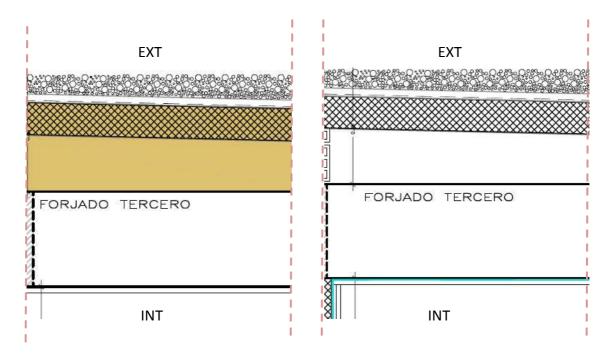
Blue line = airtight layer

[EXT] = [OUTDOOR]

Stone 30mm Morter 20mm Thermal blocks 120mm Morter 10mm Insulation (λ =0,034) 20mm Majpell 5 0mm Air chamber 46mm Plasterboard 25mm

U-value= 0,257 W(m³k)

4.2 Flat roof



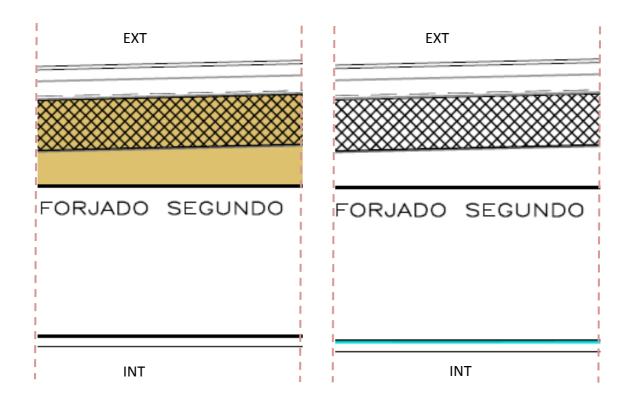
Brown line = thermal envelope

Blue line = airtight layer

[EXT] = [OUTDOOR]

Felt	1mm
Morter	20mm
Felt	1mm
EPDM	2mm
Insulation (λ=0,034)	100mm
Latermix Cem Classic	150mm
FU Entrevigado EPS	300mm
Plaster	20mm

U-value= 0,18 W(m³k)



Brown line = thermal envelope

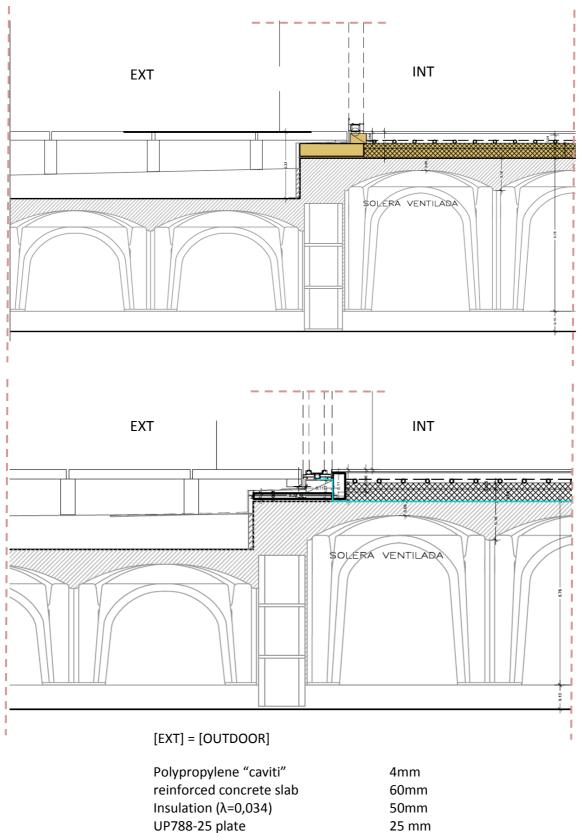
Blue line = airtight layer

[EXT] = [OUTDOOR]

Ceramic tile 10mm mortar levelling 20mm Felt 1mm Morter 35mm Felt 1mm **EPDM** 1,52mm Insulation (λ =0,034) 100mm Latermix Cem Classic 75mm FU Entrevigado EPS 300mm Plaster 20mm

U-value= 0,198 W(m3k)

4.3 Basement floor



U-value= 0,393 W(m³k)

Self-levelling mortar

porcelain stoneware

adhesive mortar

41mm

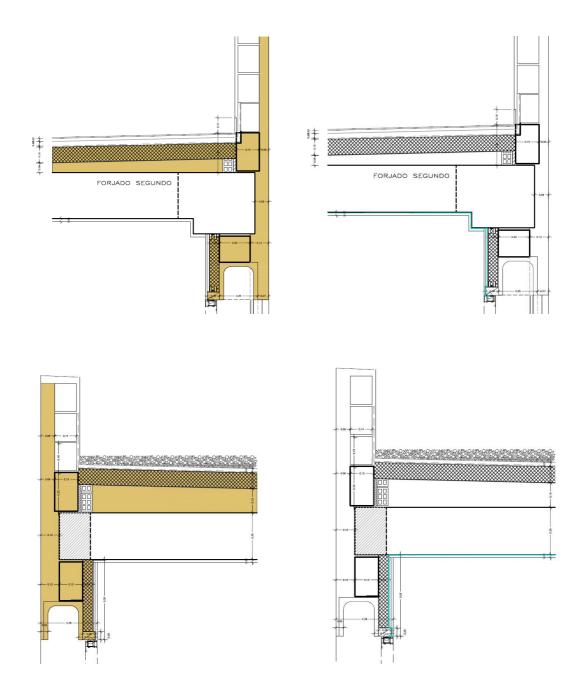
5 mm

10mm

Blue line = airtight layer

4.4 Connection details

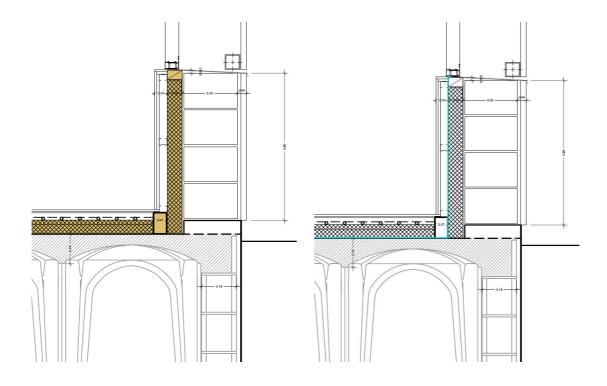
External wall - flat roof



Brown line = thermal envelope

Blue line = airtight layer

Basement wall - floor slab



Brown line = thermal envelope

Blue line = airtight layer

4.5 Windows

4.5.1 Window frame

SCHÜCO, Ventana Schüco AWS 75 SI Schüco AWS 75.SI+/ADS 75.SI Schüco ASE 80.HI

Uf-value calculation by Schücal with the calculation module of 20.06.2013 has been subjected to plausibility control by the ift Rosenheim institute according to ift WA-05/2.

Marco	os de ventana								
ID			Valor U _f			Ancho del marco			
	Descripción	Izquierda	Derecha	Abajo	Arriba	Izquierda	Derecha	Abajo	Arriba
		W/(m²K)	W/(m²K)	W/(m²K)	W/(m²K)	m	m	m	m
01ud	TIPO 1 BALCONERA OSCILO-FIJO-OSCILO	1,40	1,60	1,40	1,40	0,109	0,067	0,109	0,109
02ud	TIPO 1 BALCONERA OSCILO-FIJO-OSCILO	1,60	1,60	1,20	1,20	0,067	0,067	0,069	0,069
03ud	TIPO 1 BALCONERA OSCILO-FIJO-OSCILO	1,60	1,40	1,40	1,40	0,067	0,109	0,109	0,109
04ud	TIPO 1 VENTANA OSCILO-FIJO-OSCILO	1,30	1,60	1,30	1,30	0,109	0,058	0,109	0,109
05ud	TIPO 1 VENTANA OSCILO-FIJO-OSCILO	1,60	1,60	1,20	1,20	0,058	0,058	0,067	0,067
06ud	TIPO 1 VENTANA OSCILO-FIJO-OSCILO	1,60	1,30	1,30	1,30	0,058	0,109	0,109	0,109
07ud	TIPO 2 BALCONERA OSCILO-FIJO	1,30	1,50	1,30	1,30	0,109	0,067	0,109	0,109
08ud	TIPO 2 BALCONERA OSCILO-FIJO	1,50	1,20	1,20	1,20	0,067	0,069	0,069	0,069
09ud	TIPO 2 VENTANA OSCILO-FIJO	1,30	1,60	1,30	1,30	0,109	0,058	0,109	0,109
10ud	TIPO 2 VENTANA OSCILO-FIJO	1,60	1,20	1,20	1,20	0,058	0,069	0,069	0,069
11ud	TIPO 3 BALCONERA OSCILO	1,30	1,30	1,30	1,30	0,109	0,109	0,109	0,109
12ud	TIPO 4 VENTANA OSCILO-FIJO-OSCILO-FIJO	1,30	1,60	1,30	1,30	0,109	0,058	0,109	0,109
13ud	TIPO 4 VENTANA OSCILO-FIJO-OSCILO-FIJO	1,60	1,60	1,20	1,20	0,058	0,058	0,069	0,058
14ud	TIPO 4 VENTANA OSCILO-FIJO-OSCILO-FIJO	1,60	1,60	1,30	1,30	0,058	0,058	0,109	0,109
15ud	TIPO 4 VENTANA OSCILO-FIJO-OSCILO-FIJO	1,60	1,20	1,20	1,20	0,058	0,069	0,069	0,069
16ud	TIPO 5 PUERTA GENERICA	2,10	2,10	1,90	2,10	0,147	0,147	0,147	0,147
17ud	TIPO 5 PUERTA ENTRADA	2,00	2,00	1,80	2,00	0,147	0,147	0,147	0,147
18ud	TIPO 6 PUERTA - FIJO	2,40	2,40	2,40	1,90	0,147	0,069	0,147	0,147
19ud	TIPO 6 PUERTA - FIJO	2,40	1,20	1,20	1,20	0,069	0,069	0,069	0,069
20ud	TIPO 7 ELEVABLE DCHA	2,70	2,00	2,10	2,00	0,020	0,132	0,132	0,151
21ud	TIPO 7 ELEVABLE IZQDA	2,00	2,70	2,00	1,80	0,132	0,020	0,132	0,151

4.5.2 Glass

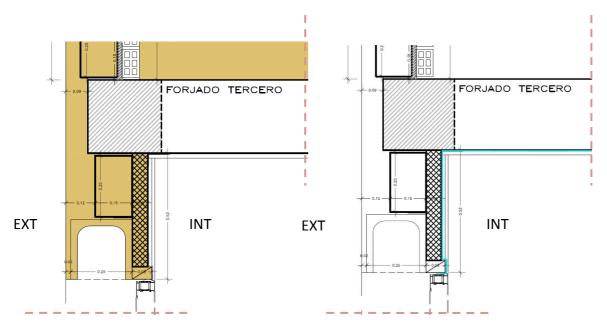
Туре	U-Value	g-Value
6 / 12 (10% air, 90% krypton) / 4 / 12 (10% air, 90% krypton) / 4+4	0,482 W/m²·K	51,7

4.5.3 Shadow elements

External blinds were incorporated to provide solar protection during the summer months. They are controlled by a home automation system.

4.5.4 Window installation detail

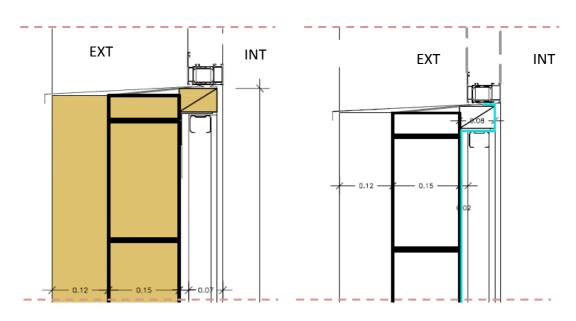
Top installation



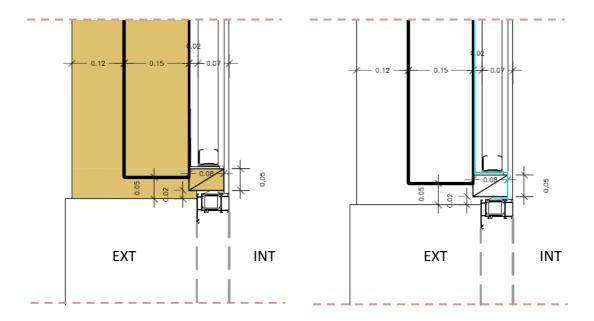
Brown line = thermal envelope

Blue line = airtight layer

Bottom installation



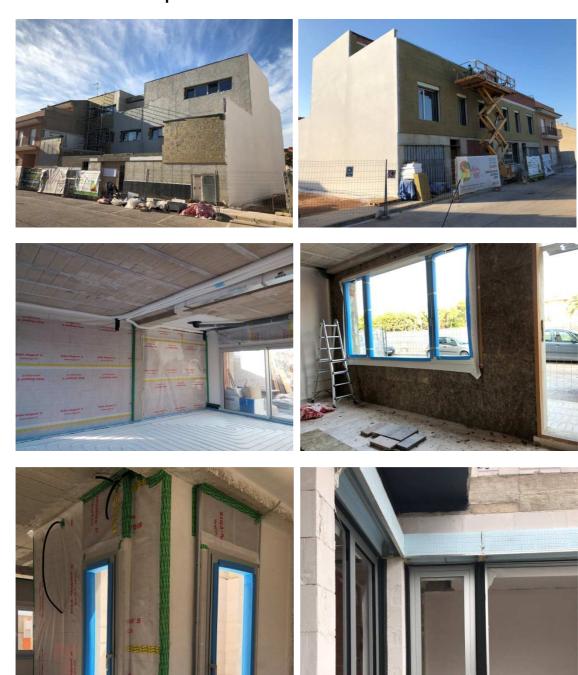
Lateral installation



Brown line = thermal envelope

Blue line = airtight layer

4.6 Construction phase



(Source: ra[]el arquitectura)



(Source: ra[]el arquitectura)

5 **Airtightness**

5.1 **BlowerDoor test results**

C/ Roll Menor, 23 46138 Rafelbunyol (Valencia)

RESULTADOS

Despresurización

Diferencial de presión en flujo-cero antes del ensayo (Pa): - 0.2

Diferencial de presión en flujo-cero después del ensayo (Pa): - 0.1

Mediciones: (Anexo I)

V50, Caudal a 50 Pa (m3/h50): 232

n50, Tasa de renovación a 50 Pa (1/h): 0.35

Presurización

Diferencial de presión en flujo-cero antes del ensayo: 0.0

Diferencial de presión en flujo-cero después del ensayo: 0.4

Mediciones: (Anexo I)

V50, Caudal a 50 Pa (m3/h50): 206

n50, Tasa de renovación a 50 Pa (1/h): 0.31

Resultados finales

V50, Caudal a 50 Pa (m3/h50): 219

n50, Tasa de renovación a 50 Pa (1/h): 0.33

6. CONCLUSIONES DEL ENSAYO

Con un resultado n50 de 0.33 1/h podemos garantizar que el edificio cumple con las exigencias del Estándar Passivhaus para obra nueva en lo que se refiere a la permeabilidad al aire del edificio.

C/ Roll Menor, 25

46138 Rafelbunyol (Valencia)

RESULTADOS

nso = Vso / Vint

Despresurización

Diferencial de presión en flujo-cero antes del ensayo (Pa): - 0.1

Diferencial de presión en flujo-cero después del ensayo (Pa): - 0.4

Mediciones: (Anexo I)

V50, Caudal a 50 Pa (m3/h50): 242

n50, Tasa de renovación a 50 Pa (1/h): 0.39

Presurización

Diferencial de presión en flujo-cero antes del ensayo: 1.2

Diferencial de presión en flujo-cero después del ensayo: 0.4

Mediciones: (Anexo I)

V50, Caudal a 50 Pa (m3/h50): 231

n50, Tasa de renovación a 50 Pa (1/h): 0.37

Resultados finales

V50, Caudal a 50 Pa (m3/h50): 237

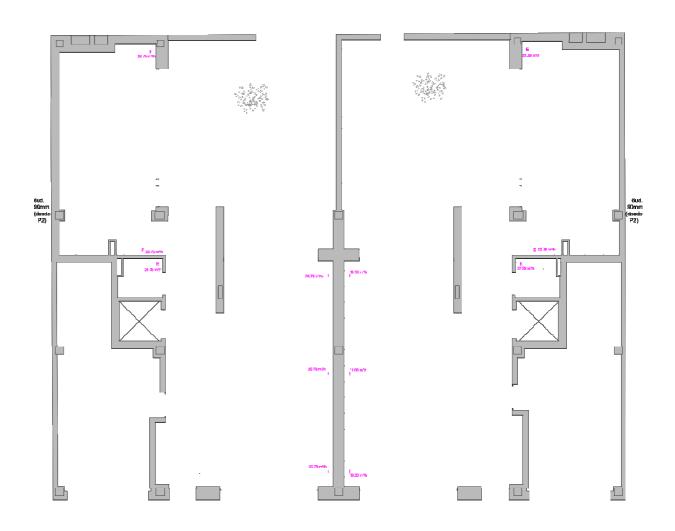
n50, Tasa de renovación a 50 Pa (1/h): **0.38**

6. CONCLUSIONES DEL ENSAYO

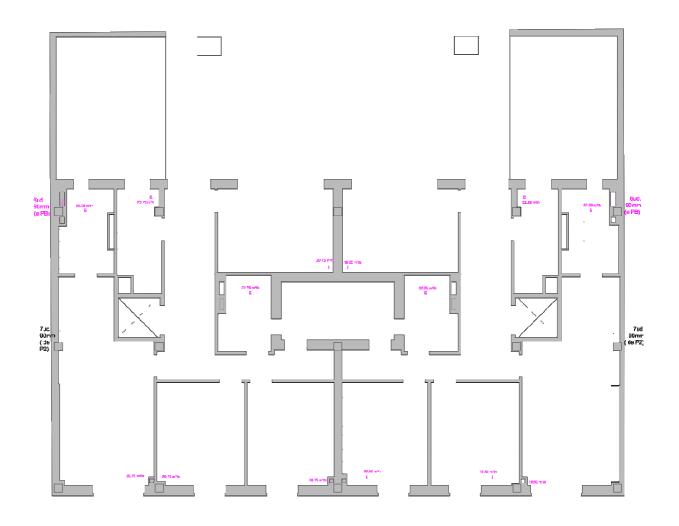
Con un resultado n50 de 0.38 1/h podemos garantizar que el edificio cumple con las exigencias del Estándar Passivhaus para obra nueva en lo que se refiere a la permeabilidad al aire del edificio.

6 Ventilation

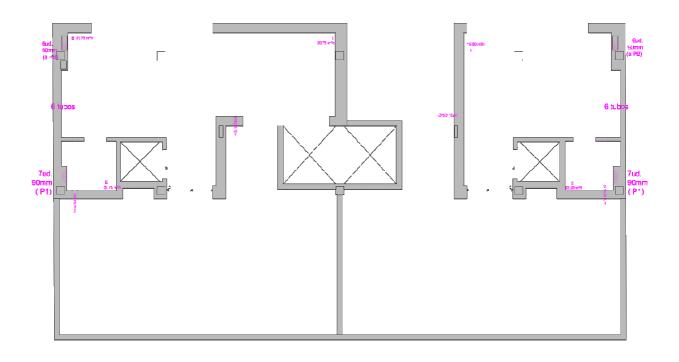
6.1 Ventilation planning



Ground floor (source: ra[]el arquitectura)



First floor (source: ra[]el arquitectura)



Second floor (source: ra[]el arquitectura)

6.2 Construction phase







(Source: ra[]el arquitectura)





(Source: ra[]el arquitectura)

6.3 Ventilation unit

Average air flow	Humidity	Heat	Efficiency	Specific electric	Leakage	e airflow
rate m³/h	recovery	recovery rate	ratio	power	internal	external
165 m³/h	73%	86%	0.76	0.22 Wh/m³	0.39%	0.28%





(Source: ra[]el arquitectura)

7 Building Services

The building is designed with a cold/heat generation system and ACS via Aerothermal, with MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC's ECODAN HYBRID system.

7.1 Heating/cooling

Heating_ The system has a 30 L inertia accumulator and a distribution with insulated pipe to the collector box per plant where the Radiant Soil circuits are located.

Cooling_ The system has an indoor unit PEAD-RP71 that distributes through ducts to the two main floors. The attic room has a SPLIT cooling system.

7.2 Domestic hot water

Aerothermal heat pump ECODAN by MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC + HYDROBOX of 200 I.

The system has a Hydrobox unit of 200 liters, storage at 45°, with pump recirculation circuit, powered by electrical switches in each bathroom and for thermostat at the entrance of the accumulator, allowing only a recirculation on demand from ACS and the operation and electrical consumption of the recirculation pump to a minimum.

Although single-family homes fall outside the scope of state legionella protection legislation, the ACS accumulation system has an automatic schedule to perform a monthly thermal jump to minimize risks.



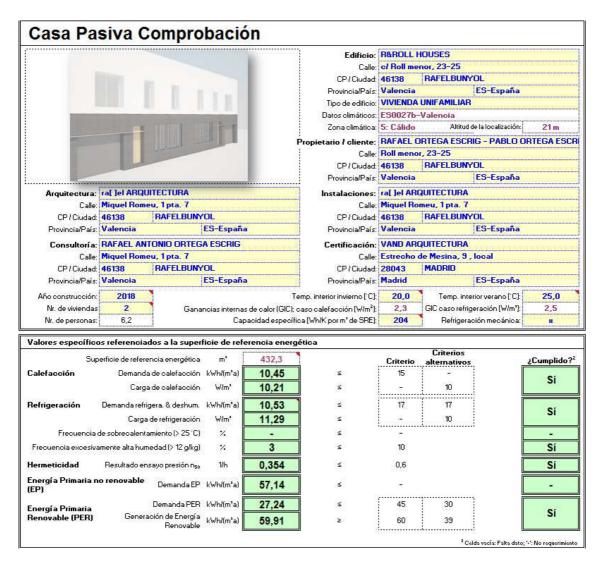


Ecodan Hydrobox (Source: ra[]el arquitectura)

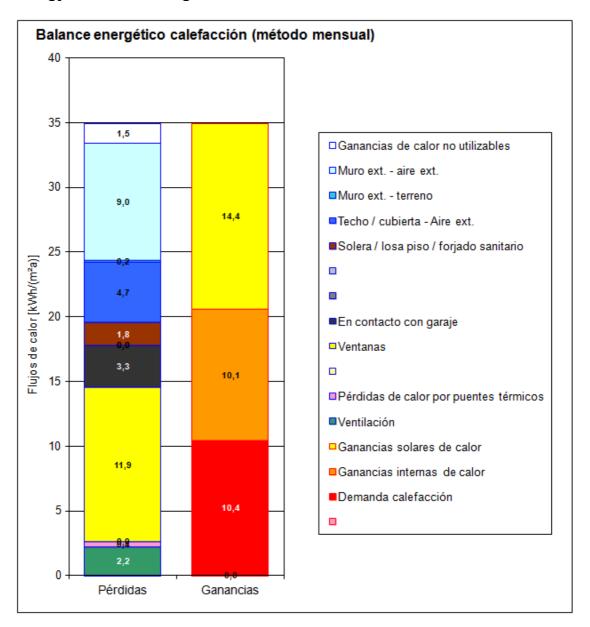


Circulating pump for sanitary hot water (Source: ra[]el arquitectura)

8 PHPP results



Energy balance heating



Energy balance cooling

