

# Project Documentation Gebäude-Dokumentation

Abstract | Zusammenfassung



## Single-family dwelling house at Oleggio (NO) Italy

### Data of building | Gebäudedaten

Year of construction Baujahr	2012	<b>Space heating Heizwärmebedarf</b>	<b>20</b> kWh/(m <sup>2</sup> a)
U-value external wall U-Wert Außenwand	0,115 W/(m <sup>2</sup> K)	<b>Primary Energy Renewable (PER) Erneuerbare Primärenergie (PER)</b>	28 kWh/(m <sup>2</sup> a)
U-value basement U-Wert Kellerdecke	0,166 W/(m <sup>2</sup> K)	<b>Generation of renewable Energy Erzeugung erneuerb. Energie</b>	41 kWh/(m <sup>2</sup> a)
U-value roof U-Wert Dach	0,135 W/(m <sup>2</sup> K)	<b>Non-renewable Primary Energy (PE) Nicht erneuerbare Primärenergie (PE)</b>	54 kWh/(m <sup>2</sup> a)
U-value window U-Wert Fenster	1,25 W/(m <sup>2</sup> K)	Pressurization test n <sub>50</sub> Drucktest n <sub>50</sub>	0,94 h <sup>-1</sup>
Heat recovery Wärmerückgewinnung	82,5%	Photovoltaic system with renewable energy production for 6.749 Kwh/year. Geothermal pre-treatment for VMC. Born as a rural building in the mid-1900s, the building achieves the Passivhaus Standard, EnerPHit Plus Class.	
Special features Besonderheiten			

## Brief Description

The residence "Casa Cesti" is a complete renovation of an existing traditional farmhouse in a farming complex which was built in 1942. The buildings are divided into residential use and livestock facilities and are typical of the rural area of the Oleggio municipality (Province of Novara) in the Italian region of Piedmont. The original house was made of brick masonry and stone courses and is oriented along an east-west axis with the main façade facing south. The two storey house opens onto the courtyard. The gabled roof has different pitches, the southern slope is steeper or more accentuated and the northern slope is slightly less inclined.

The renovation of the structure was done in order to create a "modern farmhouse" - an energetically efficient building, designed according to the criteria of the Passivhaus Institute by respecting the impact on the outdoor environment through the rational use of clean and renewable energy throughout the life cycle and excluding the use, for any purpose, of fossil fuels, without losing comfort and style for the occupants.

The choice of environmentally friendly construction materials to be used for the refurbishment included: insulation made from wood fibre recycled from machining waste, rectangular bricks for low conductivity, interior counterparts made of natural material, interior plastics free from cement and heavy metals, plaster interior finishes which would naturally improve the hygroscopic characteristics of the internal moisture regulation; original structure made from local stone.

## Breve descrizione

La residenza "Casa Cesti" è una ristrutturazione integrale di un'abitazione colonica esistente in un complesso agricolo costruito nel 1942.

L'edificio esistente, tipico della zona rurale di Oleggio (NO) nella regione italiana del Piemonte, in origine presentava le caratteristiche costruttive della classica cascina oleggese, ossia di uno stabile a supporto delle attività agricole, orientato prevalentemente lungo l'asse est-ovest con la facciata principale a sud, aperta sugli spazi della corte e realizzato su due piani fuori terra, con una distribuzione verticale interna ed accessi ai locali del piano superiore lungo un ballatoio esterno. Il tetto a due falde ha pendenze diverse, con la falda sud (poco inclinata) e la falda nord (più accentuata).

L'intervento, che urbanisticamente non poteva prevedere in alcun modo la modifica della sagoma e della volumetria esistente, è stato orientato alla rivisitazione della struttura parallelepipedica esistente, al fine di realizzare una "cascina moderna": un edificio energeticamente efficiente, progettato secondo i criteri del Passivhaus Institute, che rispetta l'impatto sull'ambiente esterno grazie all'uso razionale di energia pulita e rinnovabile durante tutto il ciclo di vita ed escludendo l'impiego, per alcun scopo, di combustibili fossili, senza tralasciare comfort e stile per i suoi occupanti.

La scelta dei materiali costruttivi da impiegare per la ristrutturazione si è da subito orientata verso l'uso di prodotti ecocompatibili, come ad esempio la nuova copertura in legno con isolante costituito da fibra di legno derivante da scarti di lavorazione; laterizi rettificati per le contropareti interne a bassa conducibilità, costituiti da materiale naturale; intonaci interni privi di cemento e metalli pesanti; finiture interne a gesso, al fine di migliorare naturalmente le caratteristiche igroscopiche di regolazione dell'umidità interna; soglie e davanzali in pietre locali.

## Responsible project participants | Verantwortliche Projektbeteiligte

Architect Entwurfsverfasser	Architetto Cesti Marco Via Galli 6 – 28047 Oleggio (NO)
Implementation planning Ausführungsplanung	
Building systems Haustechnik	Architetto Cesti Marco Via Galli 6 – 28047 Oleggio (NO)
Structural engineering Baustatik	-
Building physics Bauphysik	Architetto Cesti Marco Via Galli 6 – 28047 Oleggio (NO)
Passive House project planning Passivhaus-Projektierung	Architetto Cesti Marco Via Galli 6 – 28047 Oleggio (NO)
Construction management Bauleitung	A.F. Impresa Edile di Allia Francesco Via San Giorgio 39 – 28065 Cerano (NO)
<b>Certifying body Zertifizierungsstelle</b>	ZEPHIR Passivhaus Italia – Dr. Phys. Francesco Nesi <a href="http://www.passivhausitalia.com">www.passivhausitalia.com</a>
<b>Certification ID Zertifizierungs ID</b>	<b>6413</b> Project-ID ( <a href="http://www.passivehouse-database.org">www.passivehouse-database.org</a> ) Projekt-ID ( <a href="http://www.passivhausprojekte.de">www.passivhausprojekte.de</a> )
Author of project documentation Verfasser der Gebäude-Dokumentation	Architetto Cesti Marco Via Galli 6 – 28047 Oleggio (NO) <a href="http://www.studiocesti.it">www.studiocesti.it</a>

Date, Signature/  
Datum, Unterschrift

01.09.2020

  
AR (H) ORDINE DEGLI ARCHITETTI, PIANIFICATORI,  
PAESAGGISTI E CONSERVATORI PROVINCE  
NO (O) DI NOVARA E VERBANO - CUSIO - OSSOLA  
ARCHITETTO  
sezione A/a Marco Cesti  
n° 1350

Views of the “Casa Cesti” in Oleggio (NO), Italy



South view of the “Casa Cesti” in Oleggio (NO), Italy.



South and west view of the “Casa Cesti” in Oleggio (NO), Italy.



Est front “public street” view of the “Casa Cesti” in Oleggio (NO), Italy.



Internal view (Living Room) of the “Casa Cesti” in Oleggio (NO), Italy.



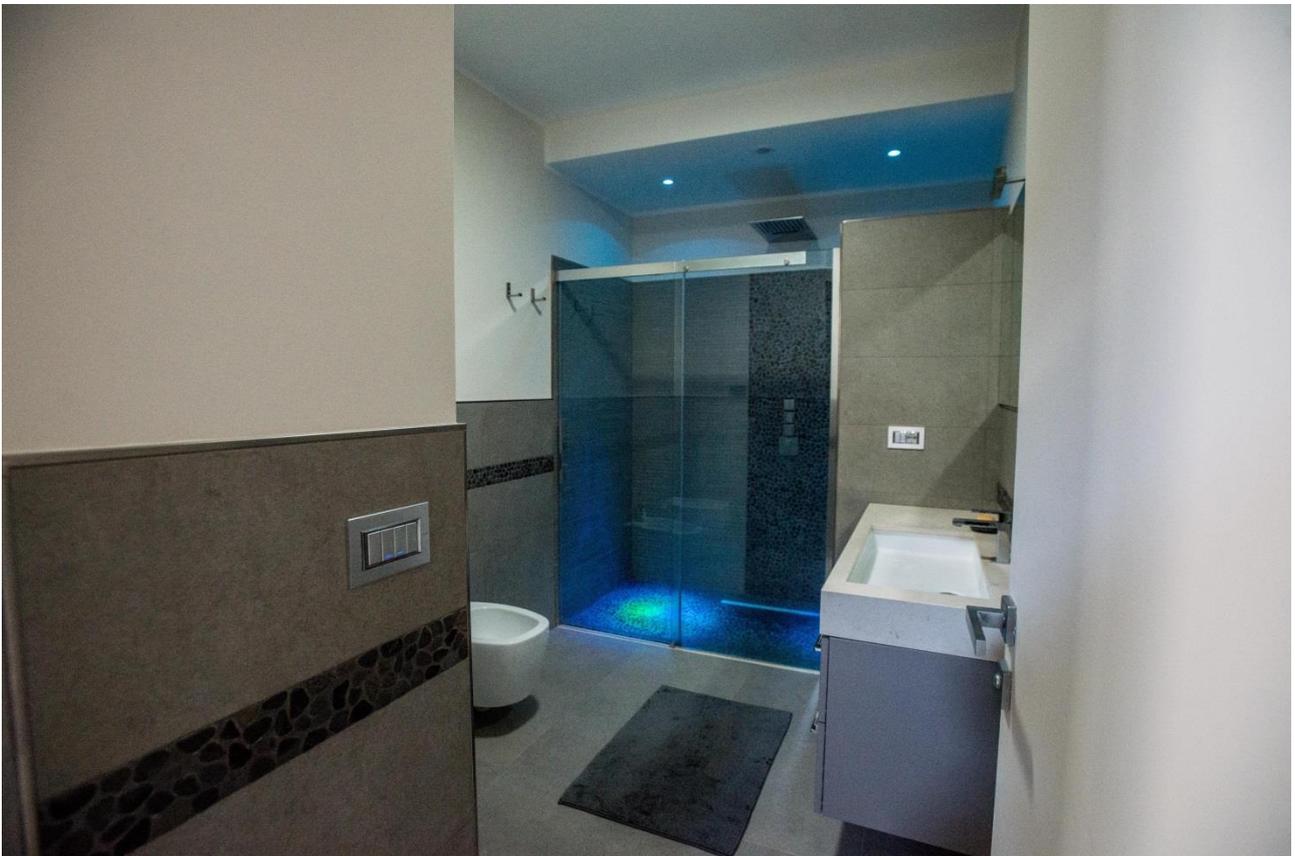
Internal view (kitchen) of the “Casa Cesti” in Oleggio (NO), Italy.



Internal view (Mezzanine) of the “Casa Cesti” in Oleggio (NO), Italy.

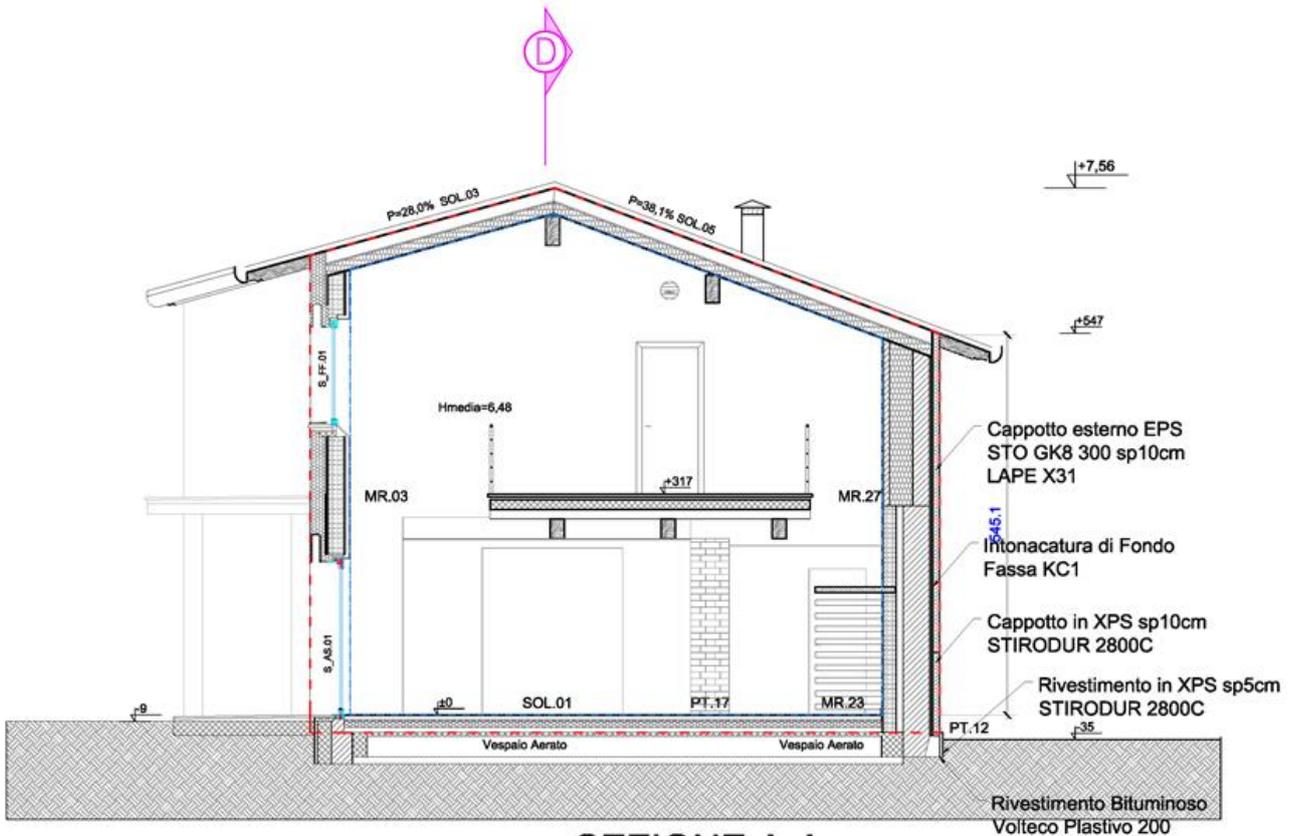


Internal view (Office) of the “Casa Cesti” in Oleggio (NO), Italy.

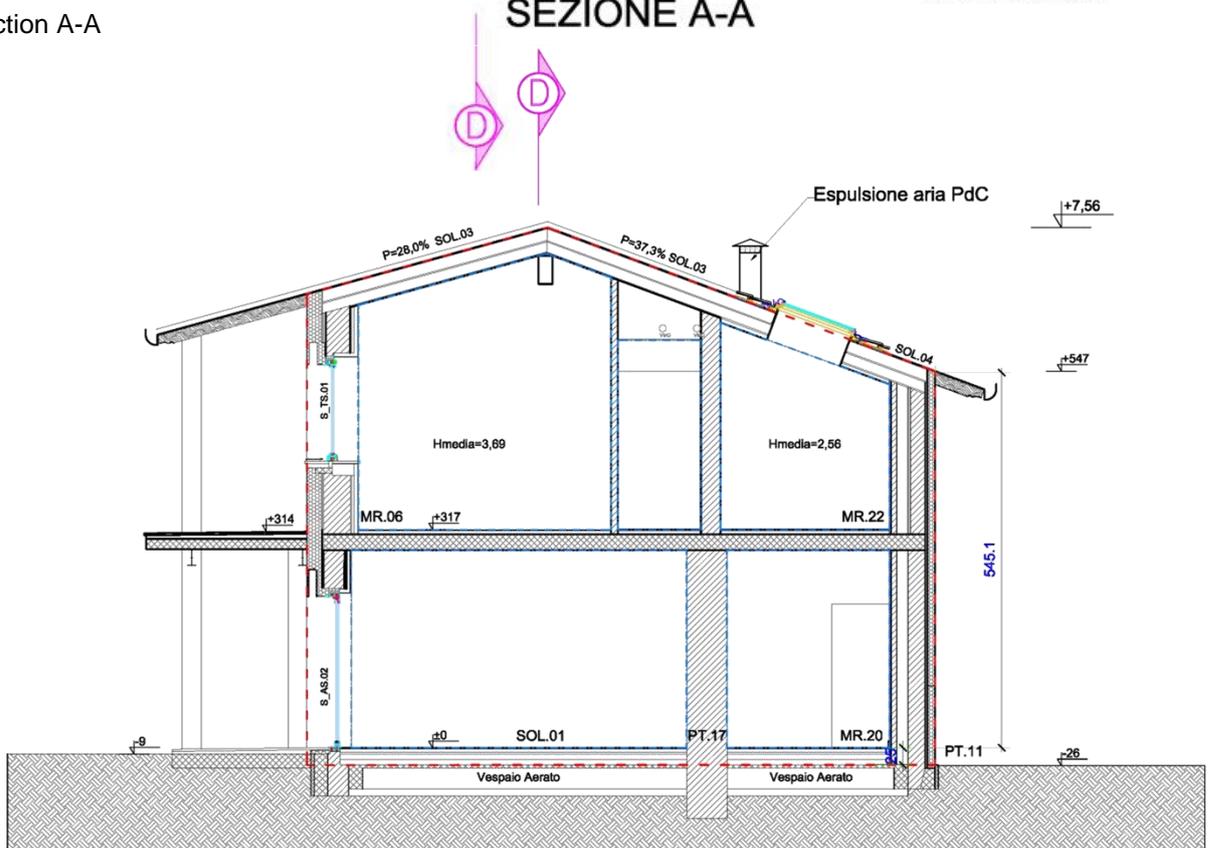


Internal view (main bathroom) of the “Casa Cesti” in Oleggio (NO), Italy.

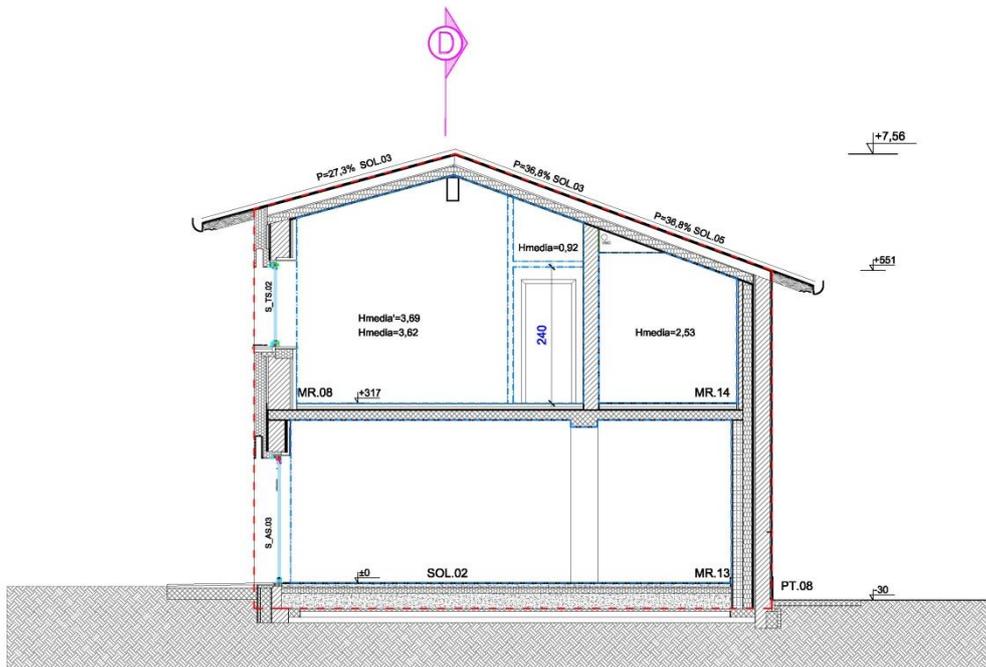
Section drawings of the “Casa Cesti” in Oleggio (NO), Italy.



SEZIONE A-A

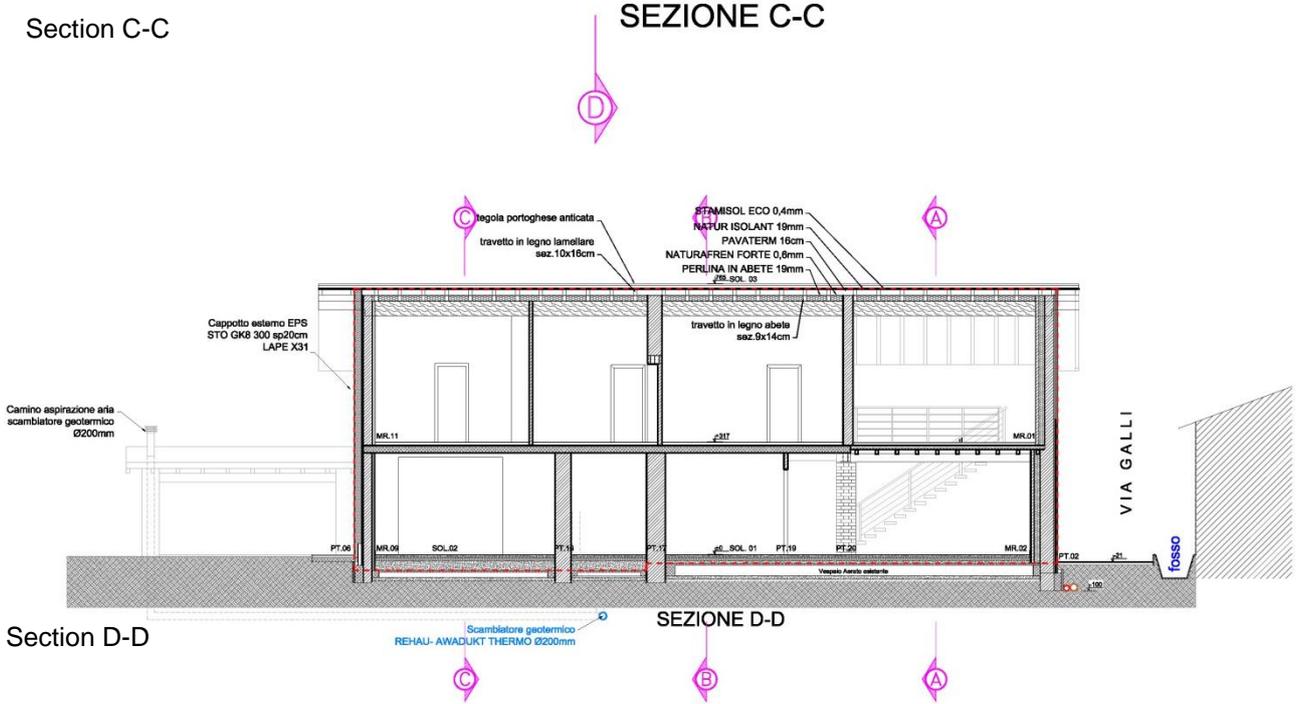


SEZIONE B-B



Section C-C

SEZIONE C-C

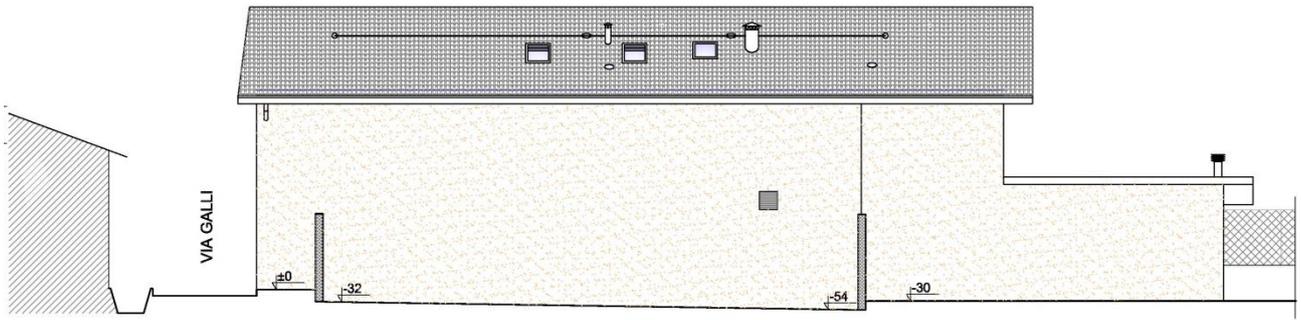


Section D-D

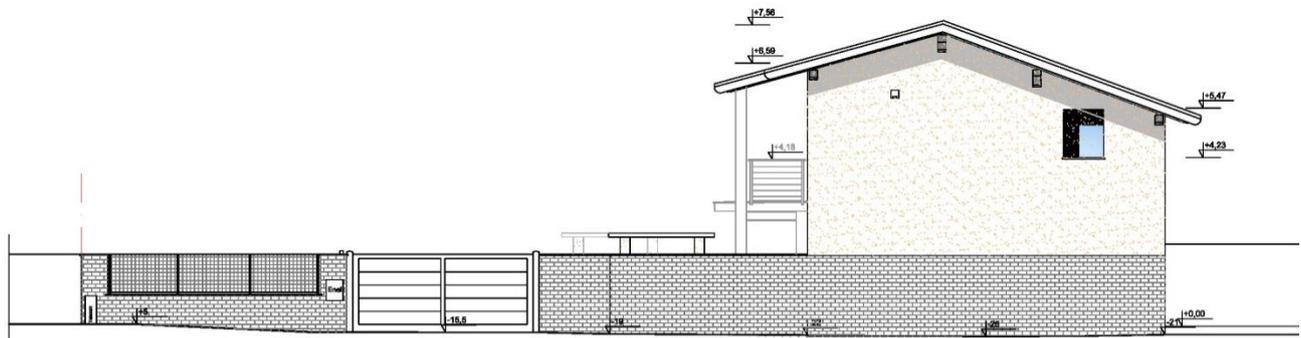
SEZIONE D-D



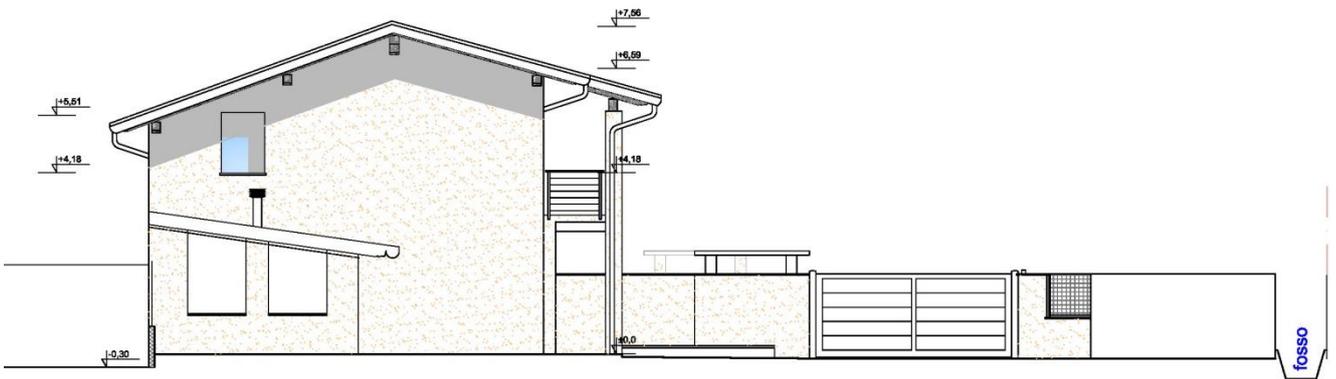
South Elevation



North Elevation

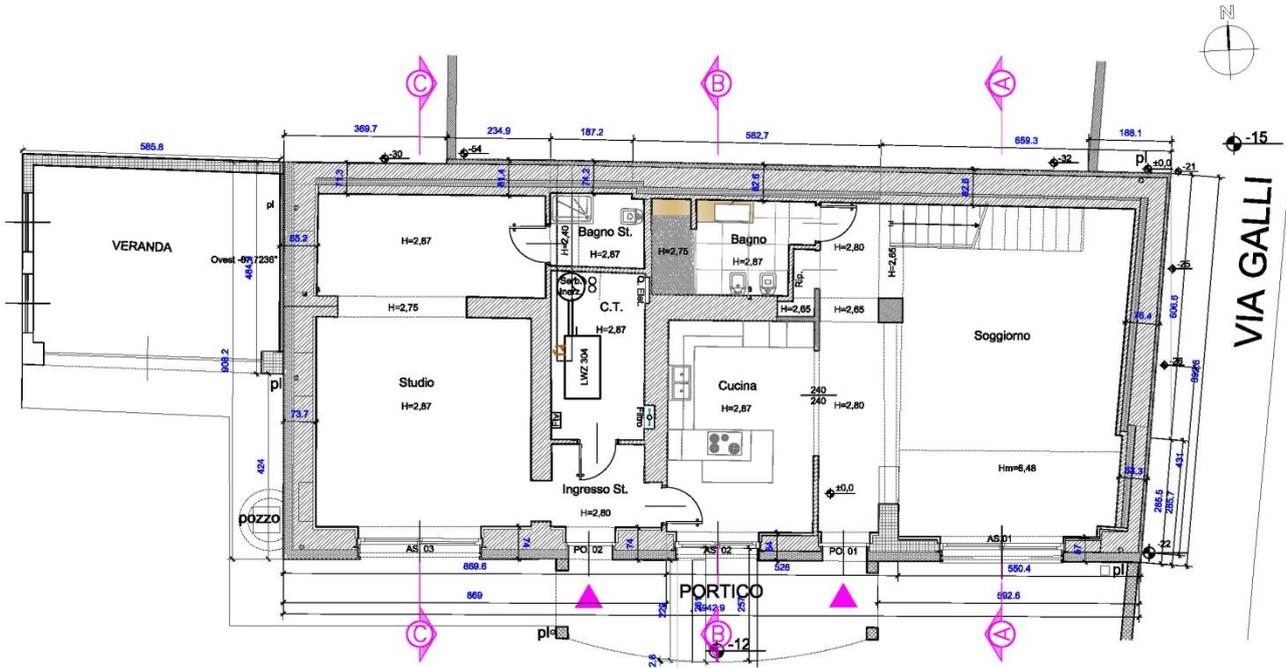


East Elevation

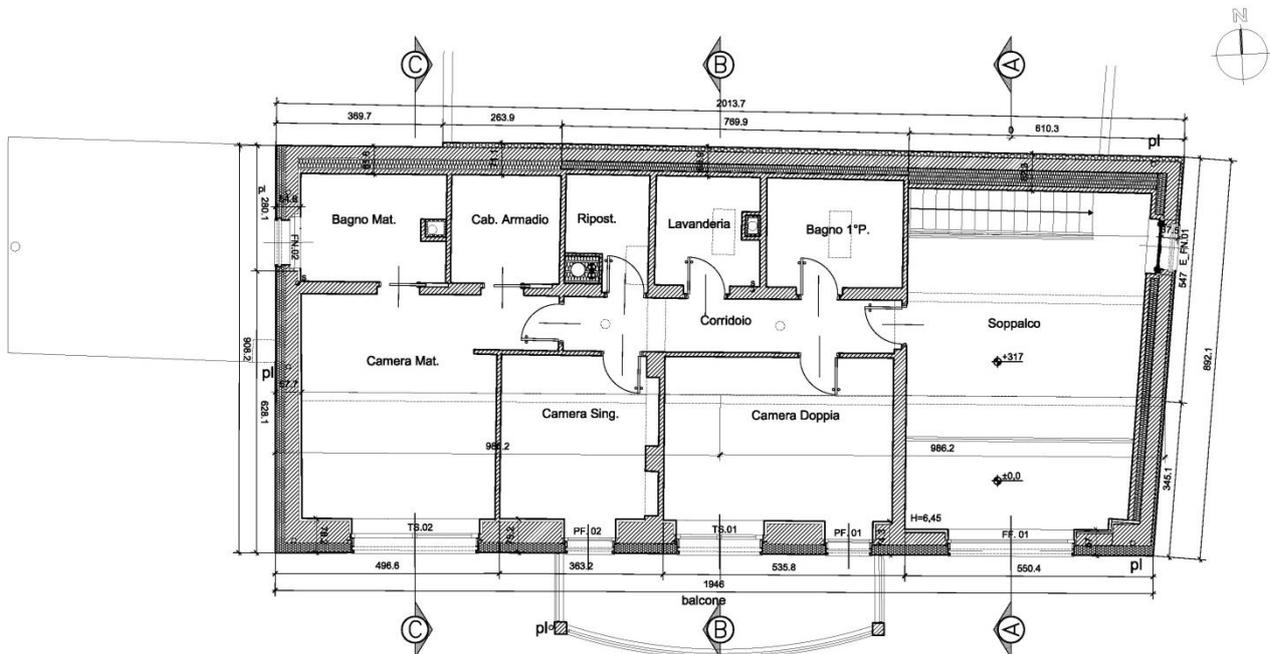


West Elevation

# Floor plans of the "Casa Cesti" in Oleggio (NO), Italy.



Ground floor plan



First floor plan

# Building assemblies of the "Casa Cesti" in Oleggio (NO), Italy.

## Floor slab

Elemento n°	03ud <b>SOL1 - Pavimento su vespaio (cucina-soggiorno-bagno)</b>					Coib. interna?
Resistenza termica lineare [m²K/W]						
Orientamento elemento costruttivo	3-Pavimento		R <sub>ei</sub> interna	0,13		
verso	1-Aria esterna		R <sub>se</sub> esterna	0,04		
Sezione 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Sezione 2 (opzionale)	λ [W/(mK)]	Sezione 3 (opzionale)	λ [W/(mK)]	Spessore [mm]
Ceramica	1,200					10
Colla H40 Ideal	0,870					5
MASSETTO FLUIDO FE 80	1,900					50
Stirodur CS3035	0,032					30
STO GK8 300 PLUS	0,031					80
ISOCEM-300	0,065					75
cls	2,300					50
aria	1,313					300
% Sezione 1		% Sezione 2		% Sezione 3		Totale
100%						<b>60,0</b> cm
Maggiorazione valore U			Valore U: <b>0,195</b> W/(m²K)			

Elemento n°	04ud <b>SOL2 - Pavimento su vespaio (Studio-C.T.-Bagno)</b>					Coib. interna?
Resistenza termica lineare [m²K/W]						
Orientamento elemento costruttivo	3-Pavimento		R <sub>ei</sub> interna	0,13		
verso	1-Aria esterna		R <sub>se</sub> esterna	0,04		
Sezione 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Sezione 2 (opzionale)	λ [W/(mK)]	Sezione 3 (opzionale)	λ [W/(mK)]	Spessore [mm]
Ceramica	1,200					10
Colla H40 Ideal	0,870					5
MASSETTO FLUIDO FE 80	1,900					50
Stirodur CS3035	0,032					30
STO GK8 300 PLUS	0,031					80
ISOCEM-300	0,065					275
cls	2,300					50
aria	0,516					115
% Sezione 1		% Sezione 2		% Sezione 3		Totale
100%						<b>61,5</b> cm
Maggiorazione valore U			Valore U: <b>0,122</b> W/(m²K)			

# External wall

Elemento n°	05ud <b>MR01 - Muratura 63,3cm esistente 24cm coibentata esternamente 5cm</b>				Coib. interna?	x
Resistenza termica liminare [m²K/W]						
Orientamento elemento costruttivo	2-Parete	R <sub>si</sub> interna	0,13			
verso	1-Aria esterna	R <sub>se</sub> esterna	0,04			
Sezione 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Sezione 2 (opzionale)	λ [W/(mK)]	Sezione 3 (opzionale)	λ [W/(mK)]	Spessore [mm]
STO Blaukleber + Silko K1,5 + Armat	0,870					5
STO GK8 300 PLUS	0,031					50
Intonaco Fassa KC1	0,550					50
Muratura esistente 24cm	0,800					245
Strato d'aria	0,120					22
ROCKPLUS Kraft	0,033					160
Porotherm BIO PLAN 8cm	0,190					80
Roccia di Gambassi + GP50	0,340					15
% Sezione 1	100%	% Sezione 2		% Sezione 3		Totale
						<b>62,7</b> cm
Maggiorazione valore U			Valore U: <b>0,130</b> W/(m²K)			

east wall masonry

Elemento n°	18ud <b>MR14 - Muratura 61,6cm nuova portante, coibentata internamente 16cm</b>				Coib. interna?	x
Resistenza termica liminare [m²K/W]						
Orientamento elemento costruttivo	2-Parete	R <sub>si</sub> interna	0,13			
verso	1-Aria esterna	R <sub>se</sub> esterna	0,04			
Sezione 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Sezione 2 (opzionale)	λ [W/(mK)]	Sezione 3 (opzionale)	λ [W/(mK)]	Spessore [mm]
Intonaco Fassa KC1	0,550					25
Muratura esistente 27cm	0,800					270
Intonaco esistente	0,890					30
Strato d'Aria	0,140					26
ROCKPLUS Kraft	0,033					160
Porotherm BIO PLAN 8cm	0,190					80
Roccia di Gambassi + GP50	0,340					25
% Sezione 1	100%	% Sezione 2		% Sezione 3		Totale
						<b>61,6</b> cm
Maggiorazione valore U			Valore U: <b>0,164</b> W/(m²K)			

north wall masonry

Elemento n°	27ud		<b>MR23 - Muratura 82,8cm muratura esistente con sassi, coibentata internamente 8cm</b>		Coib. interna?	x
Resistenza termica liminare [m²K/W]						
Orientamento elemento costruttivo	2-Parete		R <sub>si</sub> interna	0,13		
verso	1-Aria esterna		R <sub>se</sub> esterna	0,04		
Sezione 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Sezione 2 (opzionale)	λ [W/(mK)]	Sezione 3 (opzionale)	λ [W/(mK)]	Spessore [mm]
STO Blaukieper + Silko K1.5 + Armat	0,870					20
STO GK8 300 PLUS	0,031					100
Intonaco Fassa KC1	0,550					25
Muratura esistente 38cm	0,800	Pietre	2,000			380
Strato d'Aria	0,100					18
Lastra Poliuretano	0,024					80
Danesi Blocco Svizzero	0,278					180
Roccia di Gam bassi + GP50	0,340					25
% Sezione 1		% Sezione 2		% Sezione 3		Totale
45%		55,0%				82,8 cm
Maggiorazione valore U			Valore U: 0,125 W/(m²K)			

north wall masonry

Elemento n°	15ud		<b>MR11 - Muratura 57,7cm esistente 24cm, coibentata esternamente 20cm</b>		Coib. interna?	
Resistenza termica liminare [m²K/W]						
Orientamento elemento costruttivo	2-Parete		R <sub>si</sub> interna	0,13		
verso	1-Aria esterna		R <sub>se</sub> esterna	0,04		
Sezione 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Sezione 2 (opzionale)	λ [W/(mK)]	Sezione 3 (opzionale)	λ [W/(mK)]	Spessore [mm]
STO Blaukieper + Silko K1.5 + Armat	0,870					20
STO GK8 300 PLUS	0,031					200
Intonaco Fassa KC1	0,550					25
Muratura esistente 24cm	0,800					240
Intonaco esistente	0,890					19
Strato d'Aria	0,070					10
ROCKPLUS Kraft	0,033					50
Cartongesso Knauf	0,200					13
% Sezione 1		% Sezione 2		% Sezione 3		Totale
100%						57,7 cm
Maggiorazione valore U			Valore U: 0,114 W/(m²K)			

south wall masonry



## Windows and window installations

The windows installed in the “Casa Cesti” in Oleggio (NO), Italy were produced by Finstral model TOP 90 Nova Line and do not have the Passivhaus Certificate.

Window pattern	<b>Finstral System TOP 90 Nova Line</b>
Material	PVC-U
U-Value Frame	Variable: 1,07 – 1,51 W/(m <sup>2</sup> K)
Type of glass	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1) S-Valor + VSG, triple glass, 46 mm; 4/4(P2A):-10-6-12-:4/4(P2A), Ug=0,76140 W/(m<sup>2</sup>K); g=0,45 argon gas 90%</li><li>2) S-Valor low emissivity glass, triple glass, 40 mm; 4:-14-4-14-:4, Ug=0,63627 W/(m<sup>2</sup>K) g=0,50 argon gas 90%</li><li>3) S-Valor + VSG, triple glass, 40 mm; 3/3(2B2):-10-4-13-:3/3(2B2), Ug=0,73930 W/(m<sup>2</sup>K) g=0,47 argon gas 90%</li></ol>



Window pattern	<b>Roto WDA R3 HWD</b>
Material	Wood
U-Value Frame	Variable: 1,24 – 2,45 W/(m <sup>2</sup> K)
Type of glass	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1) Double glass, 29 mm; 4/4(P2A):-14-6 Ug=1,63 W/(m<sup>2</sup>K); g=0,48 argon gas 90%</li></ol>



The window installation details have been designed to reduce thermal bridges and verify the absence of mold and condensation.

All windows were aligned (as far as possible) to the external surface of the existing masonry in order to reduce the thermal bridge as much as possible and maximize solar gains. The size, number and orientation of the windows have been carefully designed to meet the requirements of the Passive House standard and reduce construction costs.



The windows were coupled with Griesser Metalunic Sinus mobile sunshades in order to minimize overheating in the summer.



## Description of the airtight envelope; documentation of the Blowerdoor test result

During the construction phase, two Blower Door Tests were carried out: the first when the windows and airtight layer were installed and the last when the entire building was finished.

The result of the Blower Door Test performed on 18/12/2015 by Geom. Mantovani Andrea is  $n_{50} = 0.95$  1/h.

In accordo con la Normativa Europea EN13829 ISO 9972:2015

### Riassunto

 FanTestic	version: 5.8.37	Azienda: Studio Tecnico
Test dato: 2015-12-18	Tecnico: Geom. Mantovani Andrea Via Garibaldi 38 - Tollegno (BI)	
Cliente:	Cesti Marco	
Indirizzo dell'edificio:	Oleggio Via Galli 6	

Caratteristiche Edificio	
File informatico:	ISO9972 2016-02-15 2055
Volume netto, V:	827
Altezza involucro:	0
Superficie:	257,5
Superficie involucro, $A_{T\text{BAT}}$ :	610
Altitudine:	255,4
Esposizione al vento involucro	Edificio protetto parzialmente
Accuratezza delle misure	5%

Risultati	
Flusso d'aria a 50 Pa, [m <sup>3</sup> /h]	789,0
Ricambi d'aria orari a 50 Pa, $n_{50}$ [/h]	0,95
Permeabilità a 50 Pa, [m <sup>3</sup> /h/m <sup>2</sup> ]	1,293
Portata specifica infiltrazione a 50 Pa, [m <sup>3</sup> /h/m <sup>2</sup> ]	3,064
Effective leakage area at 50 Pa, [cm <sup>2</sup> ]	240,5
Equivalent leakage area at 50 Pa, [cm <sup>2</sup> ]	394,0
Leakage per Envelope Area at 50 Pa, [cm <sup>2</sup> /m <sup>2</sup> ]:	0,394
Leakage per Floor Area at 50 Pa, [cm <sup>2</sup> /m <sup>2</sup> ]:	0,934

## Ventilation, heating and cooling system

For the "Casa Cesti" residential building, in order to reduce investment costs and keep maintenance costs low, a "compact aggregate" ventilation unit was chosen that can also manage heating, cooling and production of domestic hot water. The model chosen was LWZ 304 SOL by Stiebel Eltron with heat recovery efficiency of 87%.

Heating and cooling will be provided by an air-water heat pump, a single device with a simple distribution duct system



All supply and exhaust air ducts are placed within the plasterboard ceiling, so that air is supplied and extracted just below the ceiling. This allows a good circulation of air regardless of the position of the interior furnishings.



The air intake of the LWZ 304 ventilation unit is connected to the rehau AWADUKT THERMO air-to-ground heat exchanger which exploits the energy storage capacity of the soil to meet the heating and cooling needs inside the houses is the first exchanger with pipes equipped with an internal antimicrobial layer, which guarantees healthy fresh air, improving living comfort and energy

efficiency. The exchanger has a diameter of 200mm, a length of 46.3m and is installed at an average depth of 2.11m below the ground level.

### Annual analysis - earth heat exchanger

Heat gains: 1734.3 kWh

Heat loss: 856.9 kWh

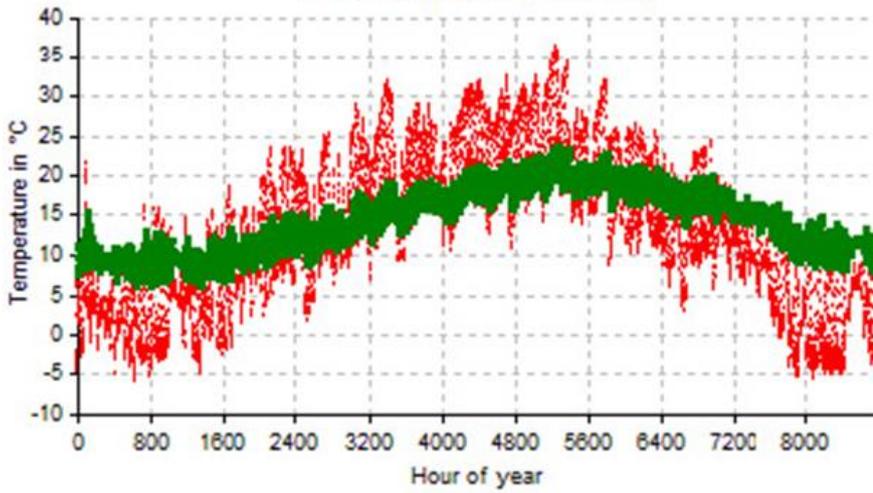
Max. inlet air Temp. of EHX: 36.3 °C

Max. outlet air Temp. of EHX: 23.8 °C

Min. inlet air Temp. of EHX: -5.7 °C

Min. outlet air Temp. of EHX: 5.9 °C

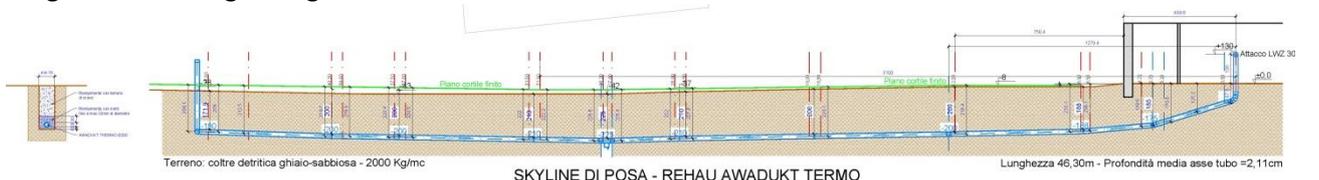
EHX air temperatures (inlet/ outlet)

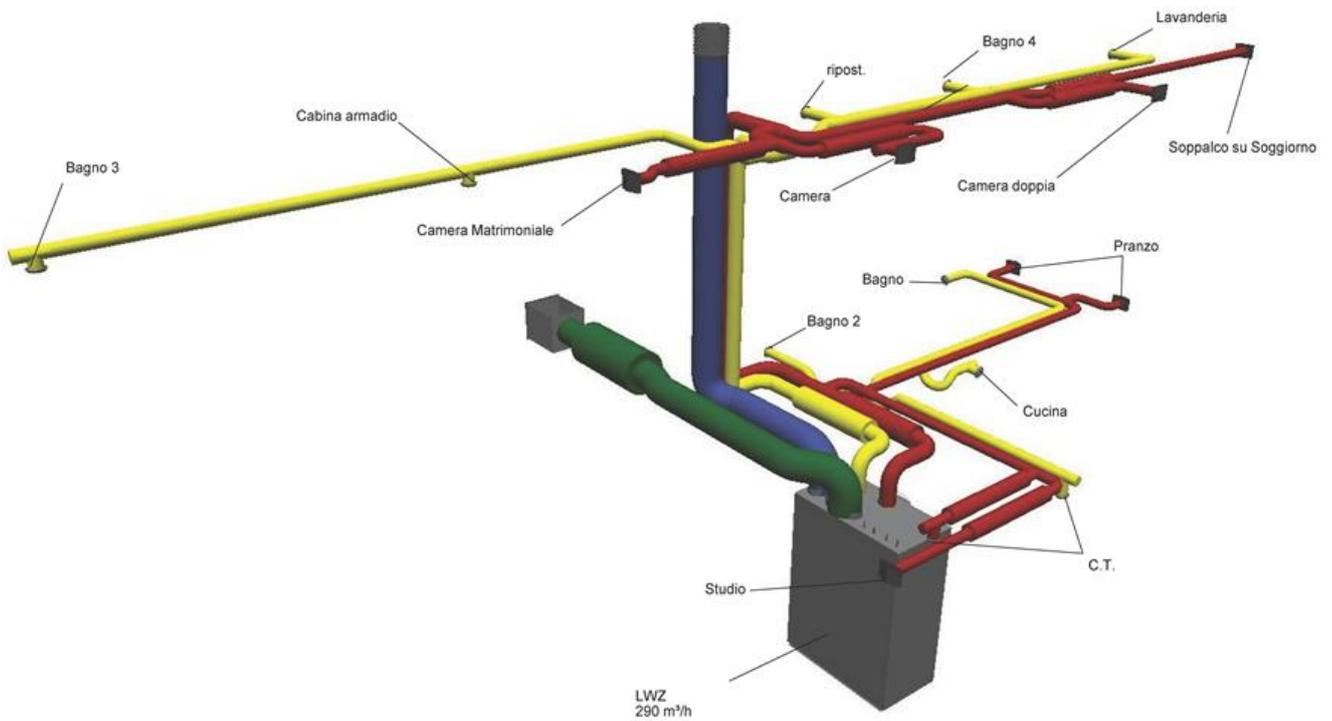


Heat gain: 1734.3 kWh  
 Heat loss: 856.9 kWh  
 Max. inlet air temp. of EHX: 38.3 °C  
 Max. outlet air temp. of EHX: 23.8 °C  
 Min. inlet air temp. of EHX: -5.7 °C  
 Min. outlet air temp. of EHX: 5.9 °C  
 Efficiency factor heating: 0.61  
 Efficiency factor cooling: 0.47  
 Period of use: 8760 h/a



air-ground exchanger diagram





Isometry mechanical ventilation system.

The Stiebel Eltron LWZ 304 SOL ventilation unit is integrated with a specific Enercomb solar kit with two glazed flat collectors with a total surface area of 4.8sqm which guarantee coverage of most of the domestic hot water needs and partly also of heating.

For the distribution of heat in the building, a low temperature system with radiant panels inserted into the floor was opted for, which in summer can be converted into cooling. The possibility of installing a plate exchanger downstream of the heat pump was also prepared during the design and execution phase of the system in order to use the groundwater present in the well at a temperature of about 14 ° C to cool the water in the floor circuit. To date, given the internal climatic conditions encountered in the summer months, there has been no need to activate the cooling system or the dehumidifiers connected to it.



## Electrical systems

A 5,875 kWp grid-connected photovoltaic system is also installed on the roof of the building, consisting of 25 modules that occupy an area of 40.48 m<sup>2</sup>.



The photovoltaic system makes the house self-sufficient on the side of electricity production, with a self-consumption rate of approximately 26.2%.

A home automation system, “ISAAC DEVICE” to adjust the orientation of the solar shading, in order to maximize the winter solar gains and reduce the contributions to summer overheating, with an operating logic based on: external weather conditions, internal room temperatures, as well as habits of the occupants of the building.

# PHPP calculations

PHPP version 9 was used for this project. Climate data were custom supplied by PHI for this specific project and then made available for the community. Result are summarized below:

## Verifica EnerPHit



**Edificio:** Casa Cesti  
Via: Via Galli, 6  
CAP/Città: 28047 Oleggio  
Provincia/Paese: Novara IT-Italia  
Tipo di costr.: Edificio monofamiliare esistente  
Set dati climatici: ud---01-IT0030a-Milano / Malpensa  
Zona climatica: 4: Caldo temperato Altitudine: 203 m slm

**Committente/:** Cesti Marco  
Via: Via Galli, 6  
CAP/Città: 28047 Oleggio  
Provincia/Paese: Novara IT-Italia

**Termotecnico/:** Arch. Cesti Marco  
Via: Via Galli, 6  
CAP/Città: 28047 Oleggio  
Provincia/Paese: Novara IT-Italia

**Certificazione:** ZEPHIR Passivhaus Italia  
Via: Via Pennella, 39  
CAP/Città: 38057 Pergine Valsugana  
Provincia/Paese: Trento IT-Italia

Architetto: Arch. Cesti Marco	Temperatura interna inverno [°C]: 20.0	Temp. interna estate [°C]: 25.0	
Via: Via Galli, 6	Apporti termici interni (Appl) - riscaldamento [W/m²]: 2.3	Appl - raffrescam. [W/m²]: 2.3	
CAP/Città: 28047 Oleggio	Capacità specifica [Wh/K per m² di S <sub>utile</sub> ]: 204	Raffrescamento meccanico: x	
Provincia/Paese: Novara IT-Italia			
Consul. energ.: Arch. Cesti Marco			
Via: Via Galli, 6			
CAP/Città: 28047 Oleggio			
Provincia/Paese: Novara IT-Italia			
Anno di costr.: 2012			
Nr. unità abitative: 1			
Nr. di persone: 3.1			

**Indici riferiti alla superficie utile netta**

		Superficie utile netta m²		2012	≤	20	15	10	1.0	-	51	36	60	39	Conseguito? <sup>2</sup>
<b>Riscaldamento</b>	Fabb. termico annuo per risc. kWh/(m²a)	249.8		20	≤	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	si
	Carico termico W/m²			14	≤	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	si
<b>Raffrescamento</b>	Fabb. frigorifero e di deumidif. kWh/(m²a)			2	≤	15	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	si
	Carico frigorifero W/m²			5	≤	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Frequenza di surriscaldamento (> 25 °C) %			-	≤	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	si
Freq. superam. benessere igrometrico (> 12 g/kg) %				0	≤	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	si
<b>Tenuta all'aria</b>	Risultato test Blower-Door n <sub>50</sub> 1/h			0.9	≤	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	si
<b>Energia primaria non rinnovabile (EP)</b>	Fabbisogno EP kWh/(m²a)			54	≤	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Energia prim. rinnovabile (EPR)</b>	Fabbisogno EPR kWh/(m²a)			28	≤	51	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	si
	Prod. di energia rinn. (rif. impronta sostenibile edificata) kWh/(m²a)			41	≥	60	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	si

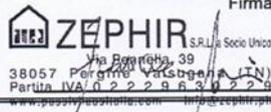
<sup>2</sup> cella vuota: Dati mancanti; '-': nessun requisito

Confermo che i valori inseriti sono stati determinati in accordo alla procedura di calcolo del PHPP sulla base dei valori caratteristici dell'edificio. Si allegano alla presente verifica i calcoli ottenuti con il PHPP.

Ruolo	Nome	Cognome	
2-Certificatore	Francesco	Nesi	
	ID Certificato	Rilasciato il	Luogo
	27143_ZEPHI_EP_20200728_FN	28/07/20	Pergine, Valsugana

EnerPHit Plus?  **si**

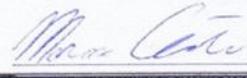
Firma



**ZEPHIR** S.R.L. a Socio Unico  
Via Pennella, 39  
38057 Pergine Valsugana (TN)  
Partita IVA 02229630229  
www.passivhausitalia.com info@cep.ph.it

Ruolo	Nome	Cognome	
1-Progettista	Marco	Cesti	
	numero licenza PHPP		
	FNEIT_030417_21276786_1109		

Firma



ARCHITETTO  
Marco Cesti  
n° 1350

Extract from Verification sheet in PHPP

## Construction costs

A significant economic convenience is demonstrated both for client and for construction company. On the one side the payback period is shorter for the client, on the other side the construction company has lower construction building costs: simpler mechanical services design led to a high cost reduction, only partially balanced by the increased costs for the thermal envelope.

In the end, there was a reduction cost compared to other common construction solutions (with the same conditions of comfort)!