



SMARTWARE (CREATOPY) OFFICE BUILDING - ROMANIA

Data of building | Gebäudedaten

Year of construction Baujahr	2020	Space heating Heizwärmebedarf	27 kWh/(m²a)
U-value external wall U-Wert Außenwand	0,160 W/(m²K)		
U-value slab on grade U-Wert Kellerdecke	0,198 W/(m²K)	Primary Energy Renewable (PER) Erneuerbare Primärenergie (PER)	161 kWh/(m²a)
U-value roof U-Wert Dach	0,096 W/(m²K)	Generation of renewable Energy Erzeugung erneuerb. Energie	0 kWh/(m²a)
U-value window U-Wert Fenster	1,20 / 0,61 W/(m²K)	Non-renewable Primary Energy (PE) Nicht erneuerbare Primärenergie (PE)	0 kWh/(m²a)
Heat recovery Wärmerückgewinnung	67 %	Pressurization test n_{50} Drucktest n_{50}	0,3 h ⁻¹
Special features Besonderheiten	The largest CLT structure office building made in Low Energy standard from Romania. Due to the server room and high data processing equipment required, the primary energy was much higher than PH criteria		

Brief Description

SMARTWARE (CREATOPY) LOW ENERGY OFFICE BUILDING

This project started at the end of 2018 when Gabriel Ciordas, the CEO of an IT company from Oradea, Romania, contracted us along with the architecture team - Vertical Studio from Oradea, to design the building that will accommodate all the new employees. The main design theme was an office building for 250 new users, who should work in a comfortable environment and all of that had to be done within 1 year because they were in an exponential growth. They had already occupied all the office buildings that could be rented in Oradea and all of the rented spaces had major comfort problems, which affected their quality of life, furthermore, their performance at work. When all of this started, nobody had in mind that this new building had to be a passive one. Everything that was needed was a construction that kept up with the technology of the year we are in and a building that can be later upgraded to run on its own energy resources. The main emphasis was to ensure that all the occupants will have a high quality of comfort and working.

With a total surface of 2400 sqm and 250 working places, the building is developed on four platforms, the level differences are a natural response to the slope of the land. This justifies the non-invasive approach that helps animate the building both inside and outside.

The main entrance is located on the southern façade and it leads to a spacious atrium and central lobby. There are eight open office zones located on the building's Northern Eastern and Western perimeter. The conference rooms together with the common areas and toilets are organized around a central interior garden in order to receive natural light. The reinforced concrete slab is sitting on a 400mm foamed glass insulation layer, made from recycled glass waste. The walls and roof slabs are made of prefabricated CLT panels. They are insulated with 200mm of mineral wool applied on the exterior. Additionally to the above mentioned insulation, the roof has an extra 100 mm XPS layer under the green roof structure.

In February 2019 the team started to work on the preliminary design. A few months later, in April, the architecture team had its final design chosen and based on that we started working on the structural concept made from CLT panels. We chose this material because it is a complete prefabricated constructive system and has a high assembly speed.

In May the construction of the foundation started and in August, the assembly of the CLT structure began and in order to save time, on the inside, the entire structure remained visible and this makes this building the largest one in Europe that has the biggest surface of CLT panels visible. The high execution speed and the short time we had to finish the construction, put great pressure on workers and contractors. To be able to keep such a demanding project with an even more demanding deadline required the teams to be in sync with each other. Everybody had to have clarity in their task, and a verification system in order to avoid mistakes that could cause delays. Because of that, I stepped in as technical coordinator of the project and made integrated details, clear and easy to understand, both in a graphic format as well as in video and pdf manuals that helped the workers be more efficient.

Even though from the beginning it was not planned for the building to be a certified passive building, I used the passive house principles when designing it. During the construction process, I noticed that things were going very well and everybody was paying attention to all the little details. So, because of that, I re-discussed with the owner the option of certification and the related benefits of it. The biggest one was the fact that they will now have a guarantee that all of the comfort requirements of the building are met, something that all the employees asked in the first place. So this is how we managed to finally certificate this building as a PHI Low Energy Building.

Responsible project participants Verantwortliche Projektbeteiligte

Architect Entwurfsverfasser	Vertical Studio Oradea – arch. Mădălina Mihăilcean, arch. Chiș Gabriel-Bulea, arch. Nan Florin Moisa
Implementation planning Ausführungsplanung	Eng. Marius Șoflete, ec. Micloș George
Building systems Haustechnik	Terax Engineering – eng. Gabriel Dincuță, Eurocad Instal – eng. Raul Birstan
Structural engineering Baustatik	Inginerie Creativă / Creative Engineering Eng. Marius Șoflete, Eng. Timu Octavian, Eng. Caraza Cătălin www.ingineriecreativa.ro
Building physics Bauphysik	Eng. Marius Șoflete
Passive House project planning Passivhaus-Projektierung	Eng. Marius Șoflete
Construction management Bauleitung	Eng. Marius Șoflete, ec. Gerge Micloș, Kabai Ervin

Certifying body Zertifizierungsstelle

Passivhaus Institut Darmstadt
www.passiv.de

arch. Dragoș Arnăutu

Certification ID Zertifizierungs ID

6605

Project-ID (https://passivehouse-database.org/index.php?lang=en#d_6605)

Author of project documentation Verfasser der Gebäude-Dokumentation

Passivhaus Institut Darmstadt
www.passiv.de

Date
Datum

Signature
Unterschrift

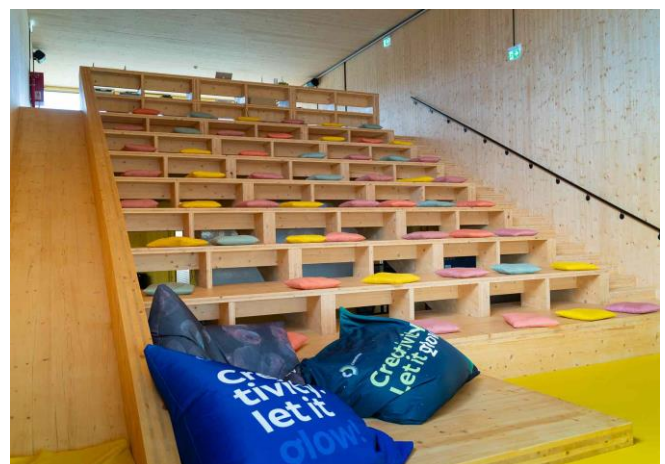
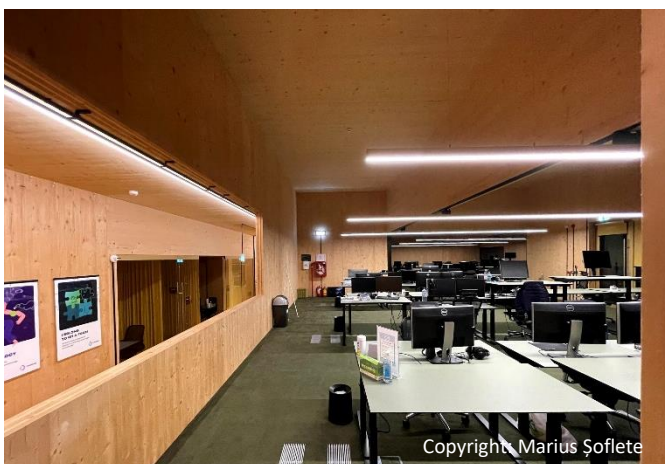
05.02.2021



1. Facade photos / Ansichtsfotos

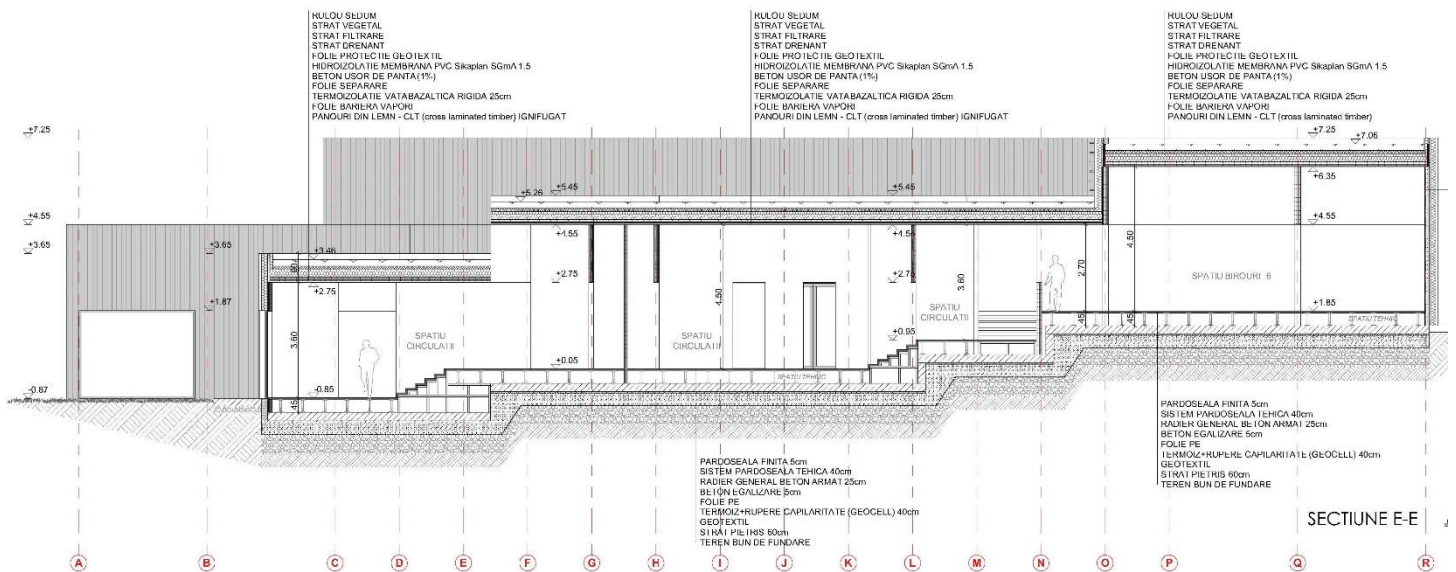


2. Interior foto / Innenfoto exemplarisch



© Peter Cook

3. Section / Schnittzeichnung



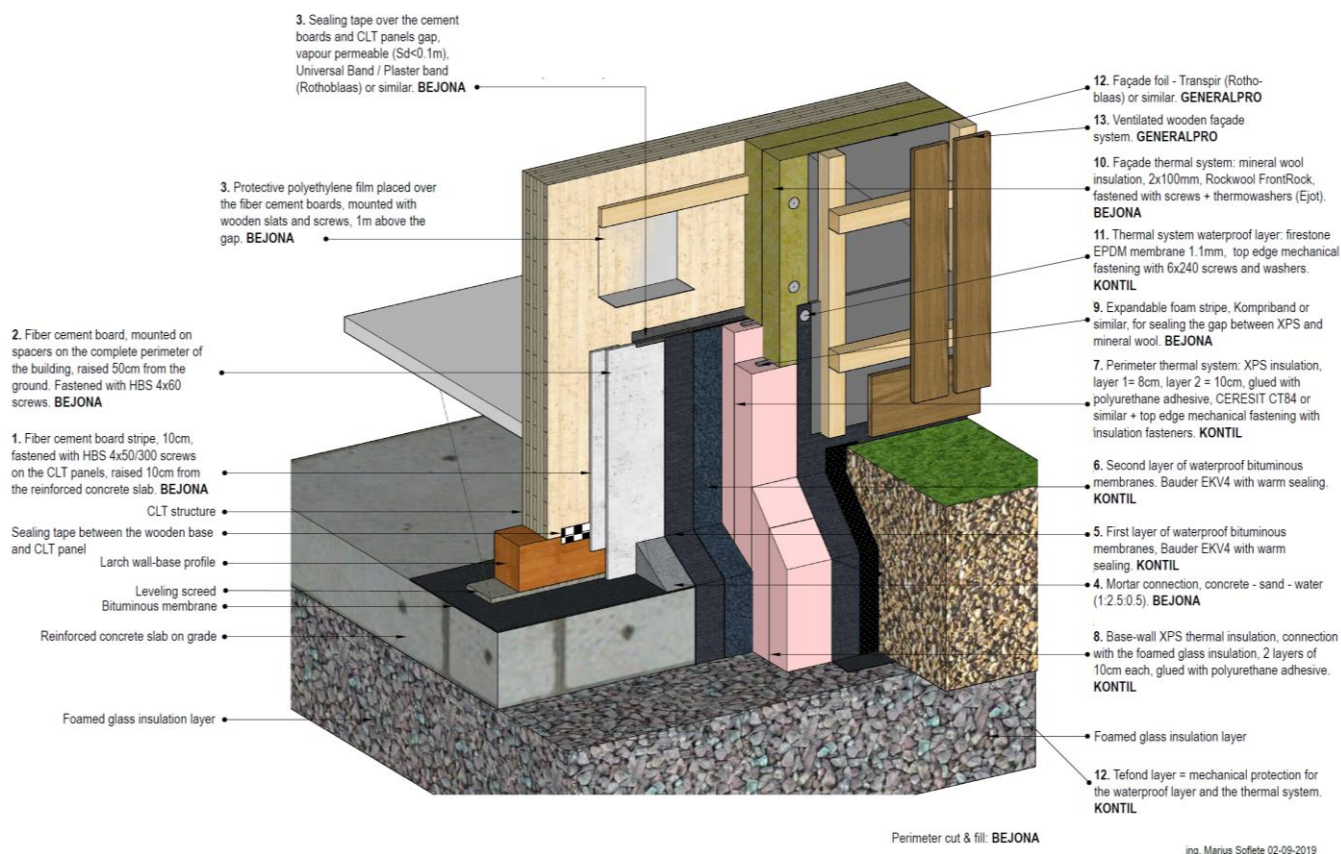
Copyright: Vertical Studio

4. Floor plan / Grundrisse



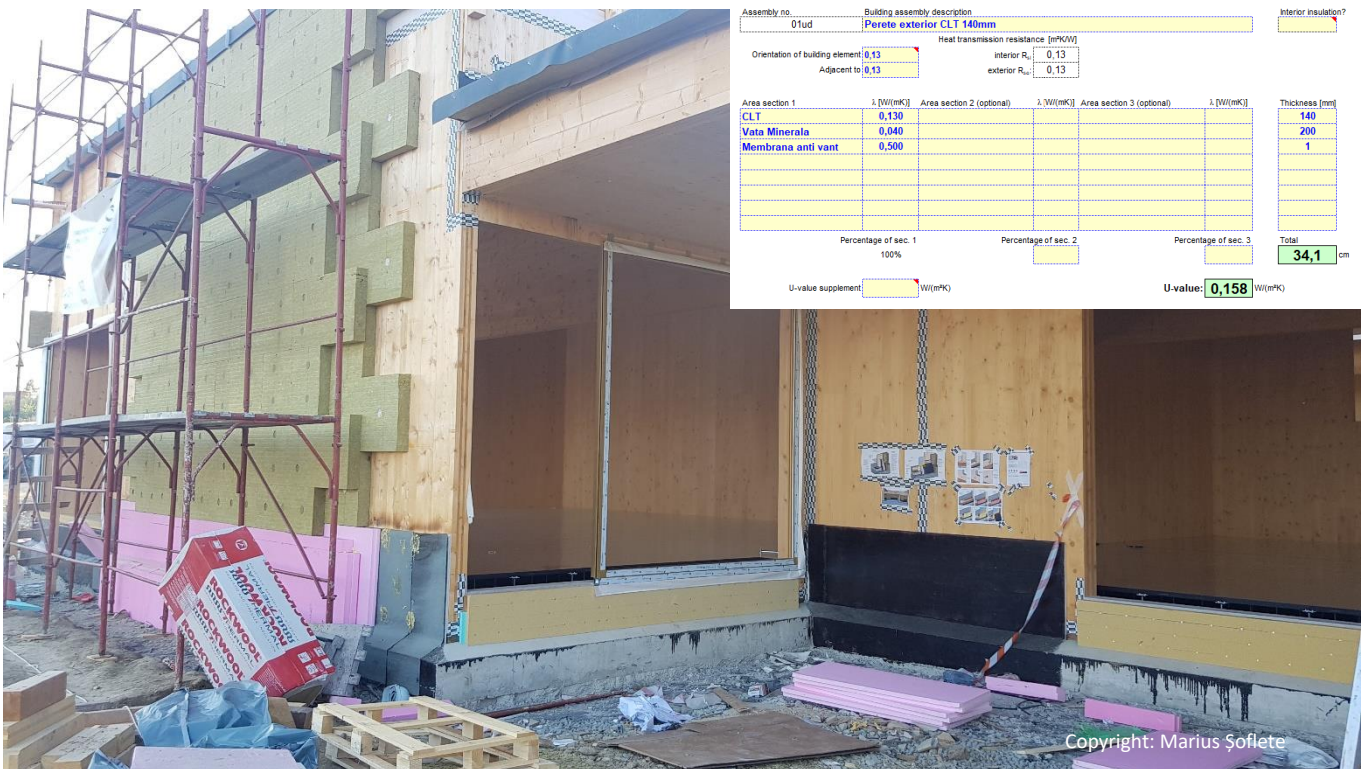
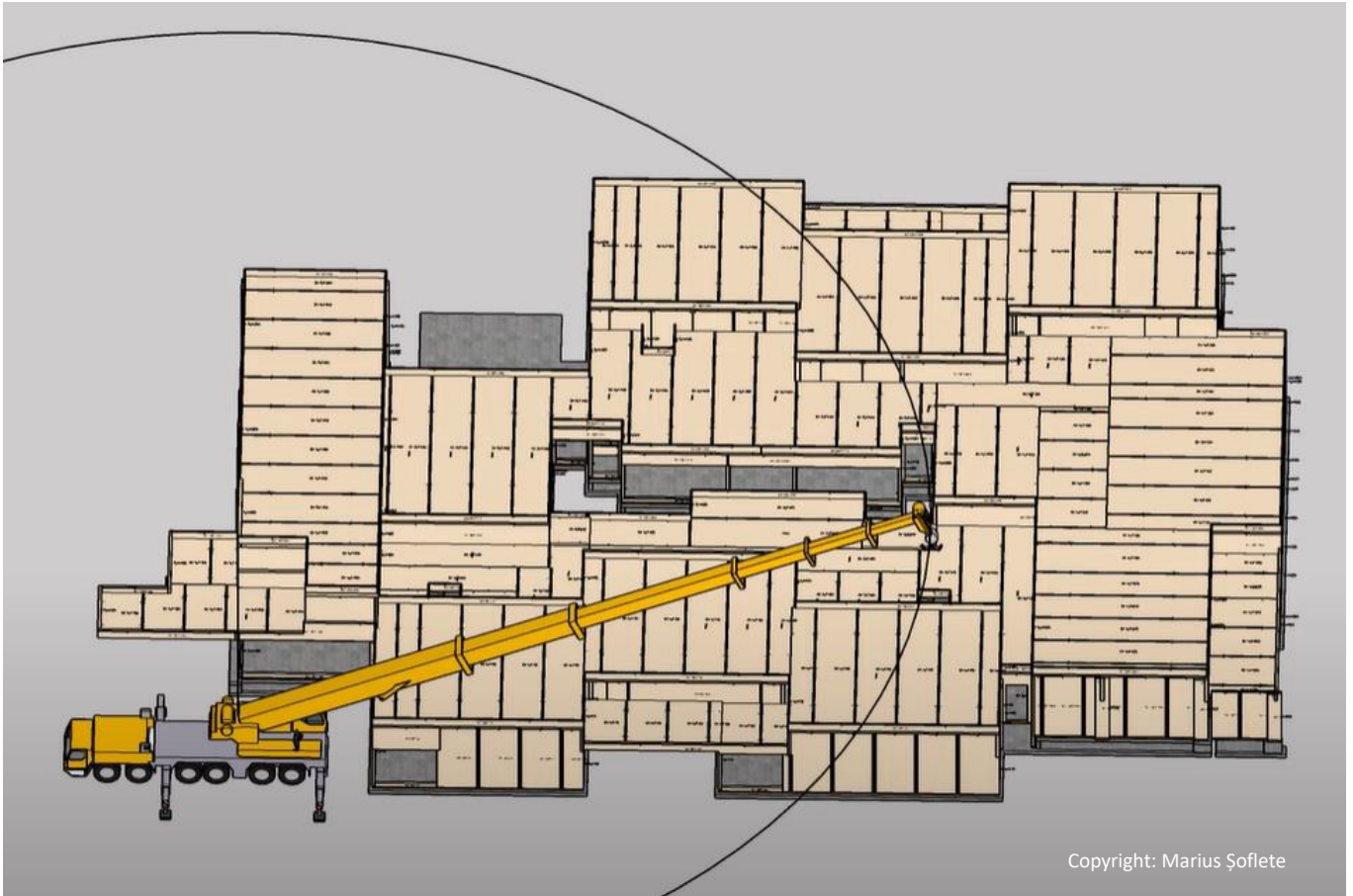
Copyright: Vertical Studio

5. Construction Details / Konstruktion der Bodenplatte

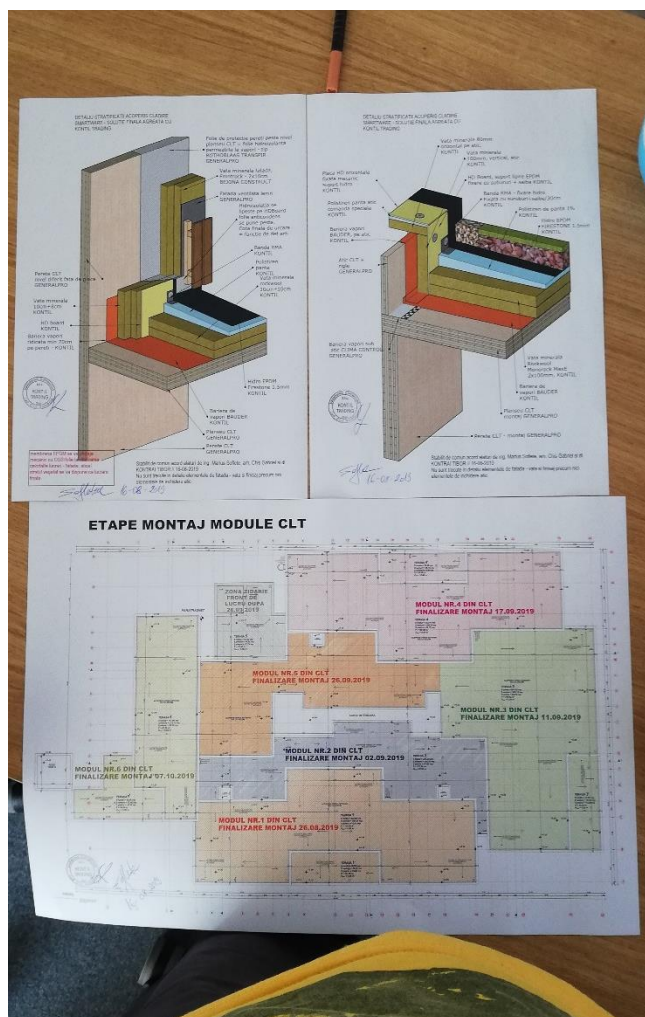


Assembly no.		05ud		Placa pe sol		Interior insulation?	
Orientation of building element				Heat transmission resistance [m ² K/W]			
Adjacent to				interior R_{si}		0,17	
				exterior R_{se}		0,00	
Area section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 2 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 3 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Thickness [mm]	
Radier BA	2,300					300	
Geocell	0,084					400	
Percentage of sec. 1		Percentage of sec. 2		Percentage of sec. 3		Total	
100%						70,0 cm	
U-value supplement				U-value: 0,198 W/(m ² K)			

6. Wall construction details / Konstruktion der Außenwände



7. Roof construction / Konstruktion des Daches



Assembly no. 04ud **Acoperis CLT 160mm** Interior insulation?

Orientation of building element: 0.1 Heat transmission resistance [m²K/W]
 Adjacent to 0.04 interior R_{si} 0.10 exterior R_{se} 0.04

Area section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 2 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 3 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Thickness [mm]
CLT	0.130					160
Vata minerala	0.040					200
XP'S	0.035					100
Pamant vegetal	0.170					200
						Total
						66,0 cm

Percentage of sec. 1 100% Percentage of sec. 2 Percentage of sec. 3

U-value supplement W/(mK) U-value: 0,096 W/(mK)



8. Fenster und Fenster-Einbau

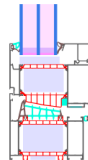
Beschreibung der Fenster (rahmen)-Konstruktion, Hersteller	Aluprof Alumil aluminum frame MB86 aero and MB 104 aero
Fabrikat Fenster (rahmen; Produktname)	Aluminium frame with aerogel insulation on middle chamber
Rahmen-U-Wert U_f	From 0.71 to 1.50 W/(m ² K)
Bauart der Verglasung	Argon filling 10 14 10 14 12
Glas-U-Wert U_g	07,0 W/(m ² K)
g-Wert der Verglasung	0,50

Category: Window Frame
 Manufacturer: Aluprof S.A., Bielsko-Biala, Poland
 Product name: MB-104 Passive Aero

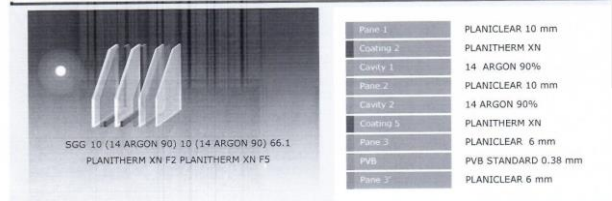
This certificate was awarded based on the following criteria for the cool, temperate climate zone

Comfort $U_{W,0.76} \leq 0.80 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$
 $U_{W,installed} \leq 0.85 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$
 with $U_g = 0.70 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$

Hygiene $f_{Rsi=0.25} \geq 0.70$



www.passivehouse.com



Copyright: Marius Soflete



Copyright: Marius Soflete



9. Blower door test / Beschreibung der luftdichten Hülle

Raport testare Etansare prin blower door

Beneficiar: SmartWare

Locatie: ORADEA

11-13.06.2020

ZECAPH CONSULT SRL

construcții responsabile

Str IOAN SOCEC nr 12V1 ap 19 – Brasov -Ro

Birou proiectare: Str 1 Decembrie 1918 nr 38

J8/370/11.03.2015, CUI 34217889

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www.zecaph.ro



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Ing. Ciobanu Vlad

Ing. Simpetru Gabriela



Pagina 1. Raport centralizator al rezultatelor obtinute in urma testarii pentru identificarea neetansarii

Airtight layer:

Floor ceiling – reinforced concrete slab – 400mm

Walls – 140 – 160 mm 5 layer CLT

Roof – aluminium bitum vapour barrier

Windows – interior and exterior foil

Building services perforation sealed with fireproof Sika Foam

Summary

Test date: 2020-06-13	version: 5.11.73	licensed to: Zecaph Consult srl
Customer: Smartware	By: Vlad Ciobanu	
Building Lot Number:		
Building address:	Saldagiu de munte Petofi Sandor 945 Oradea, Bihor Romania	

Building and Test Information	
Test file name:	EN13828-DE 2020-06-13 0924 test 3
Building volume [m³]:	8,048
Envelope Area [m²]:	5,451
Floor Area [m²]:	2,099
Building Height (from ground to top) [m]:	6.4
Building Exposure to wind:	Partially protected building
Accuracy of measurements:	5%
Results	
Air flow at 50 Pa, q_{50} [L/s]	627.25
Air changes at 50 Pa, n_{50} [1/h]	0.28
Permeability at 50 Pa, q_{50} [L/s/m²]	0.098
Specific leakage at 50 Pa, s_{50} [L/s/m²]	0.308
Effective leakage area at 50 Pa, $A_{e,50}$ [cm²]	688.5
Equivalent leakage area at 50 Pa, $A_{eq,50}$ [cm²]	1130
Normalized Leakage Area [cm²/m²]	0.10736

Pressurize Data Set

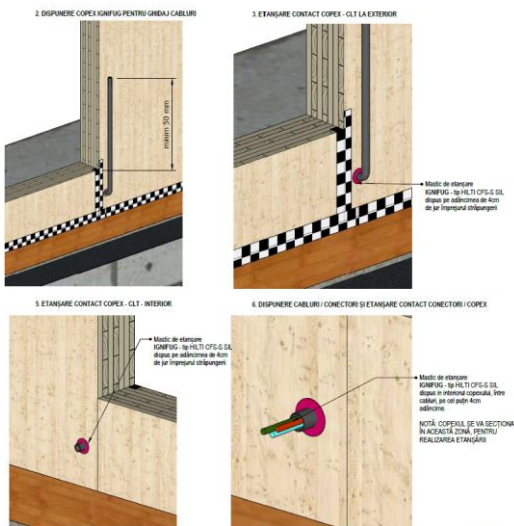
Test Dataset Date: 2020-06-13
Start time: 08:52:35
Finish time: 09:07:04

Environmental Conditions		
Wind speed:	0: Calm	from the
Operator Location:	Inside the building	
Initial Bias Pressure:	-1.11 Pa	
Final Bias Pressure:	0.60 Pa	
Average Bias Pressure:	-0.26 Pa	
Initial Temperature:	Indoors: 25 C	outdoors: 22 C
Final Temperature:	Indoors: 25 C	outdoors: 22 C
Barometric Pressure:	101.3 kPa	from Standard temp/pressure

Pressure Test Analysis			
Correlation, r [%]:	99.909		
	Mean	95% confidence limits	Uncertainty
Slope, n:	0.742	Lower: 0.71966 Upper: 0.76434	
Air leakage coefficient, C_{50} [L/s/Pa²]:	35.904	33.08 38.97	
Air leakage coefficient, C_{50} [L/s/Pa²]:	35.748	32.93 38.80	
Air flow at 50 Pa, q_{50} [L/s]	651.45	645.5 657.5	+/-0.9%
Air changes at 50 Pa, n_{50} [1/h]	0.2914	0.2766 0.3062	+/-5.1%
Permeability at 50 Pa, q_{50} [L/s/m²]	0.1016	0.096 0.107	+/-5.1%
Specific leakage at 50 Pa, s_{50} [L/s/m²]	0.3195	0.3033 0.3357	+/-5.1%
Effective leakage area at 50 Pa, $A_{e,50}$ [cm²]	714.9	708.3 721.5	+/-0.9%
Equivalent leakage area at 50 Pa, $A_{eq,50}$ [cm²]	1172	1161 1183	+/-0.9%
Normalized leakage area at 50 Pa [cm²/m²]	0.11150	0.106 0.117	+/-5.1%



Copyright: ZECAPH CONSULT



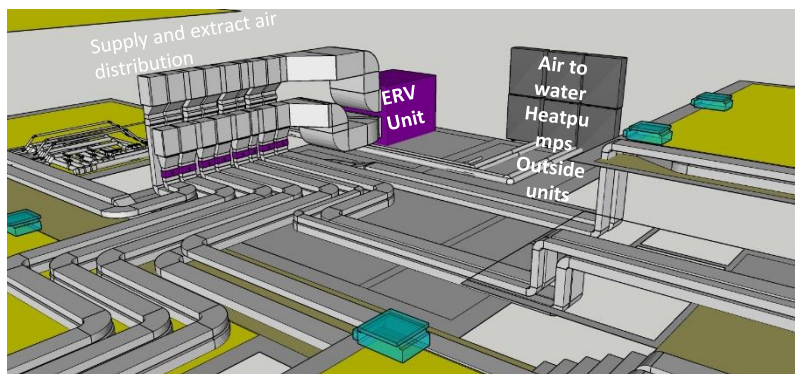
Identificarea neetansetărilor SmartWare-ORADEA

Page | Seite

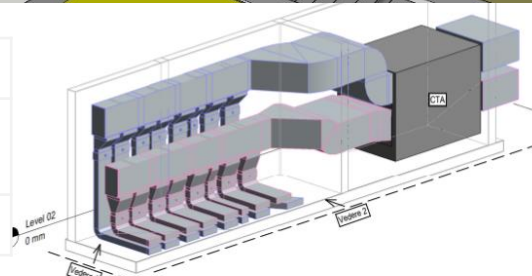
ZECAPH construcții responsabile
10

10. Ventilation with heat recovery / Lüftungsgerät

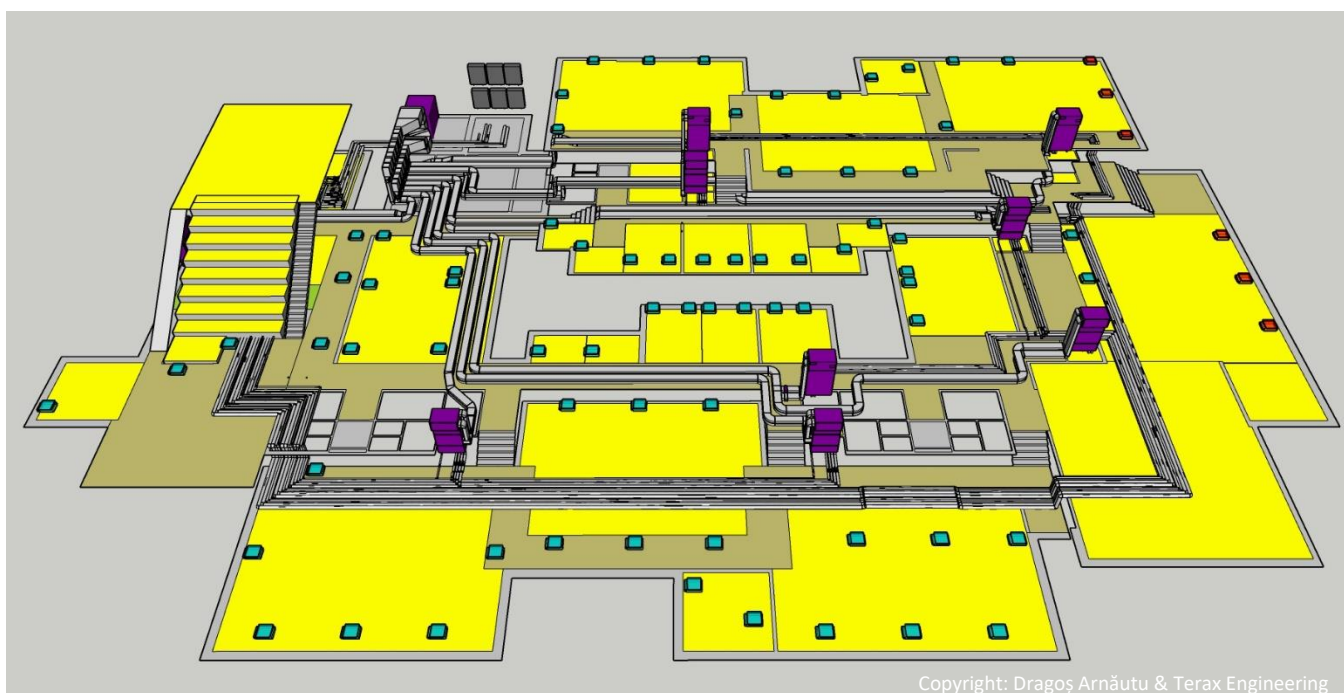
The fresh air is transmitted by the 8500 m³/h ERV (effective HRE =67%, Humidity recovery =40%), to the 8 zonal units (marked above in purple) which in turn provide it to the dedicated zones (marked in yellow) through underfloor air chambers via local units (marked in light blue).



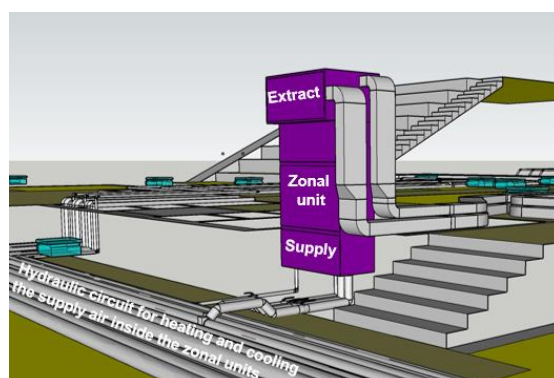
Fabrikat Lüftungsanlage	Ruck K 7600 WKJL
effektiver Wärmebereitstellungsgrad	67 %
Elektroeffizienz	0,43 Wh/m ³



11. Ventilation scheme / Lüftungsplanung Kanalnetz



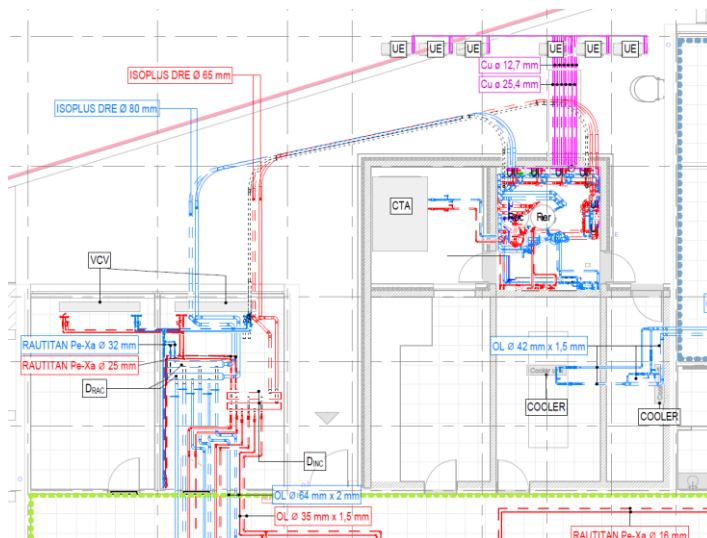
Besides post heating and cooling the supply air, the zonal units are capable of providing additional heating and cooling of the spaces through air recirculation. The post heating and cooling of the air is done inside the zonal units by water based coils connected to 4 dedicated air to water reversible heat pumps positioned outside the thermal envelope. The zonal units extract the air at the top (also connected with the ERV), and supply fresh (and reconditioned) air at the bottom, under the entire floor area of each specific zone towards the local units. The local units supply air to the rooms from under the raised floor, and are able to locally regulate the temperature and air flow according to the loads of each zone and user needs.



12. Heat source / Wärmeversorgung

Air-water heat pump, Mitsubishi Zubadan PUHZ SHW 230 YKA, 23 kw for heating and 20 kw for cooling, average COP 2,56, max COP 4,56.

Hotwater The hot water demand is satisfied via a decentralized system using 10L direct electric boilers for each individual water tap. The server room and additional technical spaces are conditioned by water based chillers connected to 2 dedicated reversible heat pumps. The installed servers are of the latest generation and among the most energy efficient options on the market today.



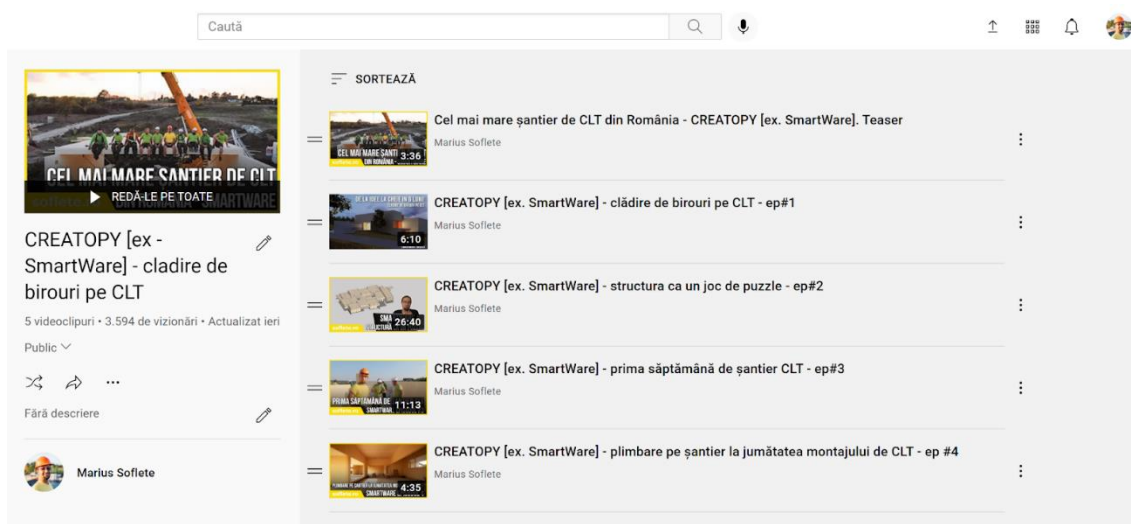
13. Construction cost - Baukosten

The entire construction cost – including landscaping and all interior / exterior finishing was at 1680 euro / usable square meter. Out of this, the functional building cost was around 1200 euro / usable square meter.

After the first year of usage, energy cost for heating - cooling and ventilation, measured and paid on bills, was at 0.80 euro / usable square meter per one year, with a 120 people capacity

14. Extras

I had documented the entire process of designing and making the building on my youtube channel, in a 5 video series (with english subtitle) that can be accessed here, at this link: [SMARTWARE OFFICE Building - how was it made](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=...)



14. Extras

Smartware project was presented at Passive House Conference 2021 in online format. The video of the presentation can be accessed here –

[SMARTWARE at Passive House Conference 2021](#)



Lessons learned from the first certified office building in Romania

SMARTWARE / CREATOPY – first certified PHI Low Energy Office Building



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Marius Șoflete
Structural Engineer, Trainer and
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www.ingenieriecreativa.ro



Detailed building information available at www.passivehouse-database.org Building ID: 6605

creatopy Offices - Certified PHI Low Energy Building


INTERNATIONAL PASSIVE HOUSE CONFERENCE 2021

Also the project was presented at European Energy Efficiency Summer Study 2021 and proposed for Passive House Awards 2021

14.30–16.00 (parallel session)		
PANEL 8.		
Session III: How to accelerate the route to climate neutral building stock		
8-067-21	Accelerating the energy-efficiency renovation of single-family houses	Hanna Westling
8-051-21	The European heating system at a tipping point	Mélissa Zill
8-107-21	Energy efficient measures applied to a multi-apartment building in southern Sweden: Analysis of the cost effectiveness with respect to carbon emissions taxes implementation	Youssef Boussaa
8-209-21	SMARTWARE – certified Low Energy – Passive House office building	Marius Șoflete, Dragos-Ionuț Arnăutu

CREATOPY – first certified PHI Low Energy Office Building from Romania	
Index	6605
City, Country	Băneasa in Bucharest, Cluj-Napoca, Romania
Client	CREATOPY
Category	PHI Low Energy Building
Object type	Office Building
Building area (m²)	1700
Construction	Concrete structure with structural panels for walls and ceiling, concrete and insulation on exterior floor plate, concrete and insulation on roof and walls, and 100% waterproofing system on roof and walls.
Energy use (kWh/m²)	Energy use: 0.10 Heating: 0.10 Cooling: 0.10 Domestic hot water: 0.10 Total: 0.40
Religiosity concept	Religiosity concept: complete layer for solar in grade, 127 panels of solar panels to supply the building's energy needs for heating and hot water, but they are not required in the building.
Technical data	Technical data: 127 panels of solar panels to supply the building's energy needs for heating and hot water, but they are not required in the building.
Other ecological aspects	Other ecological aspects: The building is designed to be a model for sustainable construction. The building is designed to be a model for sustainable construction. The building is designed to be a model for sustainable construction.
Building in PHPP	Building in PHPP: The building is designed to be a model for sustainable construction. The building is designed to be a model for sustainable construction. The building is designed to be a model for sustainable construction.
Further notes	Further notes: The building is designed to be a model for sustainable construction. The building is designed to be a model for sustainable construction. The building is designed to be a model for sustainable construction.

15. PHPP File / Ergebnisse

PHI Low Energy Building Verification																																																																																	
					Building: SmartWare Street: Strada Petofi Sandor nr 345 Postcode/City: 417167 Săldăbagiu de Munte Province/Country: Bihor RO-Romania Building type: Office Building Climate data set: RO0001a-Satu-Mare Climate zone: 3: Cool-temperate Altitude of location: 206 m																																																																												
					Home owner / Client: SC Smartware SRL Street: Strada Petofi Sandor nr 345 Postcode/City: 417167 Săldăbagiu de Munte Province/Country: Bihor RO-Romania																																																																												
					Mechanical engineer: Terax Engineering Street: Marin Sorescu nr3 Postcode/City: 400465 Cluj Napoca Province/Country: Cluj RO-Romania																																																																												
					Certification: Passive House Institute GmbH Street: Rheinstraße 44/46 Postcode/City: 64283 Darmstadt Province/Country: Hessen DE-Germany																																																																												
Architecture: Vertical Studio Street: Republicii nr 12 Postcode/City: 410025 Oradea Province/Country: Bihor RO-Romania					Energy consultancy: Inginerie Creativa - Marius Șoflete Street: Episcop Ioan Bob nr 4 Postcode/City: 400015 Cluj Napoca Province/Country: Cluj RO-Romania																																																																												
Year of construction: 2019 No. of dwelling units: 1 No. of occupants: 240,0					Interior temperature winter [°C]: 20,0 Internal heat gains (IHG) heating case [W/m²]: 5,0 Specific capacity [Wh/K per m² TFA]: 132					Interior temp. summer [°C]: 25,0 IHG cooling case [W/m²]: 5,0 Mechanical cooling: x																																																																							
Specific building characteristics with reference to the treated floor area																																																																																	
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2"></th> <th>Treated floor area m²</th> <th></th> <th>Criteria</th> <th>Alternative criteria</th> <th>Fulfilled?²</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="3">Space heating</td> <td>Heating demand kWh/(m²a)</td> <td>27</td> <td>≤</td> <td>30</td> <td>-</td> <td>yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Heating load W/m²</td> <td>18</td> <td>≤</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cooling & dehum. demand kWh/(m²a)</td> <td>18</td> <td>≤</td> <td>40</td> <td>-</td> <td>yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">Space cooling</td> <td>Cooling load W/m²</td> <td>15</td> <td>≤</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Frequency of overheating (> 25 °C) %</td> <td>-</td> <td>≤</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2"></td> <td>Frequency of excessively high humidity (> 12 g/kg) %</td> <td>≤</td> <td>10</td> <td>-</td> <td>yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Airtightness</td> <td>Pressurization test result n₅₀ 1/h</td> <td>0,3</td> <td>≤</td> <td>1,0</td> <td>-</td> <td>yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Non-renewable Primary Energy (PE)</td> <td>PE demand kWh/(m²a)</td> <td>317</td> <td>≤</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">Primary Energy Renewable (PER)</td> <td>PER demand kWh/(m²a)</td> <td>161,2</td> <td>≤</td> <td>75</td> <td>163,25</td> <td rowspan="2">yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Generation of renewable energy (in relation to pro-jected building footprint area)</td> <td>0</td> <td>≥</td> <td>-</td> <td>13</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>												Treated floor area m²		Criteria	Alternative criteria	Fulfilled?²	Space heating	Heating demand kWh/(m²a)	27	≤	30	-	yes	Heating load W/m²	18	≤	-	-		Cooling & dehum. demand kWh/(m²a)	18	≤	40	-	yes	Space cooling	Cooling load W/m²	15	≤	-	-		Frequency of overheating (> 25 °C) %	-	≤	-	-	-			Frequency of excessively high humidity (> 12 g/kg) %	≤	10	-	yes	Airtightness	Pressurization test result n ₅₀ 1/h	0,3	≤	1,0	-	yes	Non-renewable Primary Energy (PE)	PE demand kWh/(m²a)	317	≤	-	-	-	Primary Energy Renewable (PER)	PER demand kWh/(m²a)	161,2	≤	75	163,25	yes	Generation of renewable energy (in relation to pro-jected building footprint area)	0	≥	-	13
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Space cooling	Cooling load W/m²	15	≤	-	-																																																																												
	Frequency of overheating (> 25 °C) %	-	≤	-	-	-																																																																											
		Frequency of excessively high humidity (> 12 g/kg) %	≤	10	-	yes																																																																											
Airtightness	Pressurization test result n ₅₀ 1/h	0,3	≤	1,0	-	yes																																																																											
Non-renewable Primary Energy (PE)	PE demand kWh/(m²a)	317	≤	-	-	-																																																																											
Primary Energy Renewable (PER)	PER demand kWh/(m²a)	161,2	≤	75	163,25	yes																																																																											
	Generation of renewable energy (in relation to pro-jected building footprint area)	0	≥	-	13																																																																												
<p>² Empty field: Data missing; '-': No requirement</p>																																																																																	
<p>I confirm that the values given herein have been determined following the PHPP methodology and based on the characteristic values of the building. The PHPP calculations are attached to this verification.</p>																																																																																	
<p>Task: 2-Certifier First name: Dragos Surname: Arnautu</p>																																																																																	
<p>Certificate ID: Issued on: City: Darmstadt</p>																																																																																	
<p>PHI Low Energy Building? yes</p>																																																																																	
<p>Signature:</p>																																																																																	
<p>Project data imported from designPH 2.0.06 BETA-3 PHPP9 display code:</p>																																																																																	

Due to large energy consumption of installed servers, as the office is an IT company headquarter, the benchmark for PER limit was discussed with Dragos Arnăutu – PHI Certifier and with PHI.

16. PH Certificate

Certificate

Certified PHI Low Energy Building



Smartware Office Building
Strada Petőfi Sándor Nr. 345, 417167 Săldăbagiu de Munte,
Romania



Client	SC Smartware SRL Strada Petőfi Sándor Nr. 345 417167 Săldăbagiu de Munte, Romania
Architect	Vertical Studio Republicii Nr. 12 410025 Oradea, Romania
Building Services	Terax Engineering Marin Sorescu Nr. 3 400465 Cluj Napoca, Romania
Energy Consultant	Inginerie Creativă - Marius Șoflete Episcop Ioan Bob nr 4 400015 Cluj Napoca, Romania

The characteristic energy values of buildings certified according to the PHI Low Energy Building Standard are verified as thoroughly as for Passive House certification. However, due to various reasons PHI Low Energy Buildings have a somewhat higher energy demand (criteria: see www.passivehouse.com).

The design of the above-mentioned building meets the criteria defined by the Passive House Institute for the PHI Low Energy Building Standard:

Building quality	This building	Criteria	Alternative criteria
Heating Heating demand [kWh/(m²a)]	27 ≤ 30		
Cooling Cooling + dehumidification demand [kWh/(m²a)]	18 ≤ 40		
Airtightness Pressurization test result (n_{50}) [1/h]	0,3 ≤ 1,0		
Renewable primary energy (PER) PER-demand [kWh/(m²a)]	161 ≤ 75		163
Generation (reference to ground area) [kWh/(m²a)]	0 ≥ -		-

The associated certification booklet contains more characteristic values for this building.

Darmstadt, 15. February 2021

Certifier: Dragoș Amăutu, Passive House Institute GmbH