Project documentation 物件記録

Certified Passive House Passive House Institute

Abstract | プロジェクト概要



Shiki Passive House/志木パッシブハウス

Data of building | 物件データ

Year of construction 竣工年	2022	Space heating	Q	
U-value external wall	0,135	年間暖房需要	kWh/(m²a)	
U-value 外壁	W/(m²K)		(111 a)	
U-value basement	0,318	Primary Energy Renewable (PER)	62	
U-value 床または基礎	W/(m²K)	総一次エネルギー消費量(PER)	kWh/(m²a)	
U-value roof	0,114	Generation of renewable Energy	75	
U-value 屋根	W/(m²K)	再生可能エネルギーによる創エネ	kWh/(m²a)	
U-value window	0,73	Non-renewable Primary Energy (PE)	127	
U-value 窓	W/(m²K)	旧基準による総一次エネルギー消費量 (PE)	kWh/(m²a)	
Heat recovery 換気熱交換効率	75 %	Pressurization test n ₅₀ 気密性能 n ₅₀	0,3 h ⁻¹	
Special features 幹線道路に近い住宅街です。				

Brief Description

Shiki Passive House

Located approximately 23 km from Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, a weather observation site, "Shiki Passive House" is a detached house for a family of three, a couple and a child, newly built in Shiki City, Saitama Prefecture. The surrounding environment is a residential area close to a relatively busy highway, but the building site abuts the road to the southwest at an angle, so there is a vacant lot on the south side, which is a good condition for an urban residential area considering the use of solar radiation.

The plan is a simple two-bedroom house with the LDK and water on the first floor and a private area including two private rooms on the second floor. The floor plan is simple, with the LDK and water on the first floor and a private area on the second floor, including two private rooms. Although the space is not large compared to other houses in the area, it is large enough for three people to live in.

One of the planning concepts was "a traditional Japanese-style house," and the deep eaves are a distinctive feature of the design. The deep eaves are a good design in terms of the traditional housing method that "summer is the best season," but they also have their disadvantages when considering the use of solar radiation in winter, which was the most important point when considering Passive House. As a result, the high envelope performance for a temperate region allowed for a heating demand and load with a margin to the standard, making it possible to consider deep eaves that inherit the ancient meaning of the term, focusing mainly on cooling demand.

Since the house will be used as a model house for about a year after its completion, we have not heard any feedback from the family, so we look forward to hearing their impressions of living in the house.

物件概要

志木パッシブハウス

気象観測地の東京都千代田区から約23kmの距離にある「志木パッシブハウス」は、埼玉県志木市に新築されたご夫婦とお子様一人のご家族3人で暮らすための一戸建て住宅である。周辺環境は、比較的通行量のある幹線道路が近い住宅地であるが、建築地は南西にある道路と斜めに接しているので、南面に空地があるような状況になっており、日射利用を考えると都市部の住宅地にしては条件のよい場所である。

プランは 1 階に L D K と水回り、 2 階は 2 つの個室を含むプライベートなエリアとなる 2 LDKのシンプルな間取りである。広さは、周辺の住宅と比較しても広いとは言えないが、 3 人暮らしを考えると住まうに足る十分な広さである。

計画コンセプトの1つに「昔ながらの日本らしい住まい」があったが、深い庇があるデザインが特徴的であると言える。深い庇は「夏を旨とすべし」という古来の住宅手法としては良いデザインではあるが、冬の日射利用を考えると一長一短とも言え、パッシブハウスを検討する上での最大のポイントであった。

結果として、温暖地としては高い外皮性能とすることで基準に余裕をもった暖房需要・負荷となったことで、主に冷房需要にフォーカスした古来の意味を継承する深い庇を検討することを可能とした。

完成から1年間ぐらいはモデルハウスとして利用するため、ご家族からの感想は聞けていないので、暮らしの感想をお聞きするのを楽しみにしている。

Responsible project particip 物件関係者	pants
Architect 基本設計者	PASSIVESCAPE Architbuild https://passivescape.net/
Implementation planning 実施設計者	PASSIVESCAPE Architbuild https://passivescape.net/
Building systems 設備設計者	ECOMO Co., Ltd. http://www.kht-eco.com/index.html
Structural engineering 構造設計者	-
Building physics 建築物理	ArchiAtelierMA Corp. https://ma-archi.com/
Passive House project planning パッシブハウス・コンサルタント	ArchiAtelierMA Corp. https://ma-archi.com/
Construction management 現場監理	PASSIVESCAPE Architbuild https://passivescape.net/
Certifying body 認定機関	
Passive House Japan www.passivehouse-japan.org	
Certification ID PHデータベース ID	
6966	Project-ID (<u>www.passivehouse-database.org</u>) Projekt-ID (<u>www.passivhausprojekte.de</u>)

Author of project documentation 本物件記録の作成者	
Akihisa Maruyama	
Date 日付	Signature 署名
22.10.2022	九山亳卦

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1. Ansichtsfotos **外観写真**





2. Innenfoto exemplarisch 内観写真

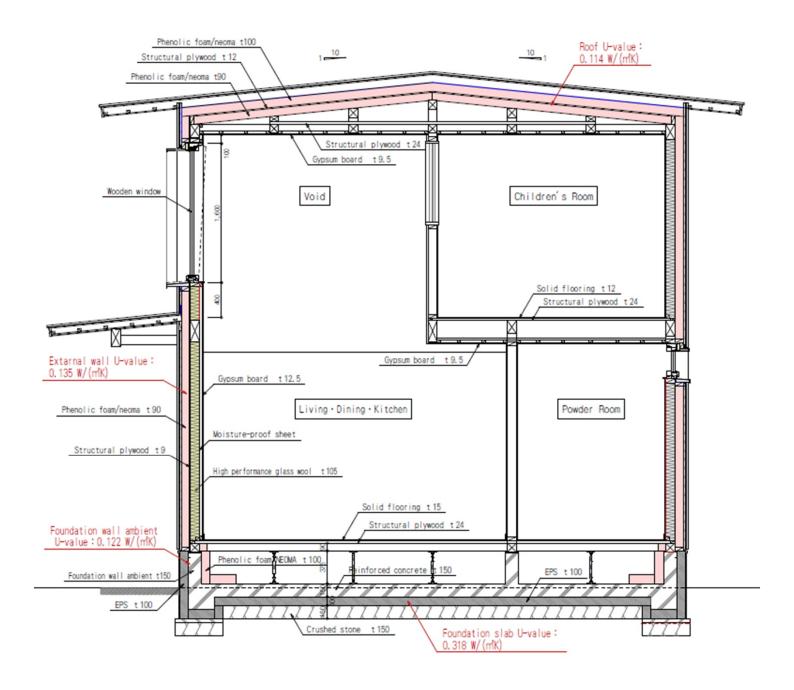




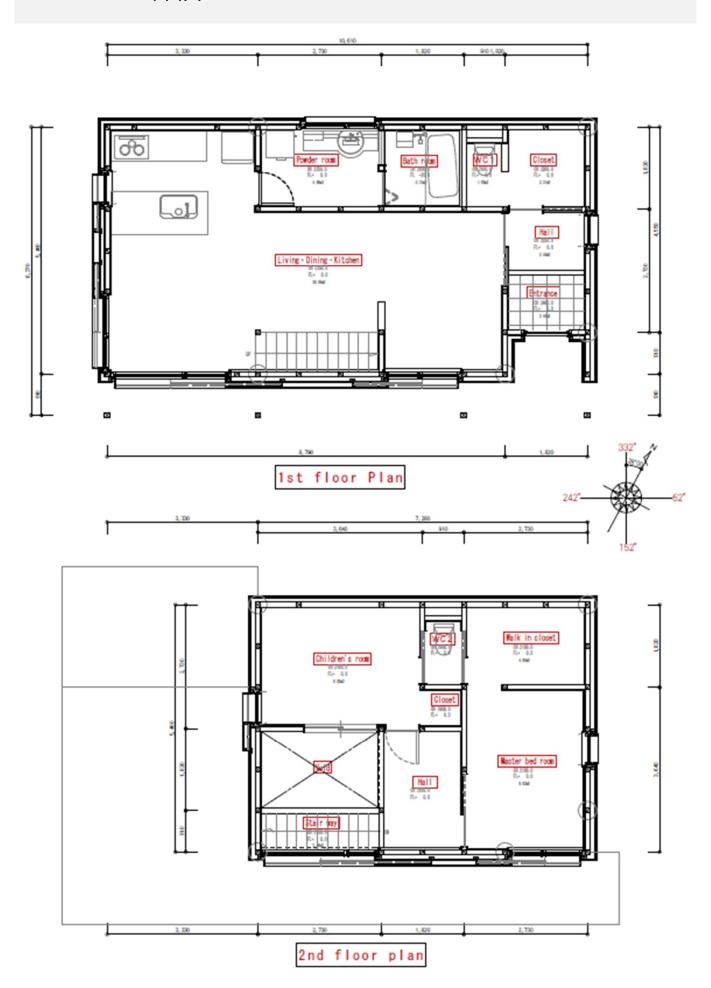
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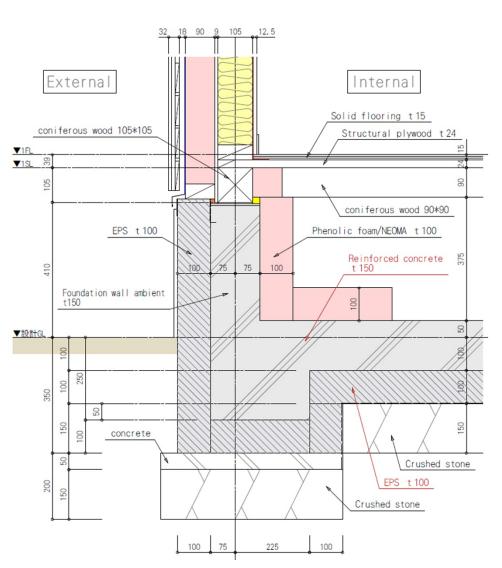
3. Schnittzeichnung 断面図



4. Grundrisse 平面図



5. Konstruktion der Bodenplatte 床(または基礎)の構成A



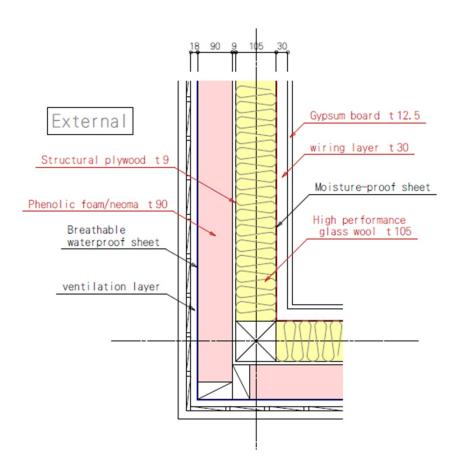
EPS insulation is used on the outside and neo-mafoam insulation the on inside. Insulation is also installed at the foundation on the inside to prevent thermal bridging.





6. Konstruktion der Außenwände 外壁の構成

Neoma foam insulation is used for additional insulation, and high-performance glass wool insulation is used for filling insulation. A wiring layer is installed on the indoor side, and the moisture-proof dense layer is devised so that it can be continued properly.

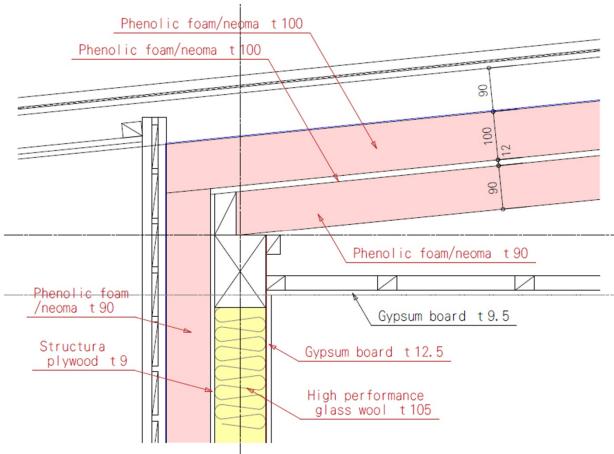






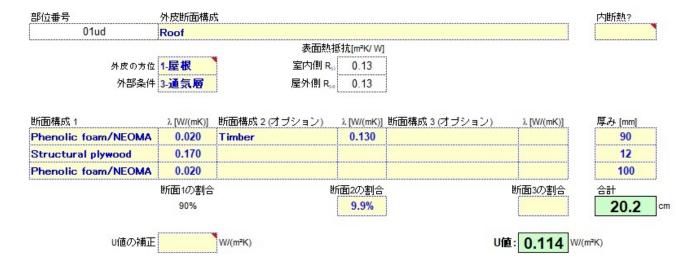


7. Konstruktion des Daches 屋根の構成

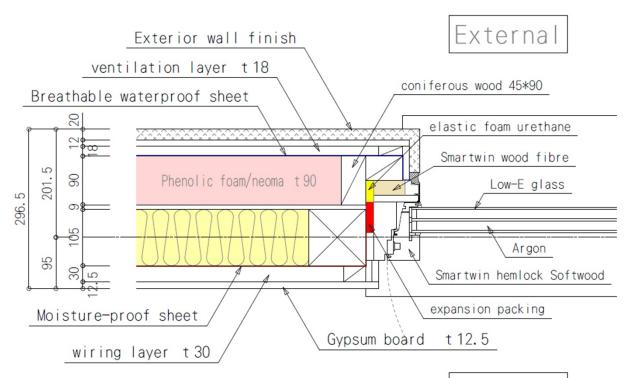


Both additional insulation and filling insulation use Neoma foam insulation. The thickness of the roof is suppressed by using insulation material with good thermal conductivity.





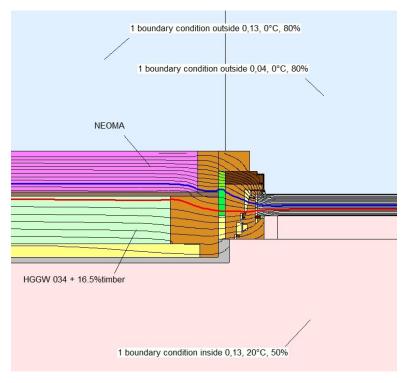
8. Fenster und Fenster-Einbau 窓とその収まり図



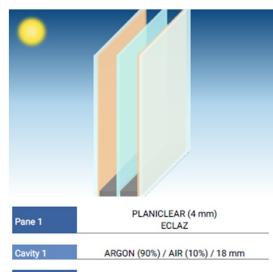
Description of the window (frame) construction, Smartwin, Wooden Windows manufacturer

Make of window Wooden frame with Aluminum (frame; product name) cladding (FIX, DK)

Frame U-value Uf 0.61 W/(m²K)









EN410 (2011-04)

Solar factor (g) Shading Coefficient (SC) 0.5942 0.6829

PLANILUX (4 mm)

ARGON (90%) / AIR (10%) / 18 mm ECLAZ

PLANICLEAR (4 mm)



Cavity 2

Pane 3

THERMAL TRANSMISSION

EN673 (2011-04)

Ug 0° related to vertical position 0.525 W/m².K

9. Beschreibung der luftdichten Hülle 気密測定結果

After the construction was completed, on May 12, 2022, Mr. Chiba of Mihara Jusetsu conducted an airtightness measurement.

		Depressuriza	tion			
Wassesset	1		2 (if necessary)		3 (if necessary)	
Measurement	ΔP	Fan Flow Q	ΔP	Fan Flow Q	ΔP	Fan Flow Q
Measurement point	[Pa]	[m/h]	[Pa]	[m/h]	[Pa]	[m/h]
1	20.0	30.7				
2	30.0	40.2				
3	40.0	51.0				
4	50.0	67.7				
5	60.0	77.0				

		1	2	3
Characteristic value	n(1≦n≦2)	1,16		
Air permeability	a(m/h•Pa1/n	2.22		
△P=9.8Pa Ventilation volume	Q9.8(ml/h)	27.44		
coefficient b	b:b=0.627 p 1/2	0.69		
ΔP=50Pa Ventilation volume	Q50(m/h)	64.41		
	Q50 (m/h) Average		64.41	

		Pressuriza	tion			_	
Measurement	1		2 (if n	2 (if necessary)		3 (if necessary)	
measurement	ΔP	Fan Flow Q	ΔP	Fan Flow Q	ΔΡ	Fan Flow Q	
Measurement point	[Pa]	[m/h]	[Pa]	[m/h]	[Pa]	[m/h]	
1	20	32.1					
2	30	42.6					
3	40	51.0					
4	50	61.7					
5	60	72.5					

		1	2	3
Characteristic value	n(1≦n≦2)	1.37		
Air permeability	a(m²/h•Pa1/n	3.50		
∆P=9.8Pa Ventilation volume	Q9.8(m/h)	18.51		
coefficient b	b:b=0.627 p 1/2	0.69		
∆P=50Pa Ventilation volume	Q50(m/h)	61.00		
	Q50(m/h)Average		61.00	

Results	Net Air Volu	ume Vt	186.13	m (according to PHPP)
	Q50	Uncertainty	n50	Uncertainty
	mi/h	96	1/h	96
Depressurisation	64.41		0.35	
Pressurisation	61.00		0.33	
Averege	62.71		0.34	



Air tightness concept

Roof: Structural plywood with airtight tape External wall: Structural plywood covered with airtight tape

Floor: Concrete

Junction between roof and External wall: airtight

tape

Exterior wall and foundation: airtight packing

windows: expansion packing

10. Lüftungsgerät 換気装置

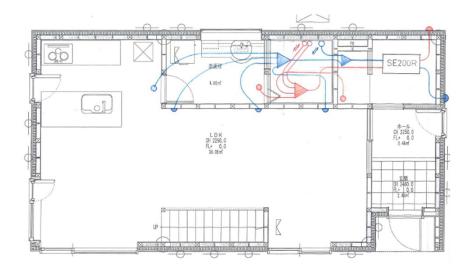
Although the heat exchange rate is reduced because it is not a Passive House certified product, a heat exchange ventilation system was adopted to achieve a good balance between performance and cost.





specification	Sensible heat exchange efficiency h _{HR}	Humidity exchange efficiency	Specific power consumption	
ユーザー設定データ	%	%	Wh/m³	
Royal SE200R	75%	52%	0.56	

11. Lüftungsplanung Kanalnetz ダクト計画



| Section | Sect

air supply chamber
The kitchen, dining room,
living room, master
bedroom, and children's
room are air supply rooms
(the blue line is the duct
route)

return air chamber There are 2 toilets, a washroom, and the 2nd floor hall is used as an exhaust room.

ventilation path
Fresh air sent to the supply air chamber is collected in the return air chamber through door undercuts, etc., and returned to the heat exchanger via the exhaust duct (the red line is the duct route).

12. Wärmeversorgung 熱供給

A heat pump water (CO₂ heater refrigerant) is used to send hot water to each facility. The system is also linked to photovoltaic power generation system to reduce electricity consumption.







Heating and cooling is provided by a heat pump air conditioner. This system works in conjunction with the ventilation system to deliver cooled and heated fresh air to each room.



13. Baukosten 建設コスト

The deep eaves design has both advantages and disadvantages as a passive design, and the cost of building the house is higher because of these advantages. Taking these factors into account, the cost of this house was about 30% higher than a typical house construction. However, we consider this an acceptable cost because it allows the homeowner to make the most of their individuality while reducing future energy costs.

14. Literatur 参考文献

· Passive House Planing Package

15. PHPP-Ergebnisse 結果シート

パッシブハウス Verification 物件名: Shiki Passive House 番地·町名: Shiki 郵便番号/都市名: 都道府県/国 JP-日本 用途: 一戸建ての住宅 気象データ: ud---02-JP0001b-Tokyo 気候区分: 4: Warm tempertate (温帯建設地の標高: 建築主 / クライアント: Takamichi Yoda 番地·町名: Shiki 郵便番号/都市名 都道府県/国: JP-日本 設備設計者: ECOMO Co., Ltd. 設計者: PASSIVESCAPE Architbuild 番地·町名: 4-1-35 nakamuneoka, Shiki 番地·町名: 2-14-6 Midiricho, takasaki 郵便番号/都市名: 353-0002 郵便番号/都市名: 370-0073 JP-日本 JP-日本 都道府県/国: 都道府県/国: エネルギーコンサルタント: ArchiAtelierMA Corp. 認定機関 Passive House Japan 番地·町名: 3-35-8-105 Kanamecho, Toshima 番地·町名: 2-2-2 Ohmachi, Kamakura 郵便番号/都市名: 171-0043 郵便番号/都市名: 248-0007 都道府県/国: JP-日本 都道府県/国: JP-日本 竣工年: 2022 冬の室内温度設定 [°C]: 20.0 夏の室内温度設定 [°C]: ユニット数: 1 暖房期の内部発熱量 (IHG) [W/m²]: 2.7 予房期の内部発熱量(IHG) [W/m²]: 利用者数: 84 冷房設備の有無 20 蓄熱性能 [Wh/K per m2 TFA]: 有効床面積を元に計算した建物の性能 有効床面積 m² 77.0 すべて記入しましたか 代替基準 暖房 9 ≤ 暖房需要 kWh/(m²a) 15 Yes 暖房負荷 W/m² 8 < 10 年間冷房負荷 22 年間冷房&除湿需要 kWh/(m²a) ≤ 22 22 Yes 冷房負荷 W/m² 12 ≤ 11 オーバーヒートの頻度 (> 25 °C) % 温度過多の頻度 (> 12 g/kg) % 0 Yes 10 気密性能 50PA時の漏気回数 1/h 0.3 0.6 Yes 旧一次エネルギー基準(PE) 消費量 (PE) kWh/(m²a) 127 ·次エネルギー消費量(PER) kWh/(m²a) 62 60 62 新一次エネルギー基 垂直投影面積に対する再生可 能エネルギー総エネ量 kWh/(m²a) Yes 準 (PER) 75 > 2

16. Availlable Research Material

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²空欄: データ不足; '-': 該当なし