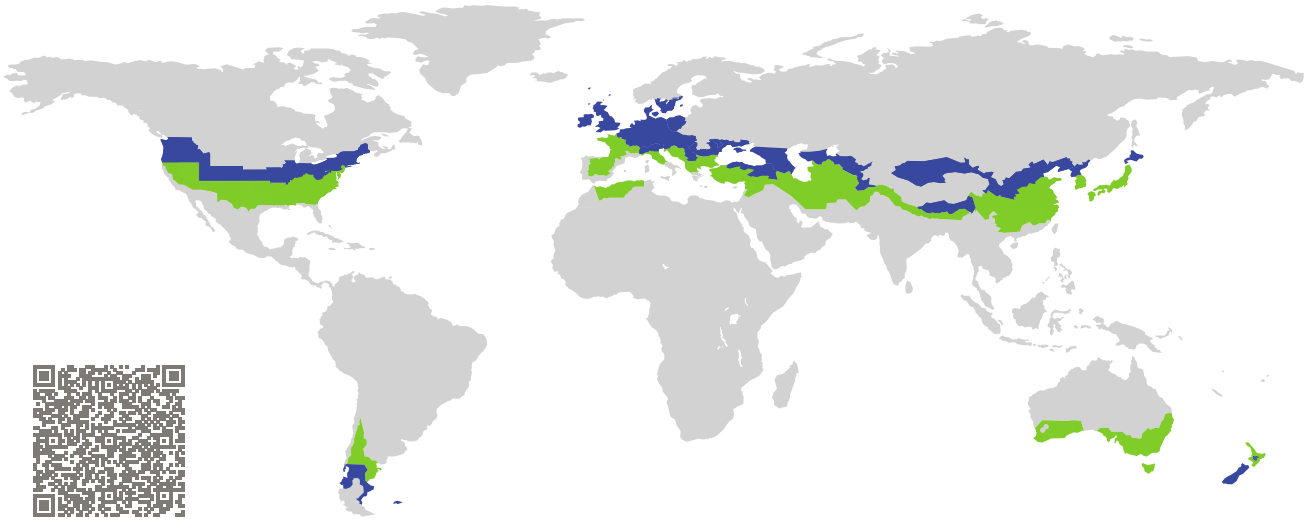
CERTIFICATE

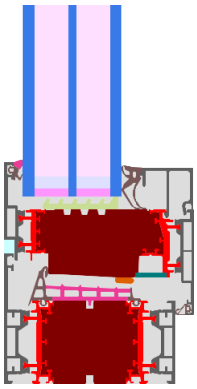
Certified Passive House Component

Component-ID 1657wi03 valid until 31st December 2025

Passive House Institute
Dr. Wolfgang Feist
64283 Darmstadt
Germany



Category:	**Window Frame**
Manufacturer:	**Comar Architectural Aluminium Systems, The Parkside Group Limited, Mitcham, United Kingdom**
Product name:	**Comar 10**



This certificate was awarded based on the following criteria for the cool, temperate climate zone

Comfort	U_W = 0.80	≤	0.80 W/(m² K)
	$U_{W,\text{installed}}$	≤	0.85 W/(m² K)
	with U_g	=	0.70 W/(m² K)
Hygiene	$f_{Rsi=0.25}$	≥	0.70

cool, temperate climate

phB

CERTIFIED COMPONENT

Passive House Institute

Passive House efficiency class	phE	phD	phC	phB	phA

www.passivehouse.com

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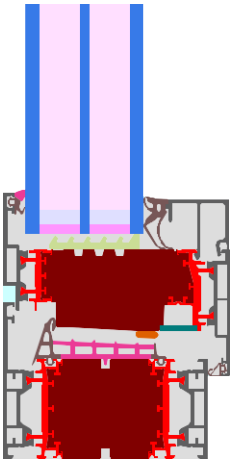
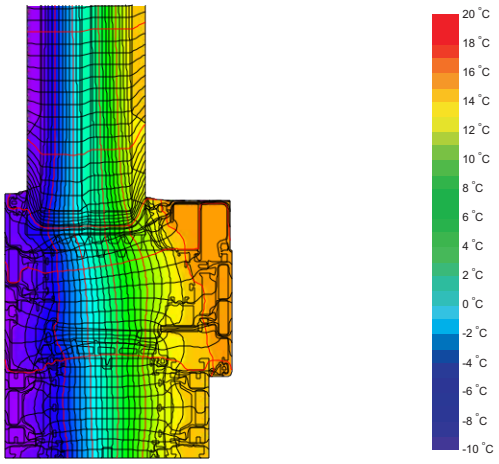
☎ +44 20 8685 9685 | ✉ projects@parksidegroup.co.uk | http://www.comar-alu.co.uk |



Calculation model



Isothermal

Description

Thermally broken aluminium frame with PU-foam core (0,051 W/mK). Glazing: 6/18/4/18/6, glass intersection: 20 mm, Spacer: SWISSPACER Ultimate with polysulfide secondary seal.

Explanation

The window U-values were calculated for the test window size of 1.23 m × 1.48 m with U_g = 0.70 W/(m² K). If a higher quality glazing is used, the window U-values will improve as follows:

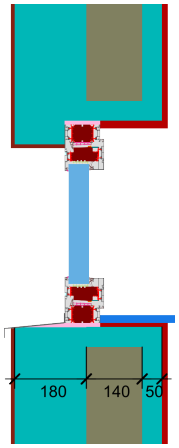
Glazing	U_g =	0.70	0.64	0.58	0.52	W/(m² K)
		↓	↓	↓	↓	
Window	U_W =	0.80	0.76	0.72	0.68	W/(m² K)

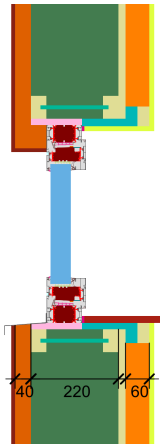
Transparent building components are classified into efficiency classes depending on the heat losses through the opaque part. The frame U-Values, frame widths, thermal bridges at the glazing edge, and the glazing edge lengths are included in these heat losses. A more detailed report of the calculations performed in the context of certification is available from the manufacturer.

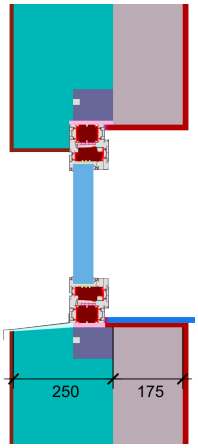
The Passive House Institute has defined international component criteria for seven climate zones. In principle, components which have been certified for climate zones with higher requirements may also be used in climates with less stringent requirements. In a particular climate zone it may make sense to use a component of a higher thermal quality which has been certified for a climate zone with more stringent requirements.

Further information relating to certification
can be found on www.passivehouse.com and passipedia.org.

Validated installations

Formwork blocks (operable)	
U_{Wall} = 0.15 W/(m² K)	
	
$\Psi_{install}$	W/(m K)
Top	0.013
Side	0.013
Bottom	0.020
$U_{W,installed}$ = 0.84 W/(m² K)	

Lightweight timber (operable)	
U_{Wall} = 0.13 W/(m² K)	
	
$\Psi_{install}$	W/(m K)
Top	0.016
Side	0.016
Bottom	0.021
$U_{W,installed}$ = 0.85 W/(m² K)	

Exterior insulation and finishing system (EIFS) (operable)	
U_{Wall} = 0.13 W/(m² K)	
	
$\Psi_{install}$	W/(m K)
Top	0.013
Side	0.013
Bottom	0.023
$U_{W,installed}$ = 0.84 W/(m² K)	

Frame values		Frame width b_f mm	U-value frame U_f W/(m² K)	Ψ-glazing edge Ψ_g W/(m K)	Temp. Factor $f_{Rsi=0.25}$ [-]
Flying Mullion	(FM1) 	134	0.75	0.032	0.74
Bottom	(OB1) 	117	0.77	0.031	0.74
Top	(OH1) 	117	0.77	0.031	0.74
Lateral	(OJ1) 	117	0.77	0.031	0.74
Spacer: SWISSPACER Ultimate			Secondary seal: Polysulfide		