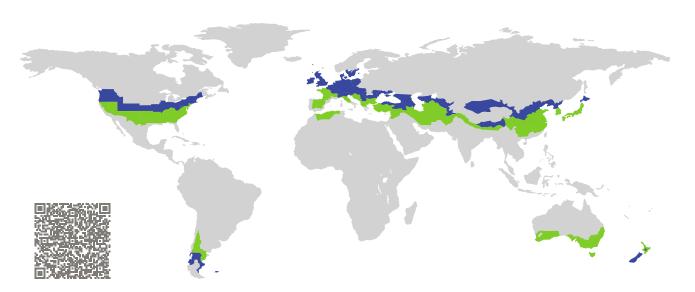
# **CERTIFICATE**

**Certified Passive House Component** 

Component-ID 2352rn03 valid until 31st December 2025

Passive House Institute Dr. Wolfgang Feist 64283 Darmstadt Germany



Category: Renovation system

Manufacturer: pro Passivhausfenster GmbH,

Oberaudorf, Germany

Product name: smartshell reno
Construction type: Light (wood)
Main insulation type: Cellulose

Window product: Smartwin Solar HPL





System includes wall and window modules plus roof modules and floor modules



CERTIFIED RENOVATION SYSTEM

Passive House Institute

# pro Passivhausfenster GmbH Martin-Greif-Straße 20, 83080 Oberaudorf, Germany 🕿 +49 8033 / 30 40 98 | 🖂 ff@propassivhausfenster.net | 🖰 http://www.propassivhausfenster.net | Criteria 1.1 Hygiene criterion: Lowest interior surface temperature factor above 0.70? 1.2 Airtightness concept: Comprehensive airtightness concept guide provided? 2.1 Max. heat transfer coefficient: All U-values below climate zone-specific limit? 2.2 SRI of external finishes: N/A All solar reflectance indices above limit, where applicable? 2.3 Absence of thermal bridges: All Psi-values below limit, or sufficiently reduced? 2.4 Condensation limit: Condensation evaporated within 12 month period? 2.5 Ma limit: Moisture accumulation value below limit? 3.1 Window comfort criterion: Uw-installed value below limit? 3.2 SHGC / g-value of glazing: g-value of glazing below limit? 3.3 External shading: External shading strategy for sun-facing windows provided? Ventilation system: Comprehensive ventilation concept document provided? **Installation manual:** Comprehensive installation guide provided?

2/10 smartshell reno

6 Occupant manual:

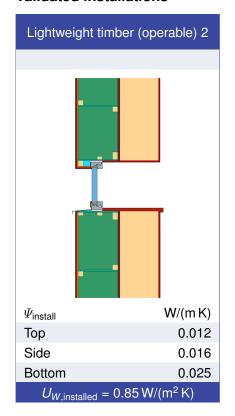
Comprehensive use and maintenance guide provided?

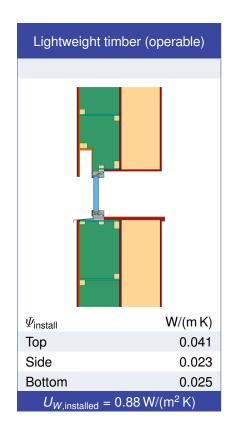
# Summary of values

Opaque assemblies			U-value W/(m² K)	Thickness mm	
Exterior wall	(EW1)		0.11	802	
Floor slab	(FS1)		0.25	320	
Pitched roof	(RO1)		0.11	497	
Pitched roof	(RO2)		0.10	440	

Frame cuts with "Smartwin Solar HPL" from "pro Passivhausfenster GmbH" (2353wi03)						
Frame values			Frame width <i>b<sub>f</sub></i> mm	<i>U</i> -value frame <i>U<sub>f</sub></i> W/(m² K)	$\Psi$ -glazing edge $\Psi_g$ W/(m K)	Temp. Factor $f_{Rsi=0.25}$ [-]
Bottom	(OB1)		77	0.91	0.026	0.70
Head	(OH1)	F	62	0.86	0.026	0.71
Jamb	(OJ1)	1	62	0.86	0.026	0.71
		Spacer: MULTITECH G		Secondary seal: Polysulfide		

#### Validated installations

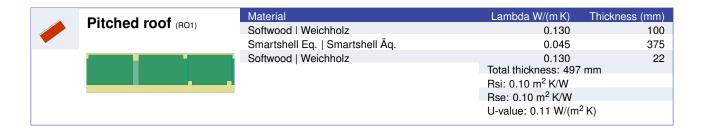




#### **Opaque Assemblies** Material Lambda W/(mK) Thickness (mm) Exterior wall (EW1) Interior plaster | Gipsputz 10456 0.570 15 365 Existing wall | Bestandgebäude 0.650 Lime mortar | Putzmörtel aus Kalk 1.000 20 Smartshell Eq. | Smartshell Äq. 0.045 375 Sto Ventec plaster baseboard | Sto Vente 0.150 12 Putzträgerplatte Lime mortar | Putzmörtel aus Kalk 1.000 15 Total thickness: 802 mm Rsi: 0.13 m<sup>2</sup> K/W Rse: 0.04 m<sup>2</sup> K/W U-value: 0.11 W/(m<sup>2</sup> K)



4/10 smartshell reno



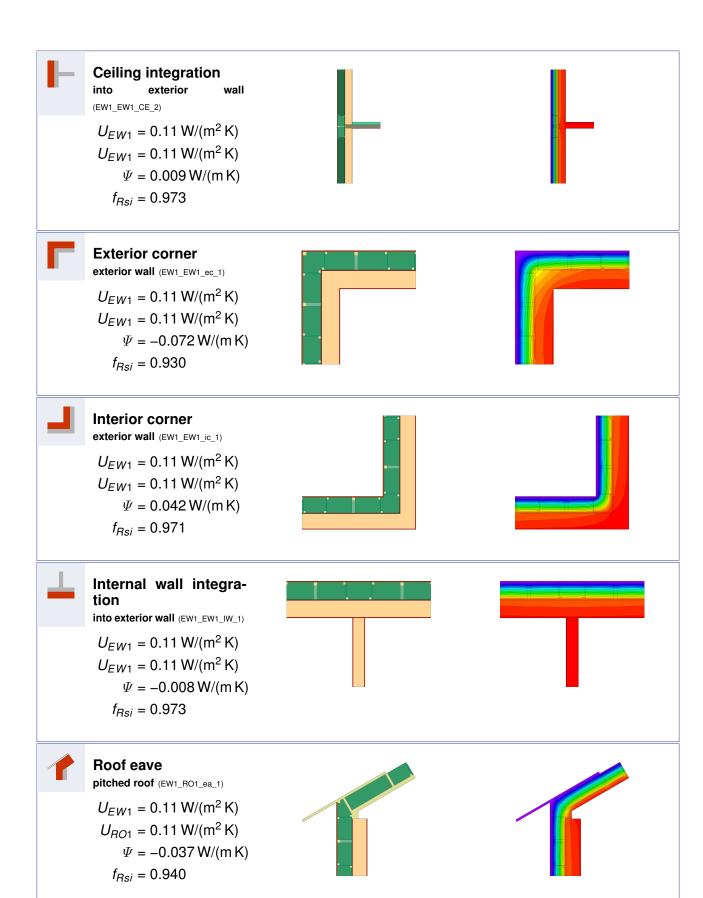
Pito	Ditched roof	Material	Lambda W/(mK)	Thickness (mm)	
	Pitched roof (RO2)	Softwood   Weichholz	0.130	20	
		Smartshell Eq.   Smartshell Äq.	0.052	160	
		Softwood   Weichholz	0.130	20	
		EPS   Styropor	0.035	220	
		Softwood   Weichholz	0.130	20	
			Total thickness: 440 m	nm	
			Rsi: 0.10 m <sup>2</sup> K/W		
			Rse: 0.10 m <sup>2</sup> K/W		
			U-value: 0.10 W/(m <sup>2</sup> k	<)	

Junctions		U1 U2 W/(m <sup>2</sup> K)	$\Psi$ -value $\Psi$ W/(m K)	Temp. factor f <sub>Rsi=0.25</sub> [-]
Ceiling integration into exterior wall (EW1_EW1_CE_1)		0.11 0.11	0.023	0.974
Ceiling integration into exterior wall (EW1_EW1_CE_2)		0.11 0.11	0.009	0.973
Exterior corner exterior wall (EW1_EW1_ec_1)		0.11 0.11	-0.072	0.930
Interior corner exterior wall (EW1_EW1_ic_1)	4	0.11 0.11	0.042	0.971
Internal wall integration into exterior wall (EW1_EW1_IW_1)	_	0.11 0.11	-0.008	0.973
Roof eave pitched roof (EW1_RO1_ea_1)		0.11 0.11	-0.037	0.940
Roof verge pitched roof (EW1_RO1_ve_1)		0.11 0.11	-0.087	0.924
Roof eave pitched roof (EW1_RO2_ea_2)		0.11 0.10	-0.016	0.942
Roof verge pitched roof (EW1_RO2_ve_2)		0.11 0.10	-0.083	0.934
Roof ridge pitched roof (R01_R01_ri_1)		0.11 0.11	-0.024	0.928
Roof ridge pitched roof (RO2_RO2_ri_2)		0.10 0.10	-0.033	0.948
		Junctions		
Ceiling integration into exterior wall (EW1_EW1_CE_1)  U_EW1 = 0.11 W/(m² K)				

6/10 smartshell reno

 $\Psi = 0.023 \, \text{W/(m K)}$ 

 $f_{Rsi}=0.974$ 





### Roof verge

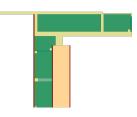
pitched roof (EW1\_RO1\_ve\_1)

$$U_{EW1} = 0.11 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$U_{RO1} = 0.11 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$\Psi = -0.087 \, \text{W/(m K)}$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.924$$







#### **Roof eave**

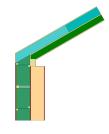
pitched roof (EW1\_RO2\_ea\_2)

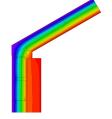
$$U_{EW1} = 0.11 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$U_{RO2} = 0.10 \,\text{W/(m}^2 \,\text{K)}$$

$$\Psi = -0.016 \, \text{W/(m K)}$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.942$$







### Roof verge

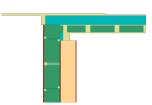
pitched roof (EW1\_RO2\_ve\_2)

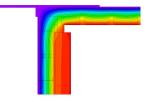
$$U_{EW1} = 0.11 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$U_{RO2} = 0.10 \,\text{W/(m}^2 \,\text{K)}$$

$$\Psi = -0.083 \, \text{W/(m K)}$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.934$$







#### Roof ridge

pitched roof (RO1\_RO1\_ri\_1)

$$U_{BO1} = 0.11 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$U_{RO1} = 0.11 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$\Psi = -0.024 \, \text{W/(m K)}$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.928$$







#### Roof ridge

pitched roof (RO2\_RO2\_ri\_2)

$$U_{RO2} = 0.10 \,\text{W/(m}^2 \,\text{K)}$$

$$U_{RO2} = 0.10 \,\mathrm{W/(m^2 \, K)}$$

$$\Psi = -0.033 \, \text{W/(m K)}$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.948$$





8/10

#### **System description**

The Smartshell Reno renovation system from Pro Passivhausfenster GmbH is an innovative solution designed for retrofitting existing buildings to enable achievement of the EnerPHit standard. The system comprises pre-fabricated structures with pre-installed Smartwin Solar HPL windows, which are installed over window reveals, fitted in the window production. Prefabricated cassettes constructed from timber Z-profiles are then installed to the walls and roof of the existing building and connected to the window sections using Sto Ventec plaster underlay plates, which are then covered with lime plaster. The resulting cavities are then filled with cellulose insulation (0,040 W/(mK)). The existing floor is insulated with PU foam (0,027 W/(mK)) and the basement ceiling is also insulated with XPS foam (0,037 W/(mK)). The airtight layer of the system is created from a layer of lime cement plaster located between the existing structure and the Smartshell Reno system.

#### Window description

The smartwin solar window is a variant of the standard window, but rather than an aluminium weather profile to the exterior, a HPL (high pres-sure laminate) plate is used. The main window profile is made from spruce/fir (0,11 W/(mK)) and insulated with natural insulation (0,040 W/(mK)). Glass loads are carried by special corner pieces. The airtightness test was conducted on a combination of fixed glazing and tilt and turn sash, element size 2.0 x 2.6 m. Pane thickness: 48 mm (4/18/4/18/4), rebate depth: 15 mm. Spacer: MULTITECH G with polysulfide secondary seal.

### Airtightness concept

The smartshell reno system enables achieve-ment of the high degree of airtightness required by the EnerPHit standard, namely 1,0 h-1 at 50 Pa pressure differential. The location of the airtight layer is shown in the drawings in appendix 3 of the report, represented by a dashed red line.

**Ventilation concept** 

**Heating concept** 

#### **Additional services**

The following services are offered by for the smartshell reno system:

Service	Description	
Design & consulting	Propassivhausfenster GmbH provides design and consulting services as standard for all projects.	
On-site generation	The Smartshell system can be integrated seamlessly with on-site energy generation systems.	
Quality assurance & monitoring	Pro Passivhausfenster GmbH offers close involvement with all projects, with quality assurance services offered as standard, and ongoing monitoring offered as an additional service.	
Heating, DHW and cooling compatibility	Heat pump systems can be seamlessly integrated into the Smartshell Renovation System, offering both heating and cooling.	

Disclaimer: The Passive House Institute GmbH (PHI) carries out heat transfer analyses according to the standards set out in the document "Criteria and Algorithms for Certified Passive House Components: Opaque Construction Systems" and based on information provided by the manufacturer. It is the responsibility of the project leader, e.g. the architect to ensure the appropriate assessments have been carried out for specific buildings, which may include more detailed analyses than those carried out for this certification. Use of a certified Passive House component does not guarantee that a construction project will achieve the Passive House, EnerPHit or PHI Low Energy Building standard. In all cases full details are to be made available by the manufacturer on request to the engaged certified Passive House designer or certifier, who will be permitted to check these against the construction information and to perform on-site checks as part of the quality assurance process.