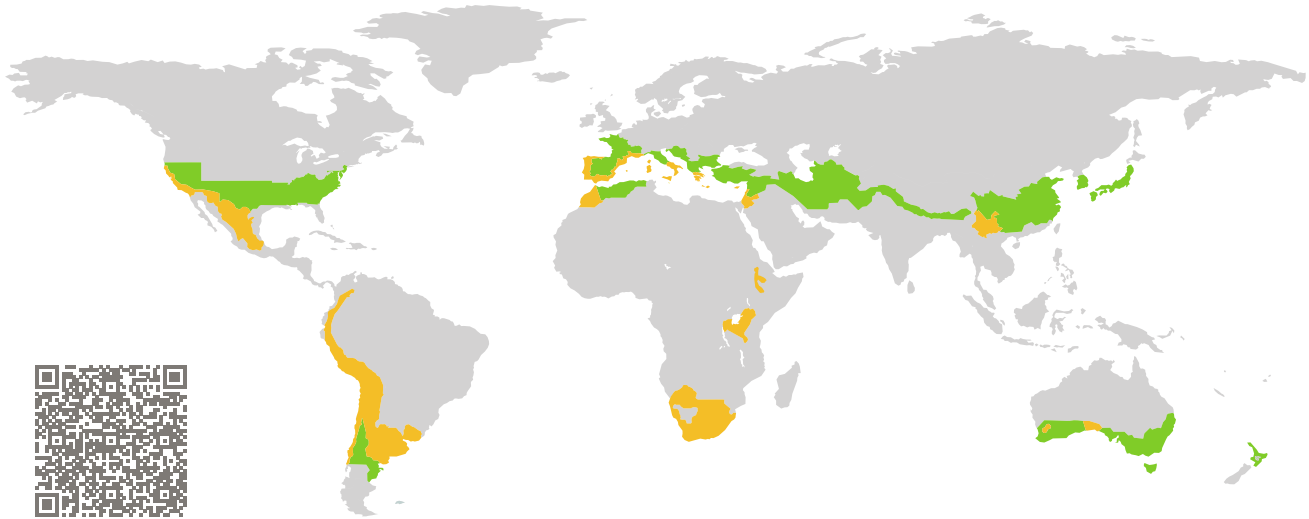


CERTIFICATE

Certified Passive House Component

Component-ID 1701ws04 valid until 31st December 2025

Passive House Institute
Dr. Wolfgang Feist
64283 Darmstadt
Germany

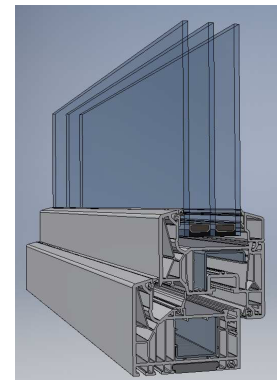


Category: **Window system**
Manufacturer: **Schüco Iberia S.L.,
Valdemoro (Madrid),
Spain**
Product name: **Schüco Living 82 MD**

**This certificate was awarded based on the following
criteria for the warm, temperate climate zone**

Comfort $U_{W=1.00} \leq 1.00 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$
 $U_{W,\text{installed}} \leq 1.05 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$
with $U_g = 0.90 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$

Hygiene $f_{Rsi=0.25} \geq 0.65$
Airtightness $Q_{100} = 0.19 \leq 0.25 \text{ m}^3/(\text{h m})$



warm, temperate climate



**CERTIFIED
COMPONENT**

Passive House Institute

Passive House
efficiency class

phE

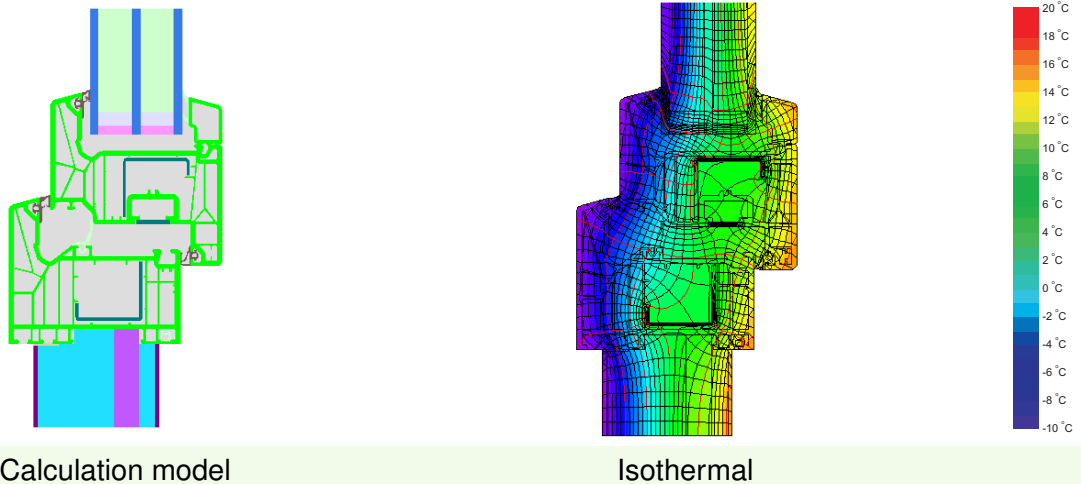
phD

phC

phB

phA

www.passivehouse.com



Calculation model Isothermal

Description

PVC window frame with reinforcing steel profiles. Bottom profile insulated by XPS (0.030 W/(mK)). Airtightness value of 0.19 m³/(h*m) ensured at a terrace door with flying mullion, 168 cm * 257 cm. Pane thickness: 44 mm (4/16/4/16/4), rebate depth: 20 mm. Spacer: SWISSPACER Ultimate.

Explanation

The window U-values were calculated for the test window size of 2.46 m × 1.48 m with $U_g = 0.90$ W/(m² K). If a higher quality glazing is used, the window U-values will improve as follows:

Glazing	$U_g =$	0.90	0.58	0.64	0.70	W/(m ² K)
		↓	↓	↓	↓	
Window	$U_w =$	1.00	0.79	0.83	0.87	W/(m ² K)

Transparent building components are classified into efficiency classes depending on the heat losses through the opaque part. The frame U-Values, frame widths, thermal bridges at the glazing edge, and the glazing edge lengths are included in these heat losses. A more detailed report of the calculations performed in the context of certification is available from the manufacturer.


The Passive House Institute has defined international component criteria for seven climate zones. In principle, components which have been certified for climate zones with higher requirements may also be used in climates with less stringent requirements. In a particular climate zone it may make sense to use a component of a higher thermal quality which has been certified for a climate zone with more stringent requirements.

Further information relating to certification can be found on www.passivehouse.com and passipedia.org.

Frame values			Frame width b_f mm	U -value frame U_f W/(m ² K)	Ψ -glazing edge Ψ_g W/(m K)	Temp. Factor $f_{Rsi=0.25}$ [-]
Mullion fixed	(0M1)		92	0.98	0.025	0.68
Mullion fixed	(0M2)		112	1.10	0.026	0.68
Transom fixed	(0T1)		92	0.98	0.025	0.68
Mullion 1 casement	(1M1)		142	1.05	0.026	0.68
Mullion 1 casement	(1M2)		162	1.11	0.026	0.68
Transom 1 casement	(1T1)		142	1.05	0.026	0.68
Mullion 2 casements	(2M1)		192	1.08	0.026	0.70
Transom 2 casements	(2T1)		192	1.08	0.026	0.70
Bottom fixed	(FB1)		110	0.86	0.026	0.69
Top fixed	(FH1)		70	0.98	0.025	0.69
Lateral fixed	(FJ1)		70	0.98	0.025	0.69
Flying Mullion	(FM1)		174	1.04	0.026	0.69
Bottom	(OB1)		160	0.96	0.026	0.70
Top	(OH1)		120	1.05	0.026	0.70
Lateral	(OJ1)		120	1.05	0.026	0.70
Threshold	(OT4)		88	1.26	0.025	0.67
Threshold	(OT5)		88	1.44	0.025	0.66

Spacer: SWISSPACER ULTIMATE

Secondary seal: Polysulfide



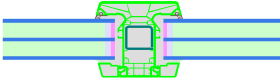
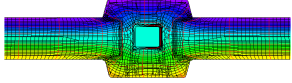
Mullion fixed

$b_f = 92 \text{ mm}$

$U_f = 0.98 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$

$\Psi_g = 0.025 \text{ W/(m K)}$

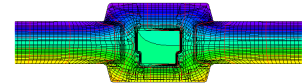
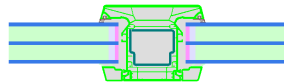
$f_{Rsi} = 0.68$



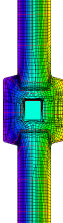
Mullion fixed

$$b_f = 112 \text{ mm}$$
$$U_f = 1.10 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$
$$\Psi_g = 0.026 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$
$$f_{Rsi} = 0.68$$



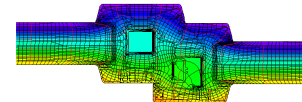
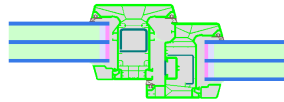
Transom fixed

$$b_f = 92 \text{ mm}$$
$$U_f = 0.98 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$
$$\Psi_g = 0.025 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$
$$f_{Rsi} = 0.68$$



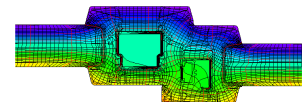
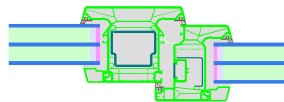
Mullion 1 casement

$$b_f = 142 \text{ mm}$$
$$U_f = 1.05 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$
$$\Psi_g = 0.026 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$
$$f_{Rsi} = 0.68$$



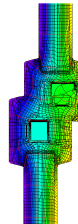
Mullion 1 casement

$$b_f = 162 \text{ mm}$$
$$U_f = 1.11 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$
$$\Psi_g = 0.026 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$
$$f_{Rsi} = 0.68$$



Transom 1 casement

$$b_f = 142 \text{ mm}$$
$$U_f = 1.05 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$
$$\Psi_g = 0.026 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$
$$f_{Rsi} = 0.68$$





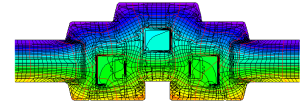
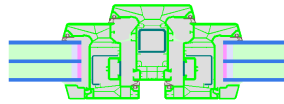
Mullion
2 casements

$$b_f = 192 \text{ mm}$$

$$U_f = 1.08 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$

$$\Psi_g = 0.026 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.70$$



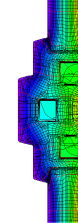
Transom
2 casements

$$b_f = 192 \text{ mm}$$

$$U_f = 1.08 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$

$$\Psi_g = 0.026 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.70$$



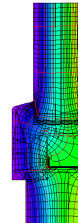
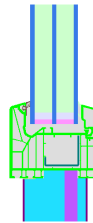
Bottom
fixed

$$b_f = 110 \text{ mm}$$

$$U_f = 0.86 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$

$$\Psi_g = 0.026 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.69$$



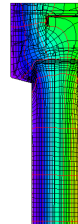
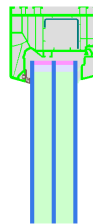
Top
fixed

$$b_f = 70 \text{ mm}$$

$$U_f = 0.98 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$

$$\Psi_g = 0.025 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.69$$



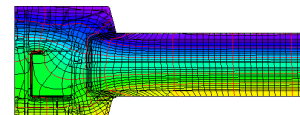
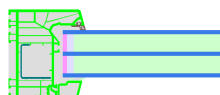
Lateral
fixed

$$b_f = 70 \text{ mm}$$

$$U_f = 0.98 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$

$$\Psi_g = 0.025 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.69$$





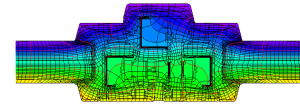
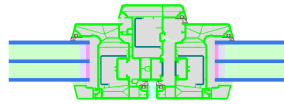
Flying Mullion

$$b_f = 174 \text{ mm}$$

$$U_f = 1.04 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$

$$\Psi_g = 0.026 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.69$$



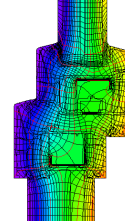
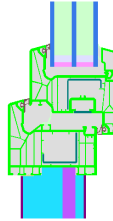
Bottom

$$b_f = 160 \text{ mm}$$

$$U_f = 0.96 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$

$$\Psi_g = 0.026 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.70$$



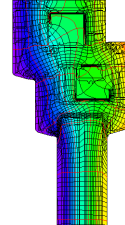
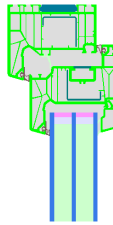
Top

$$b_f = 120 \text{ mm}$$

$$U_f = 1.05 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$

$$\Psi_g = 0.026 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.70$$



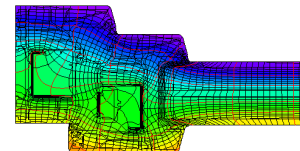
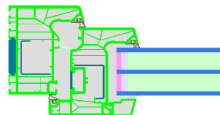
Lateral

$$b_f = 120 \text{ mm}$$

$$U_f = 1.05 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$

$$\Psi_g = 0.026 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.70$$



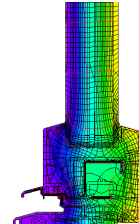
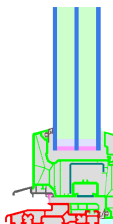
Threshold

$$b_f = 88 \text{ mm}$$

$$U_f = 1.26 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$$

$$\Psi_g = 0.025 \text{ W}/(\text{m K})$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.67$$





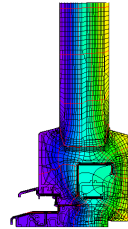
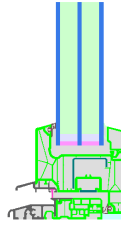
Threshold

$$b_f = 88 \text{ mm}$$

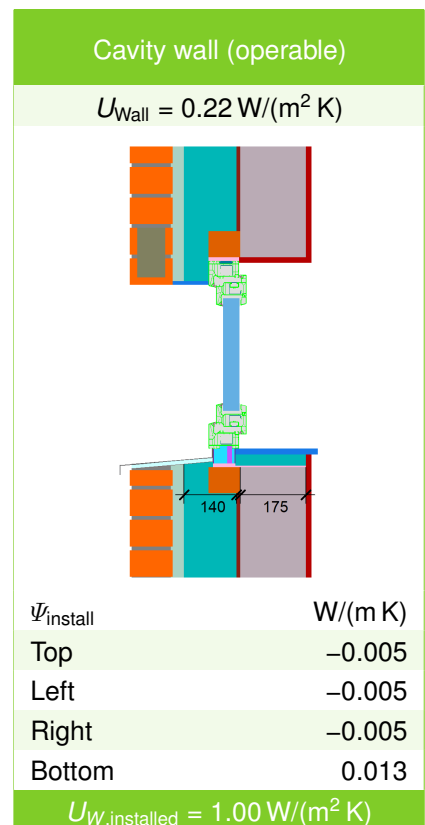
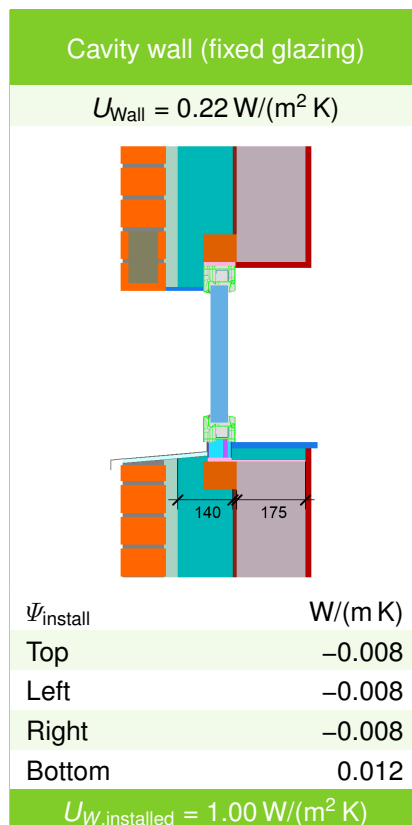
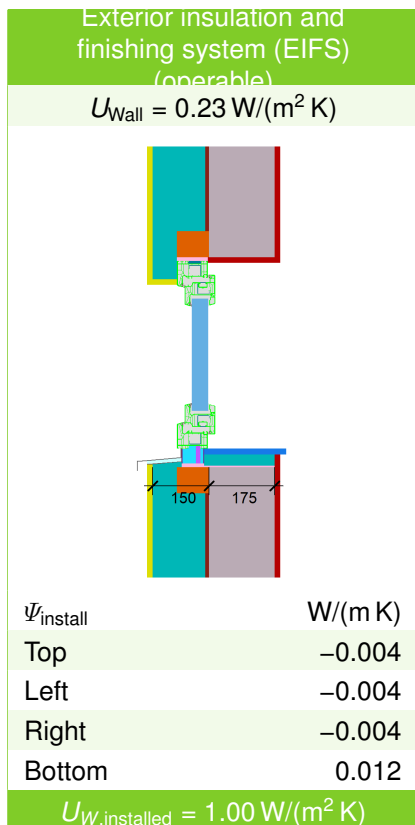
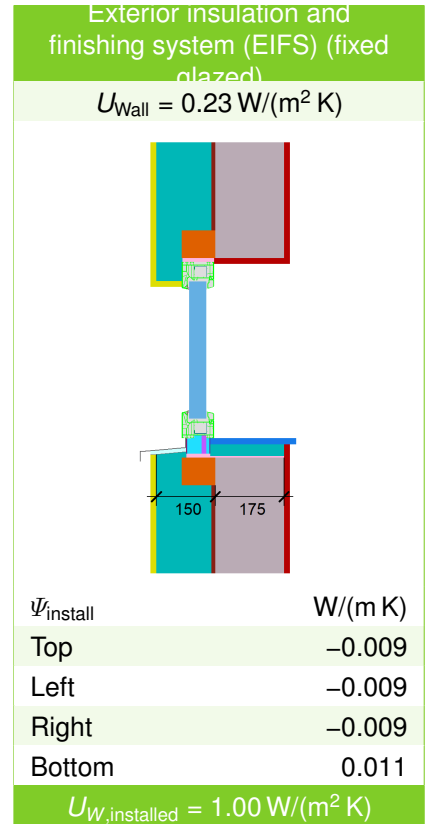
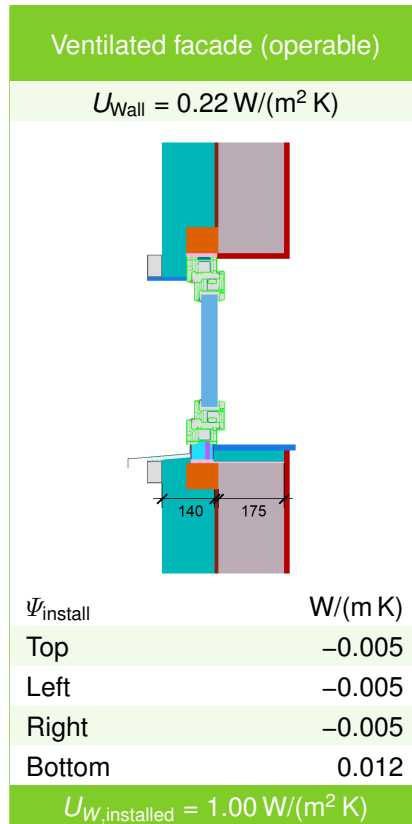
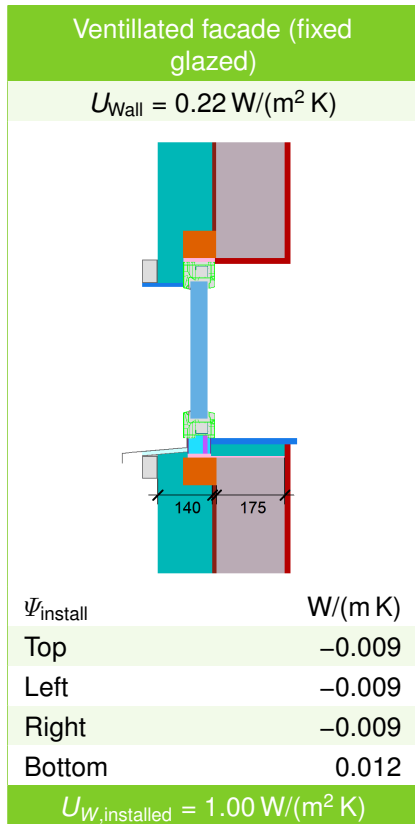
$$U_f = 1.44 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$$

$$\Psi_g = 0.025 \text{ W/(m K)}$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0.66$$

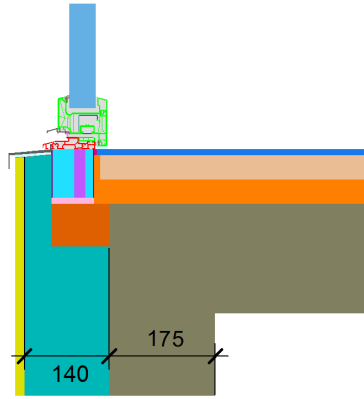


Validated installations



Ext insulation a. finish. s. (EIFS)
threshold ceiling (operable)

$$U_1 = 0.23 \text{ [W/(m}^2 \text{ K)]}$$



$$\Psi_{\text{install}} = 0.03 \text{ W/(m K)}$$

