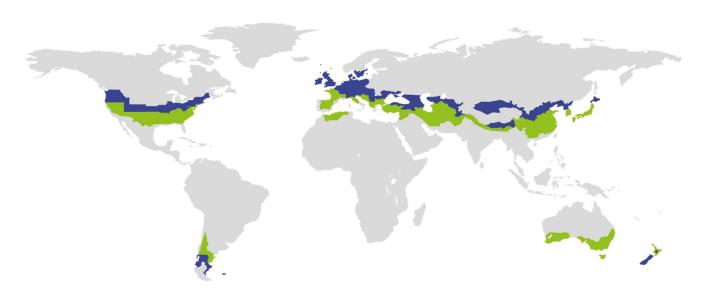
CERTIFICATE

Certified Passive House Component
Component-ID 2177vl03 valid until 31st December 2025

Passive House Institute Dr. Wolfgang Feist 64283 Darmstadt Germany



Category: Air handling unit with heat recovery

Manufacturer: Systemair Production AB

Sweden

Product name: Topvex TR 20

Specification: Airflow rate > 600 m³/h

Heat exchanger: Regenerative

This certificate was awarded based on the product meeting the following main criteria

Heat recovery rate $\eta_{HR} \geq 75 \%$

Specific electric power $P_{\text{el,spec}} \leq 0.45 \text{ Wh/m}^{3/4}$

Leakage < 3 %
Performance number ≥ 10

Comfort Supply air temperature ≥ 16.5 °C

at outdoor air temperature of -10 °C 3)

Airflow range

600-1000 m³/h

at an external pressure of

222 Pa 1)

Requirements non-residential buildings (Therefore also applicable for residential buildings)

Heat recovery rate

 $\eta_{HR} = 82 \%^{2}$

Specific electric power

 $P_{\rm el,spec} = 0.45 \, \mathrm{Wh/m^3}$

Humidity recovery

 $\eta_x = 39 \%$

Performance number

9.3



¹⁾ The real available external pressure with installed filters, internal electrical preheater and shut-off dampers is **169 Pa**. Additional components decrease the available pressure difference accordingly.

²⁾ For residential use, a heat recovery rate of 86% can be applied.

³⁾ Achieved by use of an internal electrical supply air heater.

⁴⁾ In the lower air flow rate the limit value is exceeded with 0.47 Wh/m³

Systemair Production AB

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Humidity recovery

Indoor air humidity can be increased by using a system with moisture recovery in a cool, temperate climate, especially during the winter.

Humidity recovery
$$\eta_x = 39 \%$$

Passive House comfort criterion

The device is not equipped with a preheater coil. To maintain a comfortable supply air temperature at outdoor air temperatures of -10°C, the device is equipped with an electric post-heater coil. Measurements have shown that a supply air temperature of 16.5°C is maintained at an outdoor air temperature of -10°C and an extract air temperature of 21°C.

Efficiency criterion (heat recovery rate)

The effective heat recovery rate is measured at a test facility using balanced mass flows of the outdoor and exhaust air. The boundary conditions for the measurement are documented in the testing procedure.

$$\eta_{HR} = rac{(heta_{ETA} - heta_{EHA}) + rac{P_{el}}{\dot{m} \cdot c_p}}{(heta_{ETA} - heta_{ODA})}$$

with

 η_{HR} Heat recovery rate in % θ_{ETA} Extract air temperature in °C θ_{EHA} Exhaust air temperature in °C θ_{ODA} Outdoor air temperature in °C

 P_{el} Electric power in W \dot{m} Mass flow in kg/h

 c_p Specific heat capacity in Wh/(kg.K)

Heat recovery rate
η_{HR} = 82 %

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In residential use, humidity recovery can have a positive effect on the heating demand by increasing the indoor air humidity. These higher humidity levels will reduce evaporation from building elements and furniture during the heating period and thus have a positive effect on the building's heating demand. In order to account for this effect, the heat recovery efficiency is increased by a certain percentage, depending on the achieved level of moisture recovery (see certification report). The following heat recovery rate can therefore be applied for residential use:

Heat recovery rate for residential use $\eta_{HR} = 86 \%$

Airflow range and external pressure difference

The operational range of the device results from the efficiency criterion (see below). As per the certification criteria for ventilation units > 600 m³/h the applicable pressure differences vary with the nominal range of operation (as declared by the producer) and the application (residential or non-residential building).

The external pressure difference includes all pressure losses of the ventilation system caused by components apart from the tested unit (consisting of casing, heat exchanger and fans). If filters are installed inside of the unit, their pressure losses are to be reduced accordingly. The average filter pressure drop of an operational filter is assumed to be 30% higher than that of the clean filter.

 According to the certification requirements for non-residential buildings the airflow range achieves 600-1000 m³/h at an external pressure difference of 222 Pa. The available pressure difference with installed filters, internal electrical preheater and shut-off dampers is about 169 Pa.

Efficiency criterion (electric power)

The overall electrical power consumption of the device including controllers was measured at the test facility as per the requirements for non-residential buildings at an external pressure difference of 222 Pa.

Specific electric power $P_{\text{el,spec}} = 0.45 \text{ Wh/m}^3$

Performance number

Based on the measured values for the calculation of heat recovery efficiency and power consumption and on the climatic data of central Europe (Gt: 84 kKh, heating time: 5400 h/a), an average performance number at the airflow range was determined.

Performance number
9.3

Leakage

The airtightness of the unit is tested for under pressure and over pressure before the thermodynamic test is conducted. As per the certification criteria the leakage airflows must not exceed 3 % of the average airflow of the device's operating range.

Internal leakage	External leakage
3.0 %	2.35 %

Settings and airflow balance

It must be possible to adjust the balance of airflows at the unit itself (either between the exhaust and the outdoor airflows or between the supply and the extract airflows, if the unit is respectively placed inside or outside of the insulated thermal envelope of the building). Available operation modes are explained in detail in the operation manual.

- Balancing of the airflow rates of the unit is possilbe.
 - ✓ The airflow volumes can be held steady automatically (by measurement of pressure differences inside of the unit and adjusting of the fan speed).
- The standby power consumption of this device makes 17.5 W. The target value of 1 W was exceeded. The device should be equipped with an additional external switch so that it can be disconnected from the mains, if required.
- After a power failure, the device will automatically resume operation (manufacturer information)

Acoustical testing

A ventilation unit > 600 m³/h is assumed to be operated in an installation room, for which sound limits are defined in the applicable regulations. For this device, the following sound level values have been derived from the measurements at an airflow rate **1000 m³/h**:

Casing	Duct			
Casing	Outdoor	Supply	Extract	Exhaust
53 dB(A)	62 dB(A)	70 dB(A)	63 dB(A)	71 dB(A)

 For complying with the required sound level in the supply air and extract air rooms, dimensioning of a suitable silencer is required for the specific project on the basis of the measured sound level.

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Indoor air quality

Instructions for changing of the air filters are documented in the operation manual. This device is equipped with following filter qualities:

Outdoor air filter	Extract air filter
ePM1 60%	ePM10 60%

If the device is not operated during summer, the filter should be replaced before the next operation. The producer of the device has to ensure that based on the latest findings, room air hygiene can be maintained by means of integrated or obligatory components.

For the operation of ventilation systems a strategy for avoiding permanent moisture penetration of the outdoor air filter needs to be considered. The strategies are mentioned in the full report and can be implemented through installation of either an additional component of the ventilation device or on the ventilation site system.

Frosts protection

Appropriate measures should be taken to prevent the heat exchanger and optional downstream hydraulic heater coil from getting damaged by frost during extreme winter temperatures (–15 °C). It must be ensured that the unit's ventilation performance is not affected during frost protection cycles.

- Frosts protection of the heat exchanger:
 - ✓ The device is equipped with a rotary heat exchanger. There is no risk of frost down to -15°C.
- Frost protection of downstream hydraulic heater coils:
 - ✓ The appliance is equipped with an automatic switch-off function to protect a downstream hydraulic heating coil. When the supply air temperature reaches 5°C, the appliance switches off and an error message is displayed.

It should be noted that, due to free circulation, cold air can also lead to freezing – even when the fans are stationary. This can only be ruled out if the air duct is closed (by means of a shutoff flap).

Bypass of the heat recovery

Heat recovery can be bypassed by stopping the rotor. The effectiveness of bypass for night cooling of buildings has not been investigated within the scope of this testing.